THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. VII--No. 90. PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1867. DOUBLE SHEET--THREE CENTS.

FROM EUROPE BY STEAMER.

THE COMING WAR.

A Few Items of Expenditure in Arms and Ammunition.

From the Salut Public of Lyons, April 5.

The quantity of arms which Europe is at this moment engaged in transforming or manufacturing is estimated at 11,000 cannon and 3,200,000 rifles. If the former are valued at 2000 francs each, that gives a sum of 22,000,000 francs, and that is an extremely low price. The rifles, at 40 francs each, represent a sum of one hundred and twenty-eight millions, and that in most countries is far below the actual sum, the Chassepot costing 75 francs, and the Swiss Winchester 100 francs. This amount will therefore probably be exceeded, and as all the accoutrements will also require transformation, this expenditure, which, according to the most moderate calculation, is already twenty-two millions for cannon, and one hundred and twenty-eight for rifles, together one hundred and fifty millions, will certainly be doubled. It will rise to triple, or four hundred and fifty millions, taking into account the munition, powder, lead, cartridges, etc. Let us say, in round numbers, five hundred millions, half a milliard (£20,000,000).

We ask any intelligent man, is it not the most grievous thing possible to see half a milliard thus spent in instruments of war, when the people everywhere are in want of primary schools, apprenticeship instruction, and professional training; when there are the most urgent applications for the execution of roads, bridges, and the most indispensable means of communication?

THE HUNGARIAN CROWN.

Coronation Ceremonial of the Emperor of Austria.

According to a French paper, the ceremonial observed at the coronation of the Kings of Hungary is divided under the following ten heads:—

1. The King prepares for the ceremony by a three days' fast.
2. The coronation can only take place on a Sunday.
3. The King must take the oath publicly.
4. The Bishop prays that the blessing of Heaven may descend on him who is about to be crowned.
5. In the litanies the intercession of the saints is invoked in favor of him who is about to be crowned, and who all the time is kneeling.
6. The bishop annoints the right arm of the king at the wrist, the elbow, and the shoulder.
7. Then commences the solemn mass, which proceeds as far as the epistle, when the bishop takes the sword, and, after a prayer, delivers it to the king, saying, "Gird thee with this sword, but bethink thee that the saints conquered by faith, and not by the sword."
8. He places the crown upon the king's head.
9. He places the sceptre in his hand.
10. He conducts him to the throne, and the mass then proceeds to its close. The Primate of Hungary performs the part of the bishop in this formulary; and as regards the oath which the king takes to preserve the Constitution, that is a point to be settled between the king and the Government.

RUSSIA.

Ministerial Changes—Preparing for Another Cholera Visitation.

St. Petersburg (April 3) Correspondence of Independance Belge.

The reports concerning the resignation of M. Valouieff, Minister of the Interior, have just received an incipient confirmation. His presumed successor, Prince Labanoff Rostoffsky, has been named Deputy Minister of that Department in place of M. Troynitzky, who goes to the Council of State. I hear on good authority that this change coincides with a *conge* granted to M. Valouieff, who is shortly to leave on a foreign journey. It is hoped that when M. Labanoff Rostoffsky shall be definitely appointed he will restore to the province of St. Petersburg its territorial autonomy. There is also a strong probability that the new Minister will take the initiative of a revision of the laws on the press.

M. Nicolas Miloutine has been relieved of his functions of Secretary of State for Poland, which he held only nominally since the terrible malady which deprived him of the vigor required in the occupant of that difficult post.

The cholera seems inclined to repeat its visit of last year. Many cases have appeared in the hospitals. Our society, proud of the brilliant results of its efforts last year, has again set to work. A central committee of succor is already organized under the presidentship of General Trepoff, the Chief of Police, and the private committees dependent on the central one will shortly be opened. Provisional hospitals are also being organized, and, above all, houses of refuge for persons attacked by cholera have been established in different parts of the city, with a very limited number of beds in each. These asylums, by means of which a too great agglomeration of the sick is prevented, rendered signal service last year, and, in the opinion of some medical men, contributed most of all to the prompt extinction of the epidemic.

GOOD FRIDAY.

Services in St. Alban's (English Catholic) Church.

From the N. Y. Evening Post of last evening.

This morning St. Alban's (English Catholic) Church, in Forty-seventh street, near Lexington avenue, was crowded by the regular congregation and those whose curiosity has been awakened in relation to what are somewhat generally supposed to be its "peculiar" services. After the church edifice had been filled, there were several hundred persons, many of them in carriages, who came, and finding no room within were obliged to retire.

The altar, as is usual in other Catholic churches, was stripped of ornaments and draped in black, the drapery of the altar forming a cross. Upon the front of the altar was embroidered a crown of thorns, with a superfrontal, emblematic of the death of Christ.

Soon after half-past ten, the rector, Rev. Charles W. Morrill, entered, followed by Rev. Mr. Noyes and Rev. Dr. Lundy, assistant priests, and all took their appropriate places. The exercises were then begun, and consisted of matins and the litany, sung by Rev. Dr. Noyes, and lessons, which were read by Rev. Dr. Lundy. The Proanaphoral service was said by the rector, who also preached the sermon, which, while pertaining to the specialty of the day, was also calculated to afford a clear impression of the movement within the Episcopal Church, in England, of which the peculiarities of St. Albans are, so to speak, a reverberation, and having as an aim and an end a change in the toneing of the services, by which the objective is to be raised beyond its present generally conceived value as compared with the subjective.

The subject of the sermon by the Rev. Mr. Morrill was, "The Death of Christ," and it was based upon the text:—

"He said it is finished, and He bowed His head and gave up the Ghost."—*St. John, xix, 30.*

The preacher said:—"Throughout Scripture, its length and breadth, *the death of Jesus Christ* is set forth as the one only procuring cause of man's forgiveness, deliverance from the power of sin, Satan, and death; of man's redemption and salvation. In all its various groupings of truths, the central figure is the Lamb of God. All spiritual gifts and blessings are said to be due to the meritorious death of Christ—His cross, passion, blood-shedding." The preacher quoted several passages of Scripture illustrative of this point, and said that, according to sacred Scripture, the cross of Christ was the true altar, and His death a proper sacrifice, vicarious and propitiatory. An apostle said, "We preach Christ crucified." The speaker inquired "How should he not have so spoken? And yet he more than intimates, in all the context, that such preaching—the doctrine of salvation through a slain Redeemer—is likely to prove extremely distasteful and offensive; even the subject of ridicule and contempt to the heart of man. To the Jews it would prove a stumbling-block, as contradicting and thwarting all their carnal expectations of a triumphant national Messiah; to the Greeks, haughty amid their lettered skepticism, it would seem no better than foolishness, as resting on principles unknown to or rejected by the philosophy of the schools; to all, moreover, in every age and country, who, from whatever cause, disbelieve and reject the mystery of the Cross, and so perish, it would likewise appear absurdity and folly."

The preacher said that as humanity defiled itself in the person of Adam, so humanity was cleansed and renewed in the person of the God-Man. Christ took upon Himself the sins, and the curses and sorrows of all; fulfilled the law for us, and by His precious blood-shedding on the cross made a true and perfect sacrifice, propitiation, satisfaction, and atonement for the sins, both original and actual, of the whole world.

The preacher referred to the many instances in the Old Testament where the coming of Christ is foreshadowed, and continued as follows:—"It is clear that the Jewish Church was educated for the sacrifice of Christ, by almost all the rites and ceremonial precepts of the Mosaic law, which constantly preached Jesus Christ and Him crucified. The Israelite was daily reminded of his sinfulness and corruption, by the daily morning and evening sacrifice of a lamb.

"The sanctuary, the special type of heaven, he was not worthy to enter. No atonement could he make for his own transgressions; he knew that he must needs go out of himself. Nor could the priest make atonement except by the shedding of blood of unblemished victims—the efficacy of which lay, of course, in its Christian significance."

The preacher closed by exhorting his hearers to embrace the cross of Christ, which is the only source of salvation.

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon there was another service, which was also largely attended, and at 8 P. M. there are to be special services.

CRIME IN NEW YORK.

Curious Letter from a Burglar.

Recently a bundle, containing a complete set of burglar's tools, consisting of 44 safe, door, and store keys, 12 pick-locks, 23 drills, 3 punches, 10 files, 1 bullet mould, 1 screw-driver, 4 cold chisels, 6 steel hooks, used for opening safes, 1 fine saw, 1 brace and bit, 6 pieces of wax for taking impressions of keys, 1 screw wrench, 1 steel jimmy, and 1 package of powder, was left at the Sixth Precinct Station House for Captain Jourdan, together with the following letter:—

NEW YORK, April 17.—To Captain Jourdan, Esq.—Having been a burglar for the past fifteen years, and always successful with the exception of once, and that being when I fell into your hands, and your being untiring in prosecuting me, I was convicted and sentenced to the State Prison. After serving my time out I thought you would have forgotten me, and there would be nobody to interfere with me. I started again at my old calling, and the first burglary that I intended to commit was frustrated again by you. I tried again and again, and was always met by yourself or your shadow haunting me wherever I went or done. Now I am disgusted with you and thieving in general, therefore I send you through the bearer all my tools, being a selection that many a modern cracksman would be proud to possess. You will find tools there that will open a money-drawer, a chest, or a trunk; tools that will open or burst an iron door; tools that will raise a scuttle or go through a brick wall; and again, tools that will burst any safe in the country. You will find there a good many keys that will open any common lock; and again, keys for the most difficult locks. I make you a present of all, and think you the only man worthy to receive them; because, aside of all, I can only praise your integrity and admire your ingenuity in ferreting out a case. I never saw or heard of your equal, I can assure you. For my part, I will try and earn an honest living, and keep out of your way. Most respectfully yours,

AN OLD OFFENDER.

Examination in the Royal Insurance Bond Robbery Case.

The examination in the case of Robert K. Sterling, who was arrested for having in his possession $5000 worth of United States bonds, a portion of the $200,000 worth stolen from the safe of the Royal Life Insurance Company's office, No. 54 Wall street, on the 10th of December last, was continued yesterday, at the Tombs, before Justice Dowling. Charles H. King testified that in January last he met the accused in Galveston, Texas, and understood that he had been there for two months previous as a Government contractor. Anthony B. McDonald, agent of the company in this city, testified that he had instituted civil proceedings in Canada for the recovery of the stolen bonds against two men whom he believed committed the robbery. Soon after the robbery witness received from a man, whose name he declined to give, $75,000 worth of registered bonds. Counsel for the defense claimed that his client had a right to know from whom the bonds were recovered, as they might have been received from the thieves. Justice Dowling stated that the detectives who had charge of the case were not present, but he would give the accused an opportunity of eliciting all the information he wished in the matter, and would accordingly adjourn the further hearing until Monday, the 29th instant.

Extensive Theft of Bonds by a Book-keeper.

Recently A. H. Foxcroft, a book-keeper, stole from the safe of his employer, Mr. George H. Francis, doing business at No. 24 Warren street, nearly $20,000 in United States bonds, with which he decamped. Detectives Radford and Kelso were given the case, and succeeded in recovering about $10,000 in registered bonds and $1200 in money. Foxcroft has not yet been arrested. He has been in the employ of Mr. Francis for the past two years, and was implicitly trusted by him.

The Brooklyn Garroting Case.

An inquest was yesterday commenced on the body of Mrs. Mary Thompson, who was garroted and robbed at the corner of Lawrence and Willoughby streets, Brooklyn, some nights since. Mrs. Thompson had alighted from a De Kalb avenue car, and was crossing to Fulton avenue, when she was waylaid, robbed, and left insensible on the sidewalk. The inquest yesterday established the fact that the assault, from which Mrs. Thompson subsequently died, was committed by three ruffians whose names and residences had been hitherto unknown. Some new light, however, was yesterday shed upon the transaction, and the Coroner is now confident of bringing the guilty persons to justice. The inquest was adjourned until Monday next.

Stabbing Affray in Williamsburg.

Last night, in Brooklyn, about 8 o'clock, an altercation occurred between two colored men, named John Poole, 23 years of age, and Prime Hamilton, aged 21, when the latter drew a knife and stabbed the former in the left groin and right breast, inflicting terrible and probably fatal wounds. The unfortunate man was taken to his residence, No. 1 Battle row, N. Second street, Brooklyn, E. D., in front of which he was stabbed. Dr. Hallam attended and probed the wounds. He entertained faint hopes of Poole's recovery. Hamilton was arrested about 9 o'clock by Officer Lee, of the Forty-fifth Precinct, and is now locked up to await the result of the bold deed he committed. The negro Rogers was stabbed in the same neighborhood in August last, and his murderer is at large to-day.—*N. Y. Tribune to-day.*

The Peabody Educational Fund.

Dr. B. Sears, General Agent of the Peabody Educational Fund, has issued a circular giving a somewhat detailed statement of the mode in which the Trustees of the Fund propose to apply the noble charity committed to their charge. He says:—

"The direct aim of the agent will be to encourage and aid common schools in the South—that is, schools established, supported, and superintended by the Southern people themselves. Apart from this leading object, the founding and the maintenance of schools will not come within his plan. Usually, appropriations in moderate amounts will be made where such schools are languishing or are liable to be suspended for the want of the means of support. Similar aid, if necessary, will be given in places unsupplied with schools, whenever the citizens shall introduce them, and undertake their support. All such aid, however, is to be regarded as temporary. In selecting schools to be aided, or places to be supplied with them, those will be preferred in which the destitution is greatest and the number to be benefited largest. Normal schools, or schools having normal departments, will receive particular attention. A small number of these, forming the most perfect models of instruction, will be considered as more important than a larger number of inferior character. Here, also, it is the purpose of the agent to aid others in their work and not to assume the support of such schools. Appropriations will be made only when the conditions stipulated between the individual or corporation and the General Agent have been strictly complied with. Funds will not be given to literary or professional schools as such. Applicants will make an estimate of the least possible amount necessary to meet their wants, and report the same at once to Mr. B. Sears, General Agent, or to Mr. John E. Amos, General Travelling Agent, Atlanta, Ga. Special arrangements may sometimes be made with these, for the purpose of encouraging the industrial arts, or for the education of teachers. The agent will not identify his efforts with those of any other organization, by placing funds at the disposal of its managers, but in any connection he may hold with benevolent or religious societies, he will pursue his own specific object by such means and appliances as he shall select. At present there will be no agencies, except a few, in which the services rendered will be gratuitous. The agent will not, except in a few special, exceptional cases, have occasion to employ teachers. He can, therefore, aid such in obtaining places only by giving their names to school committees.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Saturday, April 20, 1867.

The Stock Market opened very dull this morning, but prices were without material change. Government bonds were firmly held. July, 1865, 5-20s sold at 107¼, no change; 109⅞ was bid for 1862 5-20s; 109 for 6s of 1881; 98 for 10-40s; and 105⅝@106 for June and August 7·30s. City loans were in fair demand; the new issue sold at 100½, no change.

Railroad shares were inactive. Catawissa preferred sold at 28⅜@28½, a decline of ⅛; Reading 49 81-100@50, a slight decline; Camden and Amboy at 130⅛@130¾, no change; and Norristown at 60¼, an advance of ¼. 30 was bid for Little Schuylkill; 56½ for Minehill; 32¼ for North Pennsylvania; 57¼ for Lehigh Valley; 30 for Elmira common; 41 for preferred do.; 13 for Catawissa common; 28 for Philadelphia and Erie; and 44 for Northern Central.

City Passenger Railroad shares were unchanged.

Bank shares were in good demand for investment at full prices, but we hear of no sales.

In Canal shares there was very little movement.

Quotations of Gold—10½ A. M., 139; 11 A. M., 139⅛; 12 M., 138⅞; 1 P. M. 138, a decline of 1 on the closing price last evening.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO DAY

Reported by Dehaven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

FIRST BOARD.

$2500 5-20s '65..Jy..cp.....107¾	200 sh Read R.......b30.. 50
$7600 City 6s, New.......100¾	100 do.............49·81
$200 do..New.......100¾	100 do.............49·81
$1000 Pa 5s, maturing. 97	48 sh Leh N............. 53¾
$1000 Al Co cp 5s......... 76¾	11 do.............130¾
$1000 do............... 76¾	20 do.............130½
$322 do...scrip..... 74	10 do.............130½
$2000 Read mt 6s......... 96¾	21 do.............130½
$1000 Sch N 6s, '72........ 90	20 sh Norrist'n.......... 60½
$2000 Phil & Erie 6s,ls. 92	7 do.............. 60¾
200 sh Cata Pf.......s30.. 28½	2 do.............. 60¾

—Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 1 P. M.:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 109@109¼; do. 1862, 109⅞@109⅞; do., 1864, 108@108¼; do., 1865, 108¼@108⅜; do., 1865, new, 107¼@107½; do 5s, 10-40s, 98@98¼; do. 7·30s, August, 105⅞@106⅛; do., June, 105½@105⅝; do., July, 105½@105⅝; Compound Interest Notes, June, 1864, 118⅞@118⅞; do., July, 1864, 118½@118¾; do., Aug. 1864, 117½@117½; do., October, 1864, 116⅛@116⅝; do., Dec., 1864, 115⅝@115⅞; do., May, 1865, 113@113½; do., Aug., 1865, 112@112¼; do., September, 1865, 111½@111⅞; do., October, 1865, 111¼@111½. Gold, 137⅞@138. Silver, 132@134.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, April 20.—There is no demand for Flour, except from the home consumers, who purchased 500 to 600 barrels for immediate use at $8@9 for superfine; $10@11 for extras; $12·75@14·50 for common and choice Northwestern extra family; $13@15 for Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do.; $16·50@17 for California; and $17@17·50 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour is selling at $8·25@8·50. Nothing doing in Corn Meal.

The stock of prime Wheat is exceedingly small, and this description is in good request, but common grades are neglected. Sales of Pennsylvania red at $3·20@3·40, and California at $3·44. 5000 bushels Western rye sold, to arrive, at $1·65. Corn—The receipts are moderate, the demand good, and prices steady. Sales of 8000 bushels yellow at $1·25 in store, from the cars, and afloat. Oats are quiet and lower. Sales of 2000 bushels at 74@76c.

No transactions are reported in either Barley or Malt.

Cloverseed attracts but little attention. Sales at $9@9·50 per 64 lbs. Timothy ranges from $3·25 to $3·50. Flaxseed is selling at $3@3·05.

Whisky—The "contraband" article is scarce, and commands $1·60@1·70.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.........................APRIL 20

STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

7 A. M...............58 | 11 A. M...............70 | 2 P. M...............65

For additional Marine News see Third Page.

CLEARED THIS MORNING.

Brig Mary J. Goddard, Goddard, St. John, N. B., Warren, Gregg & Morris.
Schr A. H. Leaming, Ludlam, Galveston, D. S. Stetson & Co.
Schr James Buchanan, Kallahan, Washington, J. R. Tomlinson.
Schr Chary M. Terry, Chincoteague, Jos. Lucy.
Schr Lamartine, Hill, Saco, J. Dovey & Son.
Schr Jas. Satterthwaite, Long, Boston, Day, Huddell & Co.
Schr S. J. Vaughan, Vaughan, Boston, L. Audenried & Co.
Schr Alabama, Van Gilder, Roxbury, do.
Schr H. P. Simmons, Corson, do. do.
Schr E. and L. Cordery, Babcock, Salem, Rommell & Hunter.
Schr C. Hill, Cheeseman, East Cambridge, Hammett & Neal.
Schr E. H. Atwood, Higgins, Beverly, Audenried, Norton & Co.
Schr John Shay, Vaughan, Boston, New York and Schuylkill Coal Co.
Schr Northern Light, Ireland, Providence, Sinnickson & Co.
Schr T. Sinnickson, Dickerson, Salem, do.
Schr Bowdoin, Randall, Machiasport, Quintard, Ward & Co.
Schr Caroline, McClintock, Millville, W. H. Johns & Bro.
Schr Essex, Nickerson, Boston, Blakiston, Graeff & Co.
Schr Addie M. Bird, Merrill, Boston, do.
St'r Diamond State, Talbot, Baltimore, J. D. Ruoff.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Schr E. M. Chadwick, Coan, 55 days from Messina, with fruit to S. S. Scatterwood & Co.
Schr A. A. Andrew, Kelly, 4 days from New Bedford, with mdse. to Crowell & Collins.
Schr E. and L. Cordery, Babcock, from Great Egg Harbor.
Schr H. P. Simmons, Corson, from Rockport.
Schr Essex, Nickerson, from Boston.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.

LEWES, Del., April 18—8 P. M.—The barques Argo, from New York, and Roanoke, from Porto Cabello, both for Philadelphia, are off the Capes, beating in. Brig J. Coffill, from Windsor, N. S., passed in this morning.

Schrs Kate Wentworth, from Cienfuegos for Philadelphia, and John M. Richards, from Darien for New Haven, are at the Breakwater.

Brigs George S. Berry, for Key West, and Kossack, for Sombrero, both from Philadelphia, went to sea to-day. Wind NW. JOSEPH LAFETRA.

MEMORANDA.

Ships C. Davenport, Stevens, for Philadelphia 10th, and Tuscarora, Rowland, for do. 12th, were advertised at Liverpool 6th inst.
Steamship Delaware, for Philadelphia 24th, was up at Liverpool 6th inst.
Barque Nora, Johnson, from London Jan. 31 for Philadelphia, put into Bermuda 3d inst., with loss of spars, and leaking.
Schr L. Beard, Perry, for Philadelphia, cleared at Boston 18th inst.
Schr J. B. Bartlett, Harris, for Philadelphia, sailed from Bristol 17th inst.
Schr Mail, Merrill, hence, at Gardiner 15th inst.
Schr J. B. Johnson, Smith, hence, at Newport 18th instant.
Schr W. B. Mann, Stanford, from Indianola; at New York yesterday.
Schrs S. B. Wheeler, McLaughlin, and Ocean Wave, Baker, for Philadelphia, sailed from Providence 18th instant.
Schr A. Hugel, Robinson, for Philadelphia, sailed from New Bedford 18th inst.
Schr W. P. Cox, Houck, hence, Newp 7th inst.

THIRD EDITION

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

Health of Archbishop Spalding—General Wool's Trial, Etc.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.]

BALTIMORE, April 20.—Archbishop Spalding is slightly improved this morning, but is still very low, and not out of danger. Four doctors are in constant attendance.

General Wool's trial is again progressing. Witnesses for the defense are now under examination and the General is present.

From Cincinnati—Message of the New Mayor.

CINCINNATI, April 20.—Mayor Wilstach delivered his first message to the City Council yesterday.

The net receipts of the city for the year ending March 1, 1867, were $2,738,735. Expenditures, $2,471 355; leaving a balance in the treasury of $262 380. The debt of the city is $3 279,300; and the assets $10,389,663. The deaths from all causes for the year ending the 28th ult., were 5994; of which 2033 were from cholera. The Mayor recommends a liberal but economical policy in reference to parks, pure water, public buildings and avenues, and increased wharfage facilities, and the necessity of cleanliness throughout the city, in view of the probable return of cholera. He also advocates the condemnation of all property fronting on the river from Main street to Mill Creek for wharfage purposes, and recommends an increase of the regular and sanitary police forces.

The Prize Ring—Another Fight Between Bernard and Drew.

ST. LOUIS, April 19.—Preliminary arrangements have just been completed for another prize-ring contest between Frank Drew and John Bernard. The stakes are to be $500, and the affair will take place within six weeks' time. The previous meeting of these men took place on the 30th of March last, in Kansas, nearly opposite St. Joseph, Missouri. Their respective fighting weight at that time was, Bernard one hundred and thirty-two, and Drew one hundred and twenty-eight. One hundred and sixty-five rounds were fought, when Drew was declared the winner. Bernard was dissatisfied with the result, and claimed a repetition of the fight, and Drew, in an accommodating spirit, has decided to accede to his request.

Freshet in the Missouri River.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, April 19.—The Missouri river is higher than at any time since 1844, and the water is still rising. Farmers in the bottoms are moving back. Everything movable is swept away. Two miles of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, between Wyandotte and Kansas City, have been abandoned, and passengers are transferred by boat. The Omaha Union Pacific Railroad track is covered with water for miles, and so badly damaged that it will be several weeks before trains can run through.

Arrest of a Fugitive from Justice.

SARATOGA, N. Y., April 20.—Benjamin Hogan, who is charged with shooting some men in Babylon, in the Pennsylvania oil region, last summer, was arrested here yesterday by Officer Case, who had been here for a week hunting for him. A large reward was offered for his arrest. He has been committed to jail to await a requisition.

Arrival of the Mississippi.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The steamer Mississippi has arrived from Havre. Her advices have been anticipated.

Will of the Late Dr. Simeon Abrahams.

Dr. Abrahams leaves behind him a bright example for rich men to imitate. After spending a life of the greatest frugality, temperance, and industry, he so directs the distribution of his accumulated means (amounting to not less than $300,000), that the entire sum falls at last into the lap of charity. The only seeming exception to this is the amount awarded to the executors for services to be rendered, which may very properly be classed under the head of expenses. It will be perceived that that most worthy charity, the New York Hospital, receives a large share of his beneficence.

Though of the Jewish persuasion, he never was sectarian in his charities or his good-will; and in his endeavors to confer a benefit he never stopped to consider whether the recipient was Jew or Gentile.

His acts of disinterested kindness were numberless. Even in the distribution of his means in a business way, he always adhered to principles which were most likely to benefit those with whom he dealt. No single individual in the city of New York ever held more small bonds and mortgages than he. While rich men generally deprecate the idea of investing their means in small sums, Dr. Abrahams made it a principle, if a poor man needed his means for the purpose of improving a lot in some out-of-the-way place, to advance it to him in sums of $500 or $1000, in preference to loaning it in larger sums to those who would find less difficulty in obtaining them. In numberless instances, too, when such applications have been made, and the means not at hand, and the need urgent, has he deposited securities and borrowed at bank to accommodate his needy applicants. His kindness to them did not end here, for while he was ever ready to lend them, he was as willing to receive the payments in small amounts of $50 and upwards, as the ability of his beneficiaries enabled them to make them.

The record of such a man's life is worth much to the public, and a strong inducement for others to imitate it.

There is no doubt but that Dr. Abrahams was greatly influenced by the example set him by one of our most esteemed and late fellow-citizens, Anson G. Phelps, to follow it. In reading the record of Mr. Phelps will be remarked, "There is a man worthy of his country, and one who has lived to do good, and I mean to follow his example." His death reveals the fact that he has truthfully kept his promise by thus widely extending his charities where they were most needed.

The large amount awarded to the Old Ladies' Home, in Twentieth street ($20,000), was greatly out of respect to the memory of Mr. Phelps, who was one of its founders and most earnest supporter while he lived.

Dr. Abrahams was only in his 58th year, and was born in the city of New York, where none was better known and respected, or more frequently resorted to for counsel and advice. After accumulating his means, he traveled through the United States and Europe, and the entire of the Holy Land, and was one of the very first Hebrew scholars of the country, and could write the language with greater facility than any other.

The following is a list of his bequests:—Directs his body to be disposed of for scientific purposes, or for burial according to the wish of his family; gives directions to pay all his debts immediately; to his brother Benjamin, during life, the income of $50,000; to his sister, Mrs. Dyer, during life, the income of $30,000; Hebrew Benevolent Society, $25,000; Jews' Hospital, $25,000; Lying-in-Asylum, Marion street, $5000; American Female Guardian Society, $5000; Orphan Asylum, Bloomingdale, $5000; Eye and Ear Infirmary, $3000; Firemen's Fund Association, $1000; Deaf and Dumb Institution, $3000; Old Ladies' Home, Twentieth street, $20,000; Blind Asylum, Ninth avenue, $5000; Juvenile for Asylum Reformation of Delinquents, $2000; New York Dispensary, $1000; Northern Dispensary, $1000; Eastern Dispensary, $1000; Demilt Dispensary, 1000; Western Dispensary, $1000; Northeastern Dispensary, $1000; Northwestern Dispensary, $1000; New York Opthalmic Hospital, $2000; Juvenile Asylum, $3000; New York Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Medical Men, $5000; Nursery and Child's Hospital, $3000; Colored Home, $5000; Association for Benefit of Colored Orphans, $5000. Each executor who shall qualify (three in number, $1000), $3000, in addition to his regular fees. Total, $210,000. The use of house and lot to his brother and sister during their lives, with all taxes, assessments, water rents, etc., paid. All the rest, residue and remainder of his property to the New York Hospital; to which institution he also gives all the property of which his brother and sister have the use while living (house included), after their death; appoints Benjamin Abrahams, John H. Riker, and Samuel Riker, executors.—*New York Tribune.*

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, April 20

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

BETWEEN BOARDS.

$1000 City 6s, New.......100¾	$1000 Pa 5s, past due....100¾
$1000 do..New......100¾	$1500 Pa 6s, 2d series...101¾
$1700 do..New..ls..100¾	200 sh Cata Pf.......s60.. 28½
$500 do..New..2d..100¾	15 sh 10th & 11th........ 65
$800 do...mun..ls.100¾	10 do............... 65
$1500 5-20s '65..Jy..rg....107¾	11 sh Norrist'n R...... 60¾
$5000 Am Gold..s15flat.137¾	100 sh Read R......s10.. 49¾
$2000 N Y & E 2 mt bds, '79..........100¼	200 do.........2d.. 50
	300 do. Wed'day 49¾

SECOND BOARD.

$200 City 6s, New.........100¾	100 sh Cata Pf.......b30.. 28¾
$300 do..New.......100¾	100 do.........b30.. 28¾
$1000 Read mt 6s...... .... 96¾	100 sh Penna R...d b.... 56¾

FOURTH EDITION

LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.]

WASHINGTON, April 20.

The President at the Capitol.

President Johnson, Secretary Stanton, Postmaster-General Randall, and General Grant are in the President's room, near the Senate Chamber, and new nominations will be sent in for several of the vacant places, the nominees for which are being rejected to-day. It is hardly probable that the nomination of Governor Raymond and Mr. Franklin will be taken from the table, although the more radical Senators desire to reject both.

Rejected.

Green Adams has been rejected for Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth District of Pennsylvania.

Universal Suffrage in the North.

Thaddeus Stevens is engaged in preparing an argument in favor of Mr. Sumner's bill removing all discriminations on account of color in the exercise of the elective franchise. This bill settles the question in the Northern States by act of Congress. Mr. Stevens agrees with Mr. Sumner in settling this question under the Constitutional amendment, without waiting.

Marshal for Louisiana.

General Herron was confirmed last night as Marshal of Louisiana, by a vote of 20 to 13.

About to Adjourn.

The President is sending in nominations rapidly, and the Senate will certainly adjourn at 4 o'clock.

The Philadelphia Nominations.

General Dewitt Clinton Baxter has been nominated for Surveyor, and Major William Harbeson for Naval Officer of the Port of Philadelphia. They will both be confirmed, it is thought.

[BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Nominations for Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The President nominated to the Senate to-day William Harbeson as Surveyor of Customs, and De Witt C. Baxter as Naval Officer at the port of Philadelphia. Green Adams, of Kentucky (?), as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth District of Pennsylvania, and A. J. Lippett, of Connecticut, as Consul-General at Havana.

Fire at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, April 20.—About 2 o'clock this morning the New York and Erie Elevator, owned by George W. Tifft, was totally destroyed by fire. The building was valued at $90,000, and was only insured for $58,000. It contained 143,000 bushels of oats, valued at over $135,000. The fire is supposed to have originated from the friction of the machinery. The elevator was worked till 9 o'clock last night. The building was leased by A. J. Holt and Cyrus Clarke, of this city, for eight years. The building and grain was insured in the New York, Brooklyn, Hartford, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Providence, Baltimore, Toledo and Springfield, and Philadelphia Companies. The total loss is $250,000.

Three men were killed by the falling of the wall this morning during the fire.

Fire in New York—Loss, $20,000.

NEW YORK, April 20.—About 4 o'clock this morning a fire occurred on the fourth floor in the rear of the buildings, Nos. 56, 58, and 62 West Thirteenth street, occupied as a picture frame manufactory by E. H. Purdy & Co., and owned by Messrs. Serle & Williams. The stock was damaged to the extent of from $15,000 to $20,000, and is fully covered by insurance. The injury done to the building amounts to about $2000, and was fully insured. The fire is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary.

Fire at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, April 20.—A fire this morning destroyed the houses of Gallagher and Murray, also the cabinet shop of Mr. Davis. Loss, $4000.

The ice in the Ottawa river is breaking up. The Rideau river and canal is free of ice.

The discount on American invoices for the ensuing week is 25 per cent.

In consequence of the reappearance of the Rinderpest in England, the Custom House Department orders and restrictions applied last year are to be again enforced, to prevent the introduction of the plague.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, April 20.—Cotton dull at 25c. Flour dull and declining; 5000 barrels sold—State, $10·15@13·40; Ohio, $12·25@14·75; Western, $10·15@14·70; Southern, $12@17·50. Wheat dull; quotations nominal; 7000 bushels sold; Amber 2·17½. Corn quiet and firm; mixed Western, $1·30@1·31. Oats firm and unchanged. Rye dull; 2000 bushels sold at 148. Pork heavy and lower; sales of new mess at $22·70@22·85. Lard firm at 12¾@13¾c.

NEW YORK, April 20.—Stocks active. Chicago and Rock Island, 85½; Reading, 99¾; Canton, 41¾; Erie, 55⅝; Cleveland and Toledo, 111; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 67½; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 91½; Michigan Central, 107¾; Michigan Southern, 64¾; New York Central, 96⅛; Illinois Central, 112½; Cumberland preferred, 128; Hudson River, 90; United States Five-twenties of 1862, 109¾; do. 1864, 108⅛; do. 1865, 108¾; new issue, 107½; Ten-forties, 98⅛; Seven-thirties, first issue, 106; all others, 105¼. Gold, 138½. Money at 6 per cent.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

HEARING BEFORE UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER SEARGENT.—Louis Wolfinger was charged with selling counterfeit money. He was arrested at the Black Horse Hotel, Second and Callowhill streets, by Officer Adam Trefts, and was held in $1500 bail to appear at Court.

Julia McLoughlin, Patrick Boyle, and John Dougherty were charged with swearing falsely to obtain a Government pension. They were each held in $1000 bail for a further hearing.

LARCENIES.—Charles Young was arrested last evening, by Detective Henderson, at Twentieth and Chesnut street. He is charged with stealing $200 from Charles Fortner, on the 15th of January last. The detectives have been on the lookout for him since, but he has been absent from the city, and returning this week, got on a spree, and was in an inebriated condition when captured. He will have a hearing to-day.

LARCENY OF SHAWLS, ETC.—Annie Price, employed as a domestic at the residence of Charles Stokes, at Edgewater, on the Delaware, was arrested this morning, by Reserve Benkert, for the larceny of some hoop-skirts, and a silver watch, an old family relic. She was committed, in default of $600 bail, by Alderman Beitler for a further hearing.

JEROLD W. DULTEN, Chief Clerk in Helmbold's patent medicine store, was arrested this morning. It is alleged he appropriated $600 of that gentleman's money. Some time since he took $200, but was forgiven. He was arrested by Reserve Officer Henderson. A hearing will be had in the case at the Central Station to-day.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—William H. Lewis was arrested last evening for committing an assault and battery, with a knife, on Nelley Lodge, an inmate of a disreputable house on Third street, below Chesnut. He was committed in default of $600 bail, by Recorder Enue.

ATTEMPT TO DEFRAUD.—Herman Claudius was arrested this morning by Constable R. R. Smith, for concealing property with intent to defraud Crouse, Emerick & Co. He was held in $1000 bail for a further hearing by Recorder Eneu.

STEALING BUTTER, ETC.—Officer Reeder took into custody this morning Mary Truegan, a German woman, for purloining meat, butter, etc., from the Second Street Market. She had a preliminary hearing before Alderman Hurley, and was committed for a further hearing.

EASTER.

The Customs and Traditions of the Festival—How it is Now Celebrated in Different Parts of the World.

How it Will be Observed in the City To-Morrow.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

The Origin of the Word "Easter" is involved in considerable doubt, and as is usual under such circumstances, the antiquarians have puzzled themselves exceedingly in order to discover its true source and meaning. By some of these disputants it is said to be derived from *Eostre*, the name by which one of the old Saxon deities was known. The feast of *Eostre* was formerly celebrated in the spring of the year, somewhere about the time of the great Christian festival in honor of the resurrection of our Saviour; and it is claimed that, when the character of the feast was changed from pagan to Christian, the old name was still retained. By some authorities the word is derived from the Anglo-Saxon *Yst*,—a storm—from the stormy character of this season of the year, while by other authorities it is maintained that the word is derived from *Oster*, which signifies "rising;" and as the rising of Christ from the dead is the circumstance in commemoration of which the festival is kept, this last supposition derives additional weight therefrom.

In addition to this dispute concerning the origin of the term, there has been a long-standing disagreement as to

When Easter Shall be Kept.

This great question at one time convulsed the Christian world. By the churches of Asia Minor, the Paschal Feast was kept on the same day as the Jewish Passover—the 14th of Nisan, the month in the Jewish calendar which corresponds to our March or April. But, as the resurrection of Christ took place on the first day of the week, the Western Churches commemorated it on the Sunday following the 14th of Nisan, thereby disclaiming all connection whatever with the detested festivals of the Jews, as well as causing Easter to coincide with the precise day of the resurrection. During the second century the dispute concerning the proper day became quite warm, and, finally, towards its close, Bishop Victor of Rome sent to the heads of the Eastern churches a peremptory letter ordering them to observe Easter on the day that was customary in the Western churches. But the Eastern prelates were found to be in anything but a yielding mood, and the dispute remained unsettled, becoming more and more bitter as time elapsed. Then came the schism between the two branches of the Christian Church; and after that all who insisted on observing Easter on the 14th of the month Nisan, whether it chanced to be Sunday or any other day in the week, were denominated by their opponents *Quartodecimans*.

The imperfection of the Jewish calendar was at the bottom of all this strife. Their year contained but twelve months, of twenty-nine and thirty days each, alternately, making in all but 354. A thirteenth month of thirty days was intercalated every third year, to make up the annual deficiency of eleven days; but this still kept them in advance of the true period in the solar year, the Passover being frequently observed before the Vernal Equinox. This was particularly obnoxious to the Christians of the West, as by them the Vernal Equinox was regarded as the natural commencement of the year, and they were quite unwilling to celebrate Easter twice within one year and omit it altogether in the next, as was frequently done by the Eastern churches. To avoid any such dilemma, the fifth of the Apostolic canons decreed that any bishop, priest, or deacon who celebrated the holy feast of Easter before the Vernal Equinox should be forthwith deposed.

The Emperor Constantine found the controversy on this point so warm at the beginning of the fourth century, that he resolved to put an end to it, and secure future uniformity, at one and the same time. Through his influence a canon was adopted by the Œcumenical Council of Nice, in the year A. D. 325, to the effect that everywhere the great feast of Easter should be observed upon one and the same day, which day should be the Sunday following the Jewish Passover. To prevent any possible chance of dispute as to the time, it was likewise decreed that the 21st day of March should be accounted the Vernal Equinox; that the full moon happening upon or next after the 21st of March should be taken for the full moon of Nisan; that the Lord's-day next following that full moon should be Easter-day; and that if the full moon should happen upon a Sunday, Easter-day should be the Sunday after.

But even this did not settle the difficulty, although, out of consideration for the supposed excellence of the Egyptians in the science of the stars, the Bishop of Alexandria was appointed to give due notice to the Christian world of the proper time for the celebration of the paschal feast. During the next age, recourse was had to the golden numbers of the Metonic cycle, according to which the moon returned for her changes to the same month and day of the solar year once in a period or cycle of nineteen years. But although the changes of the moon happened on the same month and day at periods nineteen years distant from each other, it was found that these changes took place one hour earlier in the day during each succeeding cycle, and in this way the whole arrangement was again thrown out of order. A cycle of 84 years was then adopted, and generally accepted by the Western churches, it being supposed that this would bring the changes of the moon not only on the same day of the month, but of the week also. At the fourth Council of Orleans, A. D. 541, the Victorean period of 532 years was adopted, and observed thereafter by the Western churches. From this rule, however, those of Great Britain and Ireland departed, and continued to observe their Easter according to the Alexandrian rule, by which the festival could not begin before the 8th of March, while according to the one followed on the Continent it sometimes happened as early as the 5th of the month. This gave rise to such a divergence that the Britons were sometimes called *Quartodecimans*, and were therefore supposed to be tainted with Judaism, the worst possible form of heresy. The discrepancy was finally removed in the year A. D. 664, when Oswy, King of Northumbria, at a council of the contending parties, decided against the British practice, and in favor of that pursued at Rome.

The result of an examination of this great controversy is anything but satisfactory; but its importance will be readily assented to, when it is remembered that upon its settlement depends the time for celebrating the movable feasts and fasts of the year, all of which are regulated by the Easter festival.

The rule now followed is thus laid down in the Prayer-book of the Protestant Episcopal Church:—

"Easter-day is always the first Sunday after the full moon which happens upon or next after the 21st day of March; and if the full moon happens upon a Sunday, Easter-day is the Sunday after."

The Customs of Easter Week vary considerably in different parts of the Christian world. In this country the most popular one is associated with the eating of eggs. On Easter morning people usually consider themselves in duty bound to consume as many of these delectable articles of food as their capacity will admit of. The young folks, more especially in the rural districts, make elaborate preparations beforehand for the feast by slily hiding, from time to time, as many as they canpossibly lay hands on. In addition to those which are prepared for the table, numbers are boiled until they are as hard as stones, and colored in the most fantastic manner. Provided with a pocket full of these, the urchin sallies forth, and, encountering another who has a similar store, the operation of "picking" commences, the eggs whose shells receive the first fracture becoming a forfeit, out of compliment to the excessive hardness of their opponents.

In England this and similar customs were formerly universal, but now they are ignored by all except the children and the peasantry of some sections. Other peculiar customs prevail, however, to a considerable extent in different sections of the kingdom. Thus, in the counties of Stafford, Warwick, Lancaster and Cheshire, the process of "lifting" or "heaving" is extensively practised. On Monday the women, and on Tuesday the men, undergo the operation of being lifted up two or three times, and often of being carried a considerable distance, by those of the opposite sex, who join their hands across each other's wrists, by way of a seat. In the county of Durham, the men claim the high honor of unlacing the women's shoes on Monday, and the latter reciprocate this delicate attention on the following day. In days of old it was a universal custom for both the clergy and people to play at ball in the churches for tansy cakes. These cakes were flavored with the bitter and strongly scented *Tanecetum vulgare*, or common tansy, as a symbol of the herbs of the paschal feast. At the commencement of the Antiphon, the bishops and deans threw the ball to the choristers, by whom it was passed back and forth, the bishops and deans meanwhile dancing in their merriest style. Then came the feast, of which a gammon of bacon formed a part, to express a lively abhorrence of the Jews. Commemorative of these customs, we have the following stanza of an old poem:—

"At football, Lucia, let us play,
For sugar, cakes, or wine;
Or for a tansy let us pay,
The loss be thine or mine.
If thou, my dear, a winner be
At trundling of the ball,
The wager thou shalt have, and me,
And my misfortunes all."

This somewhat sacrilegious custom is no longer in vogue, but in some parts of England tansy cakes and tansy puddings are still favorites on the table at Easter. In the counties of Devon and Dorset, the parish clerk is accustomed to carry around to each house, after divine service on Good Friday, an Easter offering in the form of very thin cakes with a mingling of bitter and sweet in their taste, in return for which he is recompensed according to the means or disposition of the recipients. During the last century it was the custom of the parish of Biddenden, Kent, to distribute a large number of cakes and loaves of bread, together with a quantity of cheese, among the poor, on the afternoon of Easter Sunday. This distribution was supported by an old endowment of twenty acres, called the "Bread and Cheese Lands."

The Easter Customs of Chester.

But in the ancient and curious city of Chester the Easter festivities were more elaborate than at any other place in the kingdom. In early times, on Easter Monday, the Mayor and other corporate authorities, together with the members of the twenty guilds, went forth in solemn procession to the Rood-eye, or meadow, to engage in the dignified game of football. The ceremonies commenced with the presentation by the guild of shoemakers of a football of the value of "three and fourpence or above," which was received by the Mayor, as he stood before a high cross in the centre of the meadow, equipped with his sword, mace, and cap of maintenance. The game then began, but we are told that frequently "greate strife did arise among the younge persons of the same cittie:" and to avoid this, in the days of Henry VIII the old custom was done away with, and various other ceremonies instituted in its stead. One of these consisted in a presentation by the shoemakers to the drapers of six gleaves or silver hand-darts, to be awarded to the most successful in a foot-race. The saddlers, likewise, mounted on horseback and splendidly accoutred, each one bearing a spear with a wooden ball, which was decorated with arms and flowers, sallied forth and presented to the Mayor a silver bell, which was intended as a "rewarde for that horse which with speedy runninge should run before all others."

In these right merry days the practice of archery was also indulged in, the reward for the best shot being provided by the recent bridegrooms of the city, and consisting of a handsome silver arrow. When this custom first originated it consisted in a shooting match between the two Sheriffs for a breakfast of calves' head and bacon. The affair was conducted with due solemnity, a proclamation being sounded through the city, in response to which the youthful athletes all repaired to the Rood-eye, where the Sheriffs selected their champions in turn, until they numbered twelve-score. The shooting over, the winners started in procession to the Town Hall to partake of the feast, each one bearing his arrow in his hand, while the losers followed, with their bows alone. In 1640, however, a foot-race for a piece of plate was substituted for the breakfast of calves' head. But in 1674 it was decided that the latter was established by ancient usage, and could not thus be done away with at the option of the sheriffs, who were, on a subsequent occasion, fined ten pounds for not complying with the decision. The custom of "lifting" was also extensively practised, a chair being used for the purpose, which was lined with rich white silk, and ornamented with garlands and streamers.

In addition to these customs, the churches were adorned like the theatres, and great crowds of people frequented them to view a sepulchre representing the entombment of the Saviour. It was at this time generally believed that the second coming of our Lord would be on the eve of Easter-day, and the sepulchre was watched throughout the night until 3 o'clock in the morning. At that hour the two eldest monks entered, and took out a beautiful image of the Resurrection, which, during the singing of the anthem, *Christus resurgens*, was elevated before the worshipping throng. It was then placed upon the high altar, and covered by a canopy of velvet, and a procession being formed, the image was carried around the exterior of the church, amid the glare of torches, and accompanied by singing, shouting, and praying. Returning to the high altar, the image was again deposited upon it, there to remain until Ascension-day.

Easter Among the Tyrolese

is still celebrated in a very primitive, but very impressive manner. The hardy people who inhabit the Vorarlberg mountains have as yet been scarcely affected by the civilization by which they are surrounded on all sides. They still preserve a free and independent spirit, ignoring the polite habits, as well as the follies, of their neighbors. When they were for the first time subjected to the surveillance of a police, less than twenty years ago, the remonstrances were loud and deep, and it was proclaimed, happily with a great deal of truth, that there was no necessity for the innovation, as robbery and murder were outgrowths of civilization entirely unknown to them.

It is natural that such a people should profess the most implicit belief in all the dogmas of the Church. They accordingly honor the Easter season with all reverence, as the anniversary of the resurrection of our Lord, which by them is regarded as the most tangible proof of revelation. The manner in which they celebrate this event is somewhat peculiar. The Tyrolese have always been noted for their cultivation of music, and on the evening preceding Easter Sunday every valley in their wildly mountainous country is traversed by bands of singers, who chant their beautiful Easter carols, to the accompaniment of the guitar.

The people flock to the doors of their cottages to listen to the merry strains, and join with the minstrels in singing the choruses. The singers have an exceedingly grotesque appearance imparted to them by their wide-brimmed Spanish sombreros, trimmed with garlands. The children follow them in troops, and when the dusk of eve approaches, these last light up the scene of their journeys with the glare of pine-wood torches. The good woman of each house always has on hand an assortment of hard-boiled eggs, some of them variegated with the brightest colors, and others imprinted with appropriate mottoes, which are brought forth and distributed at the close of the musical entertainment; while wine is likewise furnished freely at the houses of the more wealthy farmers.

Easter Sunday at Rome.

The morning of Easter Sunday at Rome heralds a season of great rejoicing, in honor of the resurrection and new life of Him whose Passion on the Cross has been the occasion of such impressive solemnities during the preceding week. Preparations for the ceremonials of the day have been progressing for some time past, and everything is conducted in the most imposing manner. With the break of day the great guns of St. Angelo proclaim in their loudest tones the joy which should fill the hearts of men. As early as 7 o'clock in the morning the people begin to assemble at St. Peter's, going thither in numberless carriages. The great Cathedral is magnificently decorated, the altars being loaded with ornaments, while the lights around the tomb and image of the Patron Saint of the Christian world are in full blaze, after their temporary extinction.

The mass is celebrated by the Holy Father in person, with the most impressive and solemn accompaniments. Seating himself in the *sedia Gestatoria*, or chair of state, he is borne from a hall in the Vatican into the body of the church. His robes are blazing with ornaments of gold; on his brow he wears the gilded triple crown or tiara, to represent both spiritual and temporal power, and a union of the two; on either side is borne a large fan of ostrich feathers, embellished with the "eyes" of peacock feathers, to signify the vigilance of the Church; and over all is a rich canopy of fringed silk.

After the Pontifical High Mass is concluded, with the same ceremony, and to the sound of music, the Holy Father is borne back through the crowd which fills the church, when he appears on the balcony immediately over the main entrance. Rising from his chair of state, in the midst of the highest dignitaries of the Church, he pronounces the Papal benediction, accompanied with the granting of indulgences and absolution.

The crowd which assembles in front of St. Peter's, to witness this ceremony, which is the most imposing of all those at this season of the year, is very great—more especially under the balcony, where there is a great scramble for the copies of the Latin prayers uttered on this occasion, which are then distributed among the people. A few years ago, in addition to the customary multitude, there were likewise present at this ceremony ten thousand French troops. The day is closed with a brilliant illumination of the dome and other portions of the great Cathedral.

Easter Sunday in the City.

As is always the custom, to-morrow (Easter Sunday) will be duly observed in this city by appropriate ceremonies at all the Catholic and Episcopal churches. The main attraction of the day, however, will be found at the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul. In addition to the celebration of the Pontifical High Mass by the Right Rev. Bishop Wood, and the other solemnities prescribed by the ritual of the Church, a brilliant musical programme has been arranged, and will, without doubt, draw together a large assemblage. The entire performance will be under the direction of Mr. Michael H. Cross, with an orchestral accompaniment throughout by the celebrated and efficient Germania. At the entrance of the procession a grand march will be performed, followed by the *Te Deum* of Mozart, and Haydn's Mass, No. 6, in B flat. At the offertory, *Late Sonitum Pastores*, a bass solo and chorus, by M. Costa, will be rendered, the solo part being entrusted to Dr. E. C. Bullard. Immediately after the Papal Benediction, Handel's immortal "Hallelujah Chorus" will be given, and before the sermon a new *Veni Sancti Spiritus*, by Dietsch. These interesting ceremonies will commence at half-past 10 o'clock, but those who desire to gain admittance to the church will find it necessary to be on the ground at a much earlier hour.

At the Church of St. Matthias, Nineteenth and Wallace streets, the following programme will be executed by a quartette choir, under the direction of Mr. J. Remington Fairlamb:—

MORNING.

Introit—"The Lord is in His holy temple"—Fairlamb.
Anthem for Easter—"Christ, our Passover" "
Gloria after Psalms—J. Robinson—and Gloria from Anthem.
Te Deum—Fairlamb—in F.
Jubilate— " in B flat.
Psalm 79—"Old Hundred"—Luther.
Hymn 69—"Christ, the Lord, is risen"—Mozart.
Offertory—Voluntary.

EVENING.

Introit (Anthem)—"Christ, our Passover"—Fairlamb.
Gloria after Psalms—J. Turle—and Gloria from "Jubilate," in B flat.
Bonem est Confiteri—Mosenthal—in D.
Deus Misereatur—Fairlamb—in C.
Psalm 87—Fesca.
Offertory—"I will sing," from Mendelssohn's "St. Paul."
Hymn 276—Fairlamb—from "New Songs unto the Lord."

At St. Michael's Catholic Church, Kensington, solemn High Mass will be celebrated by the pastor, Rev. Maurice A. Walsh, and the sermon will be preached by Rev. Thomas Walter Power. The great Mass of Carl Maria von Weber, in G, will be sung by a powerful choir, with full and complete orchestral accompaniment, all under the direction of Thomas E. Harkins, leader of St. Michael's choir. Previous to the commencement a grand symphony, in A minor, composed by the late Alfred Mellon, of London (whose biography was published in THE EVENING TELEGRAPH a few days since), will be performed, and before the sermon the *Veni Sancti Spiritus*, "Come, Holy Spirit," by the Abbe Vogler, will be given. The *offertorium* will be the celebrated duett for soprano and contralto, with chorus and orchestra, entitled *Resurrexit sicut dixit*, "He has arisen as He said," by Sambillotte, all of which have been rehearsed with diligent care and attention.

At St. Augustine's Church, the choir will sing Haydn's Mass No. 4, under the direction of Mr. H. G. Thunder.

The services at St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church, on Locust street, above Sixteenth, will also present unusual attractions. During the past few months Mr. Pearce, the organist, has been engaged in training a choir of men and boys, who will make their first appearance to-morrow. At the afternoon service, commencing at 4 o'clock, this new and accomplished choir will render two beautiful anthems appropriate to the day. These are Handel's chorus from *The Messiah*, entitled "Worthy is the Lamb;" and Beethoven's "Hallelujah to the Father," from *The Mount of Olives*.

HON. JAMES M. SCOVEL.

We publish with pleasure Hon. James M. Scovel's manly letter for equal suffrage. Whatever political mistakes Mr. Scovel may have made in the past, no man doubts his fidelity to the vital and essential principles of the Republican party. He has done good service in the past, and we predict for him a bright future of usefulness and honor:—

CAMDEN, N. J., April 17, 1867.

HON. JOHN W. FORNEY—Sir:—I write this note to invoke your aid in favor of an immediate and vigorous canvass in New Jersey and in Pennsylvania, for *equality before the law*. Justice and power go together, and the mission of the first Napoleon culminated in his famous utterance—"There is no *power* without justice." In the New Jersey Legislature, thirteen Republicans have just been weak enough and timid enough to vote against striking out the word "white" from the Constitution of this State. Most of these Republicans are good men, but are what Horace Greeley calls "timid good men." They let "*I dare* not wait upon *I would*."

Some of them excuse themselves by saying that they promised their constituents to vote against negro suffrage. No honest Republican had a right to demand such a pledge from any candidate for office, and no member of the Legislature had any right to betray the *rights of man* at the behest of prejudice or ignorance. Generous sentiment and sound policy go hand in hand. You cannot divorce either without ruin to both. Sentiment and policy, justice and the simplest dictates of manliness, demand that we put the ballot into the same hands that held the musket. I spurn the common argument that we need the negroes' vote. Connecticut taught us that prior to the recent election among the *nutmeg men*. I make no argument founded upon the vulgar bargaining of human selfishness. We must put this question upon the everlasting righteousness of the thing.

We stultify ourselves when we force negro suffrage on South Carolina, and timidly creep away from the question in New Jersey, by saying the time has not come for it yet in the free States. If we mean to run a race of drivelling folly and of infinite meanness with the Democratic party, I for one give up whipped in advance. That party has beaten us in meanness and mendacity for six years past. They can beat us at that game now. I beg to withdraw from such a fight. My Republican friends shall not quarrel with me on this question, for I care not whether I am in the van, or among the rank and file. I desire that this great and just cause shall go on. The Republican who is not with us on this question is a coward or a deserter, and at heart belongs to the enemy. There be had better go.

I was profoundly impressed by the recent speeches of Theodore Tilton and Robert Purvis, at Concert Hall, with the necessity for immediate action upon this vital question, which very nearly concerns the future of the Republic. I agree with Henry Winter Davis in thinking that, if some of the dark-skinned sons of the Republic should get into Congress, at least they would deserve it quite as much as some of their ex-masters. There ought to be an immediate canvass in New Jersey, and in time for the October elections in Pennsylvania. Are there not many good men who will devote heart and mind and money to the cause, and do it now? General Wadsworth, who fell in front of his brigade in the Wilderness, was a soldier, a statesman, a Christian, and a gentleman. From his body was taken a blood-stained letter, in the dear, familiar handwriting of Abraham Lincoln. It read thus:—

"How to better the condition of the colored race has long been a study, which has attracted my serious and careful attention; hence I think *I am clear and decided* as to what course I shall pursue in the premises, regarding it as a *religious duty*, as the nation's guardian of these people, who have heroically vindicated their manhood on the battle-field, where, in assisting to save the life of the Republic, *they have demonstrated in blood their right to the ballot, which is but the humane protection of the flag they have so fearlessly defended*."

God speed the cause.

I am, yours, very sincerely,
JAMES M. SCOVEL.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, April 15, 1867.
A Special Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the Library on TUESDAY, the 30th inst., at 8 o'clock P. M., in order that the Board of Managers may submit a report of their action in the purchase of a new building, and for other purposes.
JOHN C. GRANGER,
4 15 14t Recording Secretary pro tem.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.
PHILADELPHIA, March 12, 1867.
In accordance with the provisions of the National Currency act, and the Articles of Association of this Bank, it has been determined to increase the Capital Stock of this Bank to one million dollars ($1,000,000). Subscriptions from Stockholders for the shares allotted to them in the proposed increase will be payable on the second day of May next, and will be received at any time prior to that date. A number of shares will remain to be sold, applications for which will be received from persons desirous of becoming Stockholders.
By order of the Board of Directors.
3 15 7w JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HIGHWAYS. OFFICE, No. 104 S. FIFTH Street.
PHILADELPHIA, April 19, 1867.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Highways until 12 o'clock M., on MONDAY, 22d inst., for the following described Connecticut Stone, viz.:—Tramway and Crossing Stone, to be not less than four feet long, sixteen inches wide and six inches thick; and Gutter Stone, to be not less than four feet long, ten inches wide and six inches thick. All of the above described stone must be dressed on the edges and end, with a good smooth surface; and the said stone will be required to be delivered in such quantities and at such places as the Department may direct for the year 1867.

All Bidders are invited to be present at the time and place of opening the said Proposals. Each proposal will be accompanied by a certificate that a Bond has been filed in the Law Department as directed by Ordinance of May 25th, 1860. If the Lowest Bidder shall not execute a contract within five days after the work is awarded, he will be deemed as declining, and will be held liable on his bond for the difference between his bid and the next highest bid.
W. W. SMEDLEY,
4 20 3t Chief Commissioner of Highways.

NOTICE.—THE STOCKHOLDERS OF the PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY (pursuant to adjournment had at their annual meeting) will meet at Concert Hall, No. 1219 CHESNUT Street, in the City of Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., and notice is hereby given that at said meeting the Act of Assembly, approved March 22d, 1867, entitled "An Act to repeal an act entitled 'A further supplement to the act incorporating the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, authorizing an increase of capital stock and to borrow money,' approved the twenty-first day of March, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty six; and also to authorize the Pennsylvania Railroad Company by this act to increase its capital stock, to issue bonds and secure the same by mortgage;" approved the twenty-second day of March, A. D. 1867; a proposed increase thereunder of the capital stock of this Company by 300,000 shares, and the issue of the same from time to time by the Board of Directors, and the proposed exercise by the said Board of Directors of the powers granted by the said act of issuing bonds and securing the same by mortgages for the purposes in the said act mentioned and within the limits therein prescribed, will be submitted to the Stockholders for their action in the premises.
By order of the Board of Directors.
EDMUND SMITH,
4 6t1 Secretary.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
OFFICE, BORDENTOWN, N. J., March 27, 1867.
NOTICE.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Bordentown, on SATURDAY, the 27th of April, 1867, at 12 o'clock M., for the election of seven Directors, to serve for the ensuing year.
SAMUEL J. BAYARD,
3 29 Secretary C. and A. R. and T. Co.

CAMBRIA IRON COMPANY.—A SPEcial Meeting of the Stockholders of the CAMBRIA IRON COMPANY will be held on TUESDAY the 23d of April next, at 4 o'clock P. M., at the Office of the Company, No. 400 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia, to accept or reject an amendment to the Charter approved February 21, 1867.
By order of the Board.
3 19 31t* JOHN T. KILLE, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of the BULL CREEK OIL COMPANY will be held on TUESDAY, May 7, at 12 o'clock, M., at No. 235 South SIXTH Street.
J. MULFORD,
4 16 20 23 27 M 4 6 6t rp* Secretary.

OFFICE CATAWISSA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 424 WALNUT Street.
PHILADELPHIA, April 9, 1867.
The Board of Directors have this day declared on account of the Dividends due the Preferred Stockholders, THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. on the par value thereof, payable on and after the 25th.
The Transfer Books for the Preferred Stock will be closed on the 10th, and remain so until the 25th.
4 10 tuthstml M. P. HUTCHINSON, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE TIOGA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, No. 16 PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, April 2, 1867.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the TIOGA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY for election of President, Directors, Secretary, and Treasurer, will be held at No. 16 PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, on TUESDAY, the Seventh day of May, 1867, at 12 M.
4 11 th s tu 10t GEO. H. COLKET, Secretary.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR.—CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR positively restores grey hair to its original color and youthful beauty imparts life and strength to the weakest hair; stops its falling out at once; keeps the head clean; is unparalleled as a hair-dressing. Sold by all druggists and fashionable hair-dressers, and at my office, No. 1123 BROADWAY, N. Y.
4 5 tuths tM1 SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT—PRACTICE VS. THEORY.—The unparalleled success which attends these remedies in their radical cures of Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, King's Evil, Barber's Itch, Ulcer, Sore Leg, Ringworm, and all skin diseases, would be deemed incredible were it not substantiated by "a cloud of living witnesses." Such beneficent results cannot fail to challenge our admiration for the genius which displays such science in the extirpation of disease and in the triumph of health.
Sold by all druggists. 4 15 mfsm4t

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by 6 13 ws
PHALON & SON, New York.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

KITCHEN & CO.,
JEWELERS.
S. E. Corner TENTH and CHESNUT.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
DIAMONDS, WATCHES,
JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE,
BRONZES.
ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.
WATCHES AND JEWELRY CAREFULLY REPAIRED.
Particular attention paid to Manufacturing all articles in our line.
N. RULON
Having engaged with Kitchen & Co., will be much pleased to see his friends and customers. [3 21 thsm

1028 CHESNUT.
I. J. TAYLOR,
JEWELLER.
The attention of the public is invited to my Stock, comprising
FINE WATCHES,
DIAMONDS,
SILVER-WARE,
ELEGANT JEWELRY,
CLOCKS,
MUSIC BOXES,
And all articles appertaining to the trade offered at reduced prices.
WATCHES REPAIRED AND WARRANTED.
1028. [3 26 tuths3m8p

LEWIS LADOMUS & CO.
DIAMOND DEALERS & JEWELERS.
WATCHES, JEWELRY & SILVER WARE.
WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED.
802 Chestnut St., Phila.
Have on hand a large and splendid assortment
DIAMONDS,
WATCHES,
JEWELRY, AND
SILVER-WARE
OF ALL KINDS AND PRICES.
Particular attention is requested to our large stock of DIAMONDS, and the extremely low prices.
BRIDAL PRESENTS made of Sterling and Standard Silver. A large assortment to select from.
WATCHES repaired in the best manner, and warranted. [5 1¼p
Diamonds and all precious stones bought for cash.

JOHN BOWMAN
No. 704 ARCH Street,
PHILADELPHIA,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
SILVER AND PLATEDWARE.
Our GOODS are decidedly the cheapest in the city for
TRIPLE PLATE, A NO. 1. [5

WATCHES, JEWELRY.
W. W. CASSIDY,
No. 12 SOUTH SECOND STREET,
Offers an entirely new and most carefully select stock of
AMERICAN AND GENEVA WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SILVER-WARE, AND FANCY ARTICLES
EVERY DESCRIPTION, suitable for
BRIDAL OR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
An examination will show my stock to be unsurpassed in quality and cheapness.
Particular attention paid to repairing. 8 16¼

C. & A. PEQUIGNOT,
Manufacturers of
Gold and Silver Watch Cases,
And Wholesale Dealers in
AMERICAN WATCH CO.'S,
HOWARD & CO.'S,
And TREMONT
AMERICAN WATCHES
4 3 NO. 22 SOUTH FIFTH STREET.

G. RUSSELL & CO.,
NO. 22 NORTH SIXTH STREET,
Have just received an invoice of
FRENCH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Manufactured to their order in Paris.
Also, a few INFERNAL ORCHESTRA CLOCKS with side pieces; which they offer lower than the same goods can be purchased in the city. [5 26]

HENRY HARPER,
No. 520 ARCH Street,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
WATCHES,
FINE JEWELRY,
SILVER-PLATED WARE, AND
8 1¼ SOLID SILVER-WARE

WESTCOTT & GEORGE,
SUCCESSORS TO
PHILIP WILSON & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
GUNS, PISTOLS RIFLES, CRICKET, AND
BASE BALL IMPLEMENTS,
FISHING TACKLE, SKATES, CROQUET
ARCHERY, ETC.,
NO. 409 CHESNUT STREET,
4 11 3m PHILADELPHIA.

BEDDING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
NO. 932 RIDGE AVENUE NEAR VINE ST.
323tuths r J. G. FULLER.

DRY GOODS.

MARKET & NINTH.
COOPER & CONARD.

DRESS GOODS.

Colored Alpacas, all the new shades, 50, 62, and 75c.
Melanges in every mixture, 37, 62, and 75 cents.
Poplin Alpacas, for gored dresses, 75c. to $1·00.
Silk and Wool Poplins, for spring wear, $1·00.
Check Mohairs, black and white, 31 to 60 cents.
Blue, Green, Brown, and Lilac, and White Checks, 38 cents.
Plaid Toil de Venice, extra fine and wide, 88 cents.
Striped Dress Goods, from 27 cents upwards.
Calicoes, finest selection in the city, 12½ cents up.
Ginghams 25 cents; double-fold, best imported, 38c.

BLACK GOODS.

Black Gros Grains, Taffetas, Drap de France, etc.
Elegant line Black Silks at the new prices.
50 cent Black Alpacas, extra good for the price.
65 cent Black Demi-Mohairs, still another lot of these.
$1·00, 90, and 80 cent Black Mohairs are unequalled.
75, 88 cents, and $1·00 double width Black Mousselines.
45 50, and 62 cent single width Mousselines.
Black Tamise, Canton Cloth, Poplin Alpacas, etc.
Black English Bombazine, good color, for 35 cents.
Black Tamartines, French Grenadines, etc.
Black and White Prints, Delaines, Checks, etc.
Black Gloves, Mourning Handkerchiefs, etc.

SHAWLS.

Spring Shawls, the most complete line ever offered.
American and Imported Square Shawls, $4 50 to $8.
Printed Paisley, Black Centres, with rich Borders.
Black Thibet Long and Square Shawls.

MANTILLAS.

Rich Silk Mantles, for best custom.
Taffeta and Gros Grain Mantles.
Spring Cloth Sacques and Circles, the most stylish garments we've ever had.
Cloaks and Mantles made to order. [1 2 stuth4p
Magnificent assortment Cloaking Cloths,
American, French, English, and German Fabrics.
Royal Stock Cloths, for ladies' and gents' wear.

229 FARIES & WARNER, 229
NORTH NINTH STREET,
ABOVE RACE,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED—
Double-width Cloth for Sacques, $2.
Meltons for Boys' Wear and Sacques, 68 cents.
25 pieces White Piques, fine quality, 50 cents.
Job Lot Corded Piques, 62½ cents.
Double-width All wool Delaines, 68 cents.
Black Alpacas, 40, 45, 50, 56, 62c., etc. etc.
Sun Umbrellas from auction, $1·35 and $1·75.
Fine Biey Linens from auction, 37½ and 50 cents.
Black and White Balmorals, $1·25.
Gents' Hemstitched Hdkfs., 50 cents, bargain.
Ladies' Hemstitched Hdkfs., 28 cents, bargain.
Misses' Linen Hdkfs., 10 cents.
Misses' Buff Gloves, 30 cents, cheap.
Ladies' and Misses' Spring Gloves, great variety.
Hosiery, greatly reduced prices.
Regular-made Bleached Hose, 40 cents.
10-4 Sheeting Muslins, 50 cents.
5 4 Pillow-case Muslins, 25 cents.
Best makes Bleached and Brown Muslins.
Williamsville, Wamsutta, Bay Mills, etc. etc.
Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, etc.
All wool Flannel, 50 cents, fine quality.
Yard wide Domet, 37½ cents, bargain.
5000 Linen Fans, below auction prices.
Linen Shirt Fronts, 30, 37½, 45, 50, 56, 62, and 75c.
Three ply Linen Cuffs, 1[illegible] cents
Soft finish Jaconets, 25, [illegible], and 50 cents.
Nainsooks, 25, 31, 37½, 45, and 50 cents.
Victoria Lawns, 31, 37½, 45 50, and 60 cents.
Large Plaid Nainsooks, 50, 55, 60, and 65 cents.
Plaid Nainsooks, 25, 31, 37½ cents, etc.
Undressed Cambrics, Swiss Mulls, Shirred Muslins, etc. etc.
FARIES & WARNER,
2 29¼] NO. 229 NORTH NINTH STREET.

PRICE & WOOD,
N. W. Cor. EIGHTH and FILBERT,
HAVE JUST OPENED A LARGE LOT OF
Ladies' Buff, White, and Colored Gloves.
Ladies' English Silk Gloves.
Children's Buff, White, and Colored Gloves.
Ladies' Kid Gloves, real kid, $1·25 per pair.
Jouvin's Kid Gloves, best quality imported.
Ladies' and Gents' Hosiery.
Jaconet Edgings and Insertings.
Ladies' and Gents' Linen Cambric Hdkfs.
Ladies' and Gents' Hemstitch Hdkfs.
Children's Linen Hdkfs, 7, 8, 10, and 12½ cents.
Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts.

WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS!

Nainsook Muslins, fine quality, 25, 31, 37½, 45 and 50 cents.
Nainsook, Stripe and Plaid Muslins, very cheap.
White Piques, 56, 55, 60, 65, 75, 80, and $1 a yard.
White Swiss Muslins and Victoria Lawns.
Soft finish Cambrics and Jaconets.
Honeycomb and Marseilles Quilts.

LINEN GOODS! LINEN GOODS!

Just opened 200 dozen Linen Towels.
Linen Huckaback Towels, 14, 18¾, and 25 cents.
Large size Huckaback Towels, 28 and 35 cents.
Apron Bird-Eye, 28, 31, 37½, 40, 50, 56, 60, up to 87½c.
Nursery Diapers, very cheap.
Table Linens, 37½, 50, 65, 68, 75, 90, $1, 1·12½, $1·25, up to $2 per yard.
Napkins and Doylies.
Best makes Shirting Linens.
Fine French Percales, 50 cents per yard.
Colored Alpacas and Mohairs.
Melange Poplins, 40, 50, and 75 cents per yard.
All-wool Delaines, choice shades.
Black Silks, very cheap.
Plaid Silk Poplins.
Black all-wool Delaines, very cheap.
Black Alpacas, 33, 40, 50, 62½, 70, 75, 85, 90, and $1 per yard.
PRICE & WOOD,
N. W. Corner EIGHTH and FILBERT Streets.
N. B.—Just opened, 5000 Linen Fans, at less than importers' prices. 10 22

No. 1101 CHESNUT Street.
GIRARD ROW.
E. M. NEEDLES & CO.
Have opened, at their NEW STORE,
N. W. Cor. Eleventh and Chesnut,
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
OF
WHITE GOODS,
LACES,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACE GOODS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
VEILS, ETC. ETC.,
Of Superior Quality, at LOW PRICES.
GIRARD ROW.
No. 1101 CHESNUT Street.

OPENING.
NEW CLOAK STORE,
NO. 818 ARCH STREET,
Between Eighth and Ninth Streets, South Side.
The latest Spring Styles, in every quality of Cloth, at very low prices.
Ladies in search of NEW SPRING SACQUES should inspect our designs and assortment before purchasing elsewhere.
DAVIS' NEW STORE,
THE ARCH STREET CLOAK EMPORIUM,
3 18 mwf1m No. 818 ARCH Street.

PARIS—SILKS, MANTLES, FANCY GOODS.—AUX VILLES DE FRANCE, 51 Rue Vivienne and 104 Rue Richelieu, near the Boulevards and the Bourse. The largest emporium in Paris. Prices marked in plain figures. English spoken. Dresses made to measure in forty-eight hours. 3 9 s13t*

DRY GOODS.

MILLIKEN'S
LINEN STORE.
828 ARCH STREET.
New Linen Dress Goods,
Printed Linen Cambrics,
NEW PATTERNS JUST OPENED.
Travelling Dress Linens,
SEVERAL NEW SHADES OF PLAIN LINEN FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES.
Printed Shirting Linens,
A CASE JUST OPENED,
OF GOOD QUALITY, AT 75 CENTS PER YARD
GEORGE MILLIKEN,
LINEN IMPORTER,
And Wholesale and Retail Dealer,
4 5 thstu3mrp] No. 828 ARCH STREET.

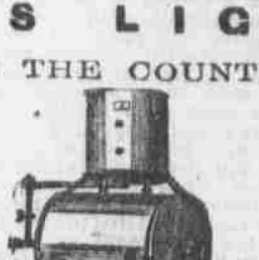
No. 1101 CHESNUT Street.
GIRARD ROW.
KID GLOVES.
"ANGELE."
This Glove being cut by the
SYSTEME JOSEPHINE,
WITHOUT SEAM ON SIDE, renders it the best fitting Glove imported.
The extensive sale of it by First-Class Retailers in New York, in competition with other makes, is a guarantee of its quality.
E. M. NEEDLES & CO.,
N. W. Corner Eleventh and Chesnut
GIRARD ROW.
No. 1101 CHESNUT Street.

J. CHAMBERS, NO. 810 ARCH STREET.
Novelties Opening Daily
—Real Cluny Laces.
—Black Guipure Laces.
—Pointe Applique Laces.
—Pointe de Gaze Laces.
Thread Veils from $2·50.
WHITE GOODS.
—Marseilles for Dresses—Bargains.
—French Muslins, 2 yards wide, at 60 cents.
Shirred and Tucked Lace Muslins; India Twilled Long Cloth; Plaid, Stripe, and Plain Nainsooks; soft finish Cambric, 1½ yard wide; Cambric Edgings and Insertions, new design very cheap. 4 6 1m

HOOP SKIRTS.

INVISIBLE.
EMPRESS
INVISIBLE TRAIL
SKIRT.
THE NEW SHAPE FOR
SPRING, 1867,
IN
J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic
(OR DOUBLE SPRING)
SKIRTS.
The *handsomest* and *most comfortable* style yet introduced. (*See all the fashion magazines.*)
At Retail by all first-class stores where Skirts are sold
At Wholesale by all the leading *Notion* and *Dry Goods* Houses in this city. Also by sole owners of patent and exclusive manufacturers
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
No. 97 CHAMBERS St.
3 2 stuth2m NEW YORK.

GAS LIGHT
FOR THE COUNTRY.



FERRIS & CO.'S AUTOMATIC GAS MACHINES
FOR PRIVATE RESIDENCES, MILLS, HOTELS CHURCHES, ETC.,
FURNISHING FROM TEN TO SIX HUNDRED LIGHTS, AS MAY BE REQUIRED.
This machine is guaranteed; does not get out of order, and the time to manage it is about five minutes a week.
The simplicity of this apparatus, its entire freedom from danger, the cheapness and quality of the light over all others, has gained for it the favorable opinion of those acquainted with its merits. The names of those having used them for the last three years will be given by calling at our OFFICE
NO. 105 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,
Where the machines can be seen in operation.
FERRIS & CO., Box 491 P. O.
Send for a Pamphlet. 3stuth3m

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE OUTSIDE PAGES.]

FINE ARTS—THE RECEPTION OF THE ARTISTS' FUND.—The opening of the Spring Exhibition at the Gallery of the Artists' Fund Society, No. 1334 Chesnut street, took place on Tuesday evening last. A leading feature of the exhibition of this institution is the array of local talent and newly-executed works. Being controlled and supported by the artists alone, exertion is thus stimulated by a laudable ambition to excel and vie with each other for the production of new pictures for each opening of the Gallery; and the quality and quantity of such productions by some of our leading artists are truly wonderful. From the progress made within the last few years, we may safely predict that, whenever American art shall receive such patronage and support as Europe extends to foster rising genius, or even a tithe of the money spent here in the worthless foreign productions with which the country is annually inundated, American genius will form one of the most brilliant pages in art history.

The importance of cultivating a love of art and developing the powers of genius is nowhere felt in the present day so sensibly as in Paris, and the result is seen not only in her attainments in the highest walks of art, but in the beauty of her handicraft productions and mechanic arts. We cannot overestimate the importance of art-culture and encouragement thereof, since by history we learn that civilization and art have ever been intimately allied—rising and falling together.

Our space will not permit more than a passing notice of the most prominent pictures on exhibition. In the first gallery is No. 5, "View in Switzerland," by Paul Weber. A very fine picture.

No. 9, "Lara Bridge," entrance to Glendalangh, county Wicklow, Ireland, by J. Faulkner, in which rustic life is well portrayed, in combination with the fine atmospheric effect that pervades the scene.

No. 61, "Evening, Tallaght," county Dublin, and No. 65 "The Dargle," are also by Faulkner, and each possess qualities of the highest order of art—especially the latter picture. So far as we have seen of this artist, he seems to impart a peculiar charm to everything emanating from his pencil. There is nothing hackneyed or stereotyped in his compositions. We do not always admire the tone of his skies—though they are always in keeping with his subject. His ardent spirit delights to catch the evanescent and revel in the novel effects of nature; and with his fine feeling and brilliant color, invests the glowing heath, the heather-clad mountains, or a nook in the Dargle, with all the vigor and romance of life.

No. 13, "Wild Cat River," by W. S. Young. A very pleasing little picture, well handled. No. 75, by the same artist, is also good.

No. 16, "The Last Message," by C. Schussele. A picture that appeals to every heart, but not equal to his best efforts. No. 59 is also by the same pencil. It is a clever sketch, good in texture, and very effective.

No. 18, "The Wreckers," by T. E. Moran, is one of his best efforts. The light in the sky is somewhat subdued; the water brilliant and buoyant, representing great volume and force, while the objects introduced are remarkably strong and well toned. No. 24 is also by Moran. Very pure in color, and full of life and motion. It is a grey picture, of sky and water, and except a few birds, is without living or marine objects to attract attention, thus exposing and almost demonstrating the artist's power in the successful representation of those elements.

No. 11, "Young Mother;" No. 19, "Compensation;" Nos. 46 and 69, "Study," are all by J. C. Lambdin, and are excellent little pictures.

No. 22, "Antiquary," by P. F. Rothermel. A gem.

No. 23, "An Incident in the Early Life of James Watt." By C. F. Blauvelt. Finely handled. Good in tone, and very effective.

Mr. Peter Moran contributes three cattle pieces—No. 26, "Sheep," No. 40, "Summer Time," and No. 62, "The Gipsy Camp"—which are all good, the last named especially. The animals are drawn with great spirit. It is a remarkably strong picture, and shows how much an aspiring artist may accomplish by daring the attempt.

No. 63, "A Glimpse of Lake Erie," by Mrs. E. A. Christie. There is a nice quiet feeling, and tenderness of sentiment pervading this little picture that is very pleasing.

Mr. F. De Berg Richards contributes several pictures, all possessing more or less merit. No. 79, "Patterson's Ford upon the Potomac," we like the best. This artist is better in execution than in selection.

W. T. Richards contributes two clever little pictures—No. 37, "Nantucket Beach," and No. 53, "Cresham Creek."

No. 47, Crayon Portrait, by S. J. Ferris. Excellent. This artist has few rivals in this special branch of art. No. 68, "The Debtor's Prison," by the same, is a very good picture; handled somewhat timidly, but well drawn and full of feeling.

No. 55, Portrait, by T. Henry Smith. Well and delicately handled, fine in tone, and correct in drawing. Mr. Smith is a master in this branch of art.

Mr. G. B. Wood contributes several pictures, the best of which is a small sketch, No. 66, "On Sable River, Adirondack Mountains." Our advice to F. De B. Richards is equally applicable to this artist.

No. 64, "The Refugees," by D. R. Knight, contains some excellent painting. "The Colored Girl," on the left, is very fine. The design is also good, as well as the grouping of the figures. The general tone is not agreeable; otherwise it is an unexceptionable picture. As a first attempt at a large picture, Mr. Knight has been very successful.

Mr. Hamilton contributes nothing new, or of special interest.

Medallion Portraits, No. 35, by Broome, are very fine; No. 50, by Barber, is also good.

No. 83, By J. A. Bailey. A very excellent work of art, beaming with tender sentiment.

No. 84., Statuette, by Ida Waugh, promising much in the future.

No. 89, "Winte," by Jervis McEntree. Tenderly handled, and although a little weak, yet good.

Shattuck contributes two or three pictures, which are both pleasing and good; as does also Mr. Guy, one of which is very remarkable for its delicate handling and high finish, but defective in linear perspective.

There are quite a number of other contributors, whom we cannot at present notice. The artists of Pennsylvania are evidently intent upon doing their best. Let the lovers of art follow their example by a generous patronage.

THANKSGIVING ANNIVERSARY BY THE "ODD-FELLOWS.—Friday next being the day set apart as a Day of Thanksgiving and Prayer by this Order throughout the country, the following programme of exercises will be observed in this city:—

The Lodges meeting in the Sixth Street Hall will worship in Trinity Methodist Church, where Rev. Dr. B. H. Nadal will conduct the ceremonies; Nazareth Church, where Rev. T. A. Fernley will preach; and St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, where Rev. Dr. Hutter will officiate. The Lodges meeting at Third and Brown will attend Divine service at the First Presbyterian Church of Kensington, and Twelfth Street Methodist Church. At these places Rev. Mr. Eva and Rev. W. C. H. Robinson will deliver sermons appropriate to the day. From Third and German the Lodges there convening will proceed to Trinity Episcopal Church. Past Grand Master Washburn will preach to these Lodges. Spring Garden Baptist Church has been selected by the Lodges of Spring Garden Hall as their place of assembling for worship—who will officiate in the pulpit we cannot tell. In West Philadelphia there will also be special Divine service, and in Germantown the Lodges there meeting will assemble and carry out the letter and spirit of the Thanksgiving Proclamation issued by the chief authority of Odd Fellowship, the Grand Sire of the United States. In Manayunk and Roxborough a united service has been agreed upon, the service taking place in the evening.

HOSPITAL NEWS.—The following-named persons were admitted yesterday into the city hospitals:—

William Cook, fifty-four years of age, living in Front street, above Green, was run over yesterday by a cart, and seriously injured about the legs.

Andrew Murray was admitted to the Hospital yesterday, owing to severe injuries he had received by being kicked by a horse, while driving, near Morgan's Corner.

Caroline Anderson, thirty-five years of age, living at Seventh and Sansom streets, fell yesterday and broke her leg.

William D. Conway, thirty-six years of age, living in the neighborhood of Federal and Tenth streets, had his skull fractured yesterday morning by a machine which he was superintending. He died at the Hospital, at noon, from the effects of his injuries.

Jacob Myers, who fell overboard on Wednesday, at Walnut street wharf, and was injured, died yesterday at the Pennsylvania Hospital. He was a German by birth.

PHILADELPHIA COLLECTORSHIP. — The responsible office of Collector of the Port of Philadelphia has, with the consent of the United States Senate, been conferred upon Colonel J. W. Cake, a prominent citizen of Schuylkill county. The new Collector is President of the Farmers' Bank of Pottsville. Originally, Colonel Cake was a Democrat, but the firing upon Fort Sumter converted him into a staunch Republican; and, during the progress of the war, he contributed freely to the cause of the Union and her noble defenders.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.—Last night, about ten o'clock, Mrs. Mary Bowers, aged twenty-four years, residing at No. 450 N. Front street, left her home, and committed suicide by jumping into the Delaware at Willow street wharf. The body was recovered and taken to her late home. She leaves three children, one of whom is only four weeks old. The cause which led to this deplorable event was not ascertained. The Coroner was sent for, and an inquest will be held to-day.

SIGNIFICANT PREPARATIONS.—One of the Government sloops-of-war is undergoing the necessary alterations at the Navy Yard, to fit it for a receiving ship at League Island. The alterations give it the appearance of a floating house, the entire deck being roofed over.

IMPORTANT.—On and after the 1st of May all bills for water rents unpaid will have a penalty of five per cent. added.

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For additional Marine News see First Page.

ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	5·14	MOON RISES	8·26
SUN SETS	6·45	HIGH WATER	2·26

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

D. C. MCCAMMON,
WASH. BUTCHER, } MONTHLY COMMITTEE.
JOHN SPARHAWK,

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR AMERICA.			
Mississippi	Havre	New York	April 3
Louisiana	Liverpool	New York	April 3
Nova Scotian	Liverpool	Portland	April 4
Hibernia	Glasgow	New York	April 5
Edinburgh	Liverpool	New York	April 6
W. Metropolis	Havre	New York	April 6
Scotia	Liverpool	New York	April 6
Borussia	Hamburg	New York	April 7
Bremen	Southampton	New York	April 9
Hecla	Liverpool	New York	April 9
Melita	Liverpool	Philada	April 13
FOR EUROPE.			
St. Laurent	New York	Havre	April 20
Helvetia	New York	Liverpool	April 20
Hibernia	New York	Glasgow	April 20
Manhattan	New York	Liverpool	April 20
Alemannia	New York	Hamburg	April 20
Baltic	New York	Bremen	April 20
Propontis	Philada	Liverpool	April 22
Mississippi	New York	Havre	April 27
Fulton	New York	Havre	May 17
Propontis	Philada	Liverpool	April 24
COASTWISE, DOMESTIC, ETC.			
Stars and Stripes	Philada	Havana	April 20
Wyoming	Philada	Savannah	April 20
Corsica	New York	Havana	April 20
Arizona	New York	Aspinwall	April 20
Nevada	New York	San Juan	April 20
J. W. Everman	Philada	Charleston	April 20
G. Washington	New York	New Orleans	April 20
N. America	New York	Brazil	April 22
Eagle	New York	Havana	April 25
S. America	New York	Brazil	May 22

Mails are forwarded by every steamer in the regular lines. The steamers for or from Liverpool call at Queenstown, except the Canadian line, which call at Londonderry. The steamers for or from the Continent call at Southampton.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Stars and Stripes, Holmes, Havana, Thos. Wattson & Sons.
Steamship Wyoming, Teal, Savannah, Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co.
Barque Carlton, Trecartin, Matanzas, E. A. Souder & Co.
Brig Wenonah, Sturtevant, Portland, Warren, Gregg & Morris.
Schr Fly, Fennimore, Lynn, Day, Huddell & Co.
Schr Caroline C H, Portland, E. A. Souder & Co.
St'r G. H. Stout, Ford, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co.
St'r H. L. Gaw, Her, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr.
Tug Hudson, Carr, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Ship Wm. Cummings, Miller, 145 days from San Francisco, with wheat to Wm. Cummings & Son.
Ship Monsoon, Gunderson, from Liverpool Feb. 13, with mdse. to John R. Penrose.
Schr Damascus, Price, 7 days from York River, with lumber to S. Bolton & Co.
Steamer Fannie, Fenton, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer Ann Eliza, Richards, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Steamer E. N. Fairchild, Trout, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamtug America, Virden, 15 hours from Cape Henlopen, having towed therefrom ships Wm. Cummings and Monsoon. Captain Virden reports the ship J. J. Southard, for Antwerp, and barque Harvest Moon, for Gibraltar, having gone to sea 17th inst. Passed in the bay ship Thomas Harward, from Liverpool; six brigs, deeply laden; schr James Satterthwaite, from Boston, together with about fifty light schooners, bound up.
Tug Lookout, Alexander, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Clyde, Duncan, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

MEMORANDA.

Barque Eliza, Souper, hence, via Barbados and St. Thomas, at St. Jago 4th inst.
Barque American Lloyds, Means, hence, at Matanzas 10th inst.
Barque H. P. Lord, Pinkham, hence, at Matanzas, and remained 10th inst., to return.
Brig W. H. Park, Darragh, remained at Havana 10th instant.
Brig W. Frank, for Philadelphia, was at Matanzas 10th inst.
Schr Carrie Heyer, Poland, for Philadelphia, cleared at New York yesterday.
Schr George Nevinger, Smith, for Delaware Breakwater, at Havana 13th inst.
Schrs H. A. Rogers, Frambes; and M. Tilton, Fitzinger, hence, at Salem 17th inst.
Schr C. L. Vandervoort for Philadelphia, cleared at Portland 18th inst.
Schr Sarah Bruen, Crawford, hence, at Charleston, experienced heavy gales, lost mainboom, stove boat, split sails, etc.
Schrs J. B. Austin, Davis; M. Reppiler, Conover; R. W. Tull, Robbins; and Wave Crest, Davis, hence, at Salem 16th inst.

MISCELLANY.

Schr Minnie Kinnie, Parsons, of and from Philadelphia, with coal for the Butler Hospital at Providence, while going through the draw of the Red (or Moses Brown) Bridge, in tow of tug Echo, on Tuesday afternoon, came in contact with the draw, and completely demolished it. The schooner had cathead and a part of her forerigging carried away, and boat stove.

Schr Governor, of Rockport, Captain Moody, sailed from Lanesville 15th ult, for Philadelphia, with a cargo of stone. A few days after sailing she was reported at Newport, since which time nothing has been her from her, and it is supposed that she was lost in the storm that prevailed about that time. Her crew comprised five persons. The Governor was 94 60-100 tons burden, built at Brookhaven, N. Y., in 1848, and was recently purchased of parties in South Dennis, Mass.

Ship Berkshire, Berry, from New Orleans for Havre, sunk by the steamship Scotia on the 11th inst., had a cargo of 2245 bales of cotton. The Berkshire was built at Boston in 1850, rated A1½, was 615 tons register, and owned by Mr. P. Sears, of Boston.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Official information has been received at this office to the effect that the island of Timballier, coast of Louisiana, has been recently visited by a severe storm which swept away the keeper's dwelling and all the public property, including the illuminating apparatus. Due notice will be given of the re-establishment of this light.

By order. W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.
Treasury Department, Office Lighthouse Board, Washington, D. C., April 15, 1867.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Arrived, steamship Leo, Dearborn, from Savannah.
Ship H. R. Cooper, Smith, from Shields.
Ship Goschen, from Bremen.
Barque Try, Uldrichsen, from Leghorn.
Barque S. A. Dudman, Kimball, from Havana.
Cleared, steamships Manhattan, Williams, Liverpool; Helvetia, Thompson, do.; Alemannia, Meier, Hamburg; Baltic, Jones, Bremen; Corsica, Le Messurier, Havana; ships Wellington, Skaling, London; Alexandria, Crosby, St. John, N. B.; Ladoga, Willey, Cork; T. Dunham, Young, Havre; City of New York, Thomas, Liverpool; barques Mary Lucretia, Bowers, Cadiz; A. Emerson, Wilson, Port-au-Prince; Regia, Larsen, Cronstadt; Mayflower, Duntze, Barbados; E. Barss, Conyers, Bermuda; brigs D. Trowbridge, McCarty, Demerara; Velocity, Darrell, Cienfuegos; Kenneth, Stemley, St. John, N. F.; R. Palmer, Rathbun, Cardenas; J. P. Auger, Aldrich, Demerara; C. A. Farnsworth, Sawyer, St. John, P. R.; S. D. Merrill, Rowe, Baracoa.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR CAST IRON SERVICE PIPE AND BRANCHES.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Water Department, No. 104 S. FIFTH Street, until WEDNESDAY, April 24, 1867, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the following Cast Iron Service Pipe and Branches, delivered at such points in the city as the Chief Engineer may designate, free from Government tax. Proposals to state price per pound only.

9,850 feet Pipes of 4 inches diameter.
40,425 feet Pipes of 6 inches diameter.
612 feet Pipes of 8 inches diameter.
1,225 feet Pipes of 10 inches diameter.
602 feet Pipes of 12 inches diameter.

Also, 100,000 pounds or more of Branches, Sleeves, etc. etc.

All patterns to be furnished by the contractor, and to be approved by the Chief Engineer.

No allowance will be made for any metal in the pipes, branches, bends, etc., five per cent. above the specified weights.

Specifications can be seen at the Office of the Chief Engineer.

All pipes to be cast vertically; the 8-inch, 10-inch, and 12-inch with beds down.

All the pipes, branches, and curves are to be coated with coal pitch varnish in accordance with the memorandum to be had at the office.

All the pipes and castings shall be subjected to such tests and inspections as may be considered necessary by the Chief Engineer to insure a correct judgment of the quality of the material and workmanship.

No bid will be received except from persons manufacturing the article bid for, and unless it be accompanied with a certificate that a bond of five hundred dollars has been deposited with the City Solicitor, as per Ordinance of May 25, 1860; and in addition, to give a bond in a sum of not less than five thousand dollars as a penalty for not fulfilling the contract as entered into by the party making the lowest bid.

FREDERICK GRAFF,
4 20 3t Chief Engineer Water Department.

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

PHILADELPHIA, February 4, 1867.

Proposals will be received at the Office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Philadelphia, until the first day of May, 1867, inclusive (unless a satisfactory proposal should be received and accepted previously), from responsible parties desiring to contract with said Company for the establishment of a direct Line of Steamships between Philadelphia and Liverpool.

Blank forms of proposals, with detailed information, will be furnished upon application to
2 7 t5 1 EDMUND SMITH, Secretary.

MEDICAL.

POND'S EXTRACT OF HAMAMELIS
OR PAIN DESTROYER,

Is one of the few domestic remedies which have come into general use and favor, without puffing. It is the product of a simple shrub, harmless in all cases and, as a domestic remedy unequalled.

CURES:

BURNS,	BOILS,
BRUISES,	STINGS,
LAMENESS,	SORE EYES,
SORENESS,	BLEEDING OF THE
SPRAINS,	LUNGS,
SORE THROAT,	NOSE,
TOOTHACHE,	STOMACH.
EARACHE,	—
NEURALGIA,	
RHEUMATISM	CORNS,
LUMBAGO,	ULCERS,
PILES,	OLD SORES.

And other similar troublesome and painful affections, while it promptly arrests all HEMORRHAGES. Hundreds of physicians use it daily in their practice, and give it their unqualified recommendation. Sold by our agents and dealers.

The Medicine is exclusively prepared by the subscribers, Proprietors and Successors to T. T. POND, to whom all orders must be addressed.

HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE CO.,
No. 562 BROADWAY, New York.

PRICES OF POND'S EXTRACT.

Six ounce bottles, with directions, retail	50 cents
Pint bottles, with directions, retail	$1·00
Quarts in bottle	$1·75

Liberal discount to Physicians and Dealers.

SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR.

HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS.

FAMILY CASES

Of 35 large vials, morocco case, containing a specific for every ordinary disease a family is subject to, and a book of directions	$10·00
Smaller Family and Travelling cases, with 20 to 28 vials	$5 to $8
Specifics for all Diseases, both for Curing and for Preventive treatment, in vials and pocket cases	$2 to $5

These Remedies, by the case or single box, are sent to any part of the country, by Mail or Express, free of charge, on receipt of the price.

Address—HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, New York.

Dr. HUMPHREYS is consulted daily at his office, personally or by letter, as above, for all forms of disease.

For sale by DYOTT & CO., JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, T. R. CALLENDER, and AMBROSE SMITH, Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and at BLITHE'S Drug Store, No. 3120 Market street, and by all Druggists. 6 27 tuthsl

WARRANTED TO CURE OR MONEY RETURNED.

NO CURE NO PAY.

DR. FITLER'S
GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY.
PURELY VEGETABLE.
USED INWARDLY.

Reference to 4500 wonderful cures in Philadelphia alone.

Advice gratis daily from 10 to 1 o'clock.

OFFICE,
NO. 29 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

RHEUMATISM—NEURALGIA—GOUT.

LOOK AND LIVE.
ELECTROPATHY.
Drs. GALLOWAY, WHITE & BOLLES,
THE OLD
MEDICAL ELECTRICIANS,
Cor. Thirteenth and Walnut Sts.,

TEACHERS of the new system of curing diseases, would call the attention of the sick and afflicted to their new system of practice, which has already gained great popularity in this city. During the past six years we have treated TWENTY THOUSAND persons suffering from the various forms of disease (many of them by special guarantee, charging nothing if we failed), and in almost every case a cure has been effected. Read the following

HOME CERTIFICATES.

AN ASTONISHING CURE—AMPUTATION PREVENTED.

I was cured in three weeks by Drs. GALLOWAY and WHITE of an ulcerated leg, which caused much suffering and even threatened amputation. Since my own great cure several of my friends suffering from Neuralgia, Skin Disease, Dyspepsia, and other complaints, have also been perfectly cured. I will cheerfully answer the inquiries of the diseased and suffering.

ABRAHAM FLUKE,
No. 1851 Camac street, Philadelphia.

IMPORTANT CURES OF OBSTINATE DISEASES.

Charles D. Young, Chronic Dyspepsia, No. 411 North Seventh street.
James Brown, Inflammation of Stomach and Bowels, Pine street, above Sixth.
Henry Royer, Neuralgia of the Eye, Twenty-third and Pearl streets.
Frederick Wilson, Dyspepsia and Throat Disease, Continental Hotel.
B. F. Kirkbride, Epileptic Fits, No. 1020 Market street.
William Morgan, Kidney Disease and General Debility, No. 410 Spruce street.
Marcus D. Wilcox, Catarrh of twelve years' standing, Commercial Hotel.
Samuel G. Wheeler, Asthma of ten years' standing, Continental Hotel.
Emanuel Rey, Attorney-at-Law, Dyspepsia, No. 707 Sansom street.
Horace C. Winslow, Weakness of the Kidneys, Frankford.
H. C. Shurtleff, Cancer in Stomach, No. 3722 Market street.
J. M. Buist, Rheumatism, No. 1323 S. Broad street.
Judah Levy, Bronchial Consumption, No. 432 Market street.
Edward T. Evans, preacher of the M. E. Church, Dyspepsia of long standing, Laryngitis, and Lumbago, No. 1633 Helmuth street.
James Nugent, Deafness for six years, and ringing and roaring in the head, Wilmington, Delaware.
Thomas Harrop, severe Diabetes, Rose Mills, West Philadelphia.
George Grant, Rheumatic Gout, long standing, No. 1013 Chesnut street.
H. T. Desilver, Chronic Neuralgia and Inflammatory Rheumatism, No. 1736 Chesnut street.
Edward McMahon, Consumption, No. 1227 Front street.
J. Ricket, Chronic Bronchitis, Constipation, and Congestion of the Brain, No. 518 Callowhill street.
Charles M. Dayton, Paralysis of the lower limbs, Girard House.
John McCormick, Diabetes, No. 1220 Ridge avenue.
Charles E. Buckingham, Urinary Difficulty, No. 1318 Filbert street.
Aquila Davis, Chronic Diarrhœa, Forrest House.
J. J. Hoopes, long standing Sciatica, and Enlarged Prostate Gland, Darby township, Delaware county.
William H. Shriver, Liver Complaint, Germantown.
Joseph W. Forsyth, Acute Rheumatism, No. 1602 Arch street.
E. Clouser, General Paralysis, No. 415 N. Second street.

Many of these persons we cured in less than a week.

N. B.—The Institution, No. 1230, one door from Thirteenth street, is the only house in the city where our system is practised. Unprincipled parties in other localities, who claim to treat diseases according to our late discoveries, may therefore be regarded with suspicion.

PHYSICIANS and STUDENTS can enter at any time for a full course of Instruction in this GREAT DISCOVERY in the Healing Art.

BOOKS AND THE MOST IMPROVED INSTRUMENTS FURNISHED.

An interesting circular mailed by addressing
DRS. GALLOWAY, WHITE & BOLLES,
Philadelphia.
Consultation free. 1 19s tf

PAPER HANGINGS, SHADES, ETC

NEW SPRING STYLES
Philadelphia Wall Papers!!

HOWELL & BOURKE,
N. E. Corner FOURTH and MARKET,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PAPER HANGINGS
AND [319 3mrp
CURTAIN MATERIALS.

AUCTION SALES.

PHILIP FORD, Auctioneer.
McCLELLAND & CO.,
(Successors to Philip Ford & Co.)
AUCTIONEERS, No. 506 MARKET Street.

SALE OF 1700 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, BALMORALS, ETC.

On Monday Morning,

April 22, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell by catalogue, for cash, 1700 cases Men's, Boys', and Youths' Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Balmorals, etc.

Also, a desirable assortment of Women's, Misses', and Children's wear, to which the attention of buyers is called. [4 18 3t

Also, about 100 cases men's and boys' felt hats.

SALE OF 1800 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, ETC. ETC.

On Thursday morning,

April 25, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell by catalogue, for cash, 1800 cases men's, boys', and youths' Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Balmorals, etc.

Also, a general assortment of women's, misses', and children's wear. [4 20 4t

JOHN B. MYERS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, Nos. 232 and 234 MARKET Street.

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF FRENCH AND OTHER EUROPEAN DRY GOODS, ETC.

On Monday Morning,

April 22, at 10 o'clock, will be sold by catalogue, on four months' credit, about 900 lots of French, India, German, and British Dry Goods, embracing a full assortment of fancy and staple articles in silks, worsteds, woollens, linens, and cottons. [4 16 5t

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, TRAVELLING BAGS, ETC.

On Tuesday Morning,

April 23, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, by catalogue, on four months' credit, 1300 packages boots, shoes, brogans, etc., of city and Eastern manufacture.

Open for examination with catalogues early on the morning of sale. [4 17 5t

LARGE SALE OF BRITISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

We will hold a large sale of foreign and domestic dry goods, by catalogue, on four months' credit, and part for cash,

On Thursday Morning,

April 25, at 10 o'clock, embracing about 1000 packages and lots of staple and fancy articles, in woollens, worsteds, linens, silks and cottons, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

N. B.—Catalogues ready and goods arranged for exhibition early on the morning of sale. [4 19 5t

LARGE POSITIVE SALE OF CARPETINGS, MATTINGS, ETC.

On Friday Morning,

April 26, at 11 o'clock, will be sold by catalogue, on four months' credit, about 250 pieces rich superfine and fine ingrain, Venetian, hemp, cottage and rag carpetings, etc., embracing a choice assortment of superior goods, which may be examined early on the morning of sale. [4 20 5t

M. THOMAS & SONS, NOS. 139 AND 141 S. FOURTH Street.

STOCKS AND REAL ESTATE, April 23,

At 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange, will include—

BROAD STREET, No. 1248, above Girard avenue Elegant Brownstone Residence. Immediate possession.
SPRUCE STREET, No. 1229, Modern Residence.
SIXTH STREET, No. 608, above Green, Modern Residence.
SIXTH STREET, No. 315, above Vine, Modern Residence.
ARCH STREET, No. 1102, Valuable Residence.
EIGHTH STREET, No. 523, Desirable Residence.
EIGHTH STREET, Nos. 104 and 106 S. Eighth, Valuable Stores.
ARCH AND ELEVENTH STREETS, S. W. corner, Store and Dwelling.
ARCH STREET, No. 139, Business Location.
BROWN STREET, No. 1108, Desirable Dwelling.
DELAWARE AVENUE, No. 350, south of Callowhill Warehouse, Wharf, and large Lot.
FEDERAL STREET, No. 526, Genteel Dwelling.
CAMAC STREET, No. 1811, Brick Dwelling.
FILBERT STREET, No. 1622, Business Property.
SHAMOKIN STREET, Nos. 2205 and 2207, ten Stone Dwellings.
VINE STREET, Nos. 1131, 1133, 1135, and 1137, Brick Dwellings and large Lot.
THIRD STREET, No. 612, south of Coates, seven Dwellings.
MASTER AND HOWARD STREETS, N. E. corner, Store and Dwelling.
HERMITAGE STREET, Nos 603, 605, and 607, six Dwellings.
FRANKFORD ROAD AND THOMPSON STS., N. E. corner, Store and Dwelling.
THOMPSON STREET, Nos. 1045, 1031, 1027, and 1025, four Brick Dwellings.
MERVINE STREET, Nos. 1829, 1830, 1841, and 1808, four Brick Dwellings.
SIXTEENTH STREET, Building Lot.
SPRING HOUSE AND BLUE BELL ROADS, elegant Country Seat, known as "Blytheward."
MAIN STREET AND WISSAHICKON AVENUE, N. W. corner, Country Residence.
ELEVEN MILE LANE, Elegant Residence, ninety-one acres. [4 19 3t

Full particulars in handbills at the auction rooms.

REAL ESTATE.
THOMAS & SONS' SALE.

VERY VALUABLE THREE-STORY BRICK WAREHOUSE, No. 350 N. DELAWARE Avenue, extending through to WATER Street; an extensive WHARF, River Delaware, 75 feet front.

On TUESDAY, April 23, 1867, at 12 o'clock, Noon, will be sold at Public Sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very valuable three-story brick building and lot of ground situate on the west side of Delaware avenue, south of Callowhill street, No. 350; the lot containing in front on Delaware avenue 75 feet, and extending in depth 155 feet to Water street; two fronts. It is well and substantially built and in good repair; has gas, water, fire-proof, iron shutters, etc. Also, a large and valuable wharf, commencing 50 feet south of Callowhill street, containing in front on Delaware avenue 75 feet, and extending in depth 280 feet. The pier is 48 feet wide fronting on the avenue, and on the dock on the south side, 27 feet 1 inch adjoining Mitchell's dock, which is 26½ feet wide, the two forming a dock 53½ feet wide, sufficient to accommodate the largest steamships. The pier is 280 feet long of different widths, as shown on the plan, which may seen at the Auction Rooms. The dock on the north side of the pier is 17½ feet wide, adjoining the corporation dock, 26½ feet wide, making together 44 feet width dock. The water in the dock south side of the pier is 18 feet deep and on the north side 15 feet deep, both at low water. The whole will be sold together as one property.

Clear of all incumbrance.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
3 30sw7t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE.
THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.

LARGE AND VALUABLE FARM AND COUNTRY SEAT, 204 ACRES, CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND, on a road leading from Philadelphia to Baltimore, two miles from Rising Sun Station on the Philadelphia and Baltimore Central Railroad.

On TUESDAY, April 30, 1867, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at Public Sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange.

All that large and valuable Farm and Country Seat, known as the "Sharon Farm," 204 acres, Cecil county, Maryland, situate on a road leading from Philadelphia to Baltimore, two miles from Rising Sun Station, on the Philadelphia and Baltimore Central Railroad.

The neighborhood is desirable, convenient to churches, schools, mill, stores, etc.

The Tenant House is occupied by a good farmer, capable of conducting the farm, and is willing to stay if desired by a purchaser.

May be examined on application to the owner and occupant, Mr. Jacob Haines.

Terms—$8000 may remain on mortgage.

Immediate possession.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.
PHILADELPHIA, March, 1867. 4 19 20 22 27

REAL ESTATE.
THOMAS & SONS' SALE.

Very elegant Four-story Brown Stone Residence, No. 1248 N. BROAD Street, above Girard avenue, 25 feet front, 160 feet deep to Carlisle street.

On Tuesday, April 23,

At 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at Public Sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that very elegant three-story brown stone messuage (French roof), with three-story press brick back buildings and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Broad street, south of Thompson street, No. 1248; containing in front on Broad street 25 feet, and extending in depth 160 feet to Carlisle street. It is finished with all the modern conveniences.

Clear of all incumbrance.

Terms—$15,000 may remain on mortgage.

Immediate possession. May be examined on application to the Auctioneer.

Full particulars at the Auction Rooms.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 11 13 15 19 20 5t] Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

Executors' Sale, No. 245 S. Eighteenth street.

HANDSOME FURNITURE, FIVE ELEGANT MIRRORS, PIANO-FORTE, RICHLY-CUT GLASSWARE, FINE CHINA, FINE PLATED WARE, HANDSOME VELVET CARPETS, ETC.

On Monday Morning,

22d instant, at 10 o'clock, at No. 245 South Eighteenth street (East Rittenhouse Square), by order of Executors to estate of Paul Salomon, deceased, the entire Furniture. [4 17 2t

TO TANNERS AND OTHERS.
Sale No. 1608 Cadwalader street.

LARGE REVOLVING TUB, BARK MILL TAN VATS, COUNTERS, LARGE TABLES, SPLITTING MACHINE, ETC.

On Tuesday Morning,

23d inst., at 10 o'clock, at No. 1608 Cadwalader street, above Oxford, by catalogue, the entire machinery of a tannery. 4 17 5t

WANTS.

$25.—THE GENUINE BARTLETT SEWING MACHINE.—Wanted $25.
—Agents, $150 per month and all expenses paid, to sell the Genuine Bartlett Sewing Machine. This Machine will do all the work that can be done on any high-priced Machine, and is fully patented, licensed, and warranted for five years. We pay the above wages, or a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. For circulars and terms address

H. HALL & CO.,
No. 724 CHESNUT Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.
4 8 1m

WANTED—TO RENT OR PURCHASE A property near Sixth and Market streets. Address No. 12 N. SIXTH Street. 4 18 3t*

AUCTION SALES.

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, AUCTIONEERS, No. 508 WALNUT Street.

Hold Regular Sales of
REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, AND SECURITIES AT THE PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE.

Handbills of each property issued separately.

1000 catalogues published and circulated, containing full descriptions of property to be sold, as also, a partial list of property contained in our Real Estate Register, and offered at private sale.

Sales advertised daily in all the daily newspapers, Ledger, North American, German Free Press, Inquirer, Evening Bulletin, German Democrat, Age, "Evening Telegraph," Press, and Legal Intelligencer.

SALE ON MONDAY, APRIL 22, will include—

NORTH BROAD STREET.—Handsome brick residence, with brown-stone dressings and Mansard roof, and extra conveniences, No. 1331 North Broad street.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE — Estate of Christian Stikel, deceased.—Two-story brick dwelling, S. W. corner Twenty-third and Jefferson streets.

Same Estate.—Two-story brick dwelling, N. W. corner Twenty-third and Wright streets.

Handsome brick residence, with 20 feet side yard, No. 1221 Race street. Lot 40x100 feet to a 20 feet street.

Two two-story brick dwellings, Nos. 232 and 234 Spruce street.

WEST SPRUCE STREET.—Handsome brick residence, with brown-stone dressings and Mansard roof, No. 2118 Spruce street.

Two three-story brick dwellings, No. 802 South Fourth street, through to Weccacoe street.

Three-story brick residence, No. 513 Pine street.

VINE STREET.—Lot 36x125 feet, through to Pearl street, with brick building and office, Nos. 1707 and 1709 Vine street.

CHESNUT HILL—Handsome modern residence, corner Summit street and Prospect avenue.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
Estate of CHRISTIAN STIKEL, deceased.
J. M. GUMMEY & SONS' SALE.

TWO TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLINGS, Southwest corner of JEFFERSON, TWENTY-THIRD and WRIGHT Streets.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court, for the City and County of Philadelphia, will be sold at Public Sale, on MONDAY, April 22, 1867, at 12 o'clock, Noon, at the Philadelphia Exchange:—

I.

All that certain Lot or piece of ground, with the two-story brick Messuage or Tenement thereon erected, situate on the southwest corner of Jefferson and Twenty-third streets, in the Twentieth Ward of the City of Philadelphia; containing in front or breadth on the said Jefferson street 15 feet 3 inches, and extending in length or depth southward of that width along the west side of said Twenty-third street 55 feet.

II.

All that certain Lot or piece of ground, with the two-story brick Messuage or Tenement thereon erected situated on the northwest corner of Twenty-third and Wright streets, in the Twentieth Ward of the City of Philadelphia; containing in front or breadth on the said Wright street 15 feet 3 inches, and extending in length or depth northward of that width along the west side of said Twenty-third street 40 feet. The above Lots of ground being the easternmost part of a larger lot of ground which Samuel T. Roberts and wife by indenture bearing date the 20th day of July, A. D. 1866, and recorded in the office for recording Deeds, etc., at Philadelphia, in Deed Book L. R. B., No. 196, page 358, etc., granted and conveyed unto the said Christian Stikel in fee.

By the Court.

E. A. MERRICK, Clerk of Orphans' Court.
J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, Auctioneers,
3 30 4 6 20 No. 508 WALNUT Street.

REAL ESTATE.
J. M. GUMMEY & SONS' SALE.

MODERN RESIDENCE, SUMMIT STREET CHESNUT HILL.

On MONDAY, April 22, will be sold at Public Sale, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that certain double Modern Residence, with the lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate in the Twenty-second Ward of the City of Philadelphia; beginning at a stone at the northwest corner of the Chesnut Hill Railroad and Summit street; thence extending along the northeasterly side of the said Railroad north 48 degrees 59 minutes west 204 feet 4⅛ inches to a stone; thence still along the said Railroad north 59 degrees 37 minutes west 65 feet 4⅜ inches to a stone; thence still by the said Railroad north 72 degrees 37 minutes west 38 feet 5⅛ inches to a point; thence by ground of ——— north 41 degrees 1 minute east 264 feet 4½ inches to the southwesterly side of Prospect avenue; thence along the said avenue south 49 degrees 2 minutes east 326 feet 3 inches to the said Summit street; and thence along the northwesterly side of the said Summit street south 41 degrees 25 minutes west 165 feet 2⅛ inches to the first mentioned corner and place of beginning. Has wide hall, clear of stairway through the centre, parlor, library, dining room, and two kitchens on the first floor; 6 chambers on the second floor; bath, heater, range, hot and cold water, two water-closets, gas, etc. etc. Location high, and commanding one of the most extended views from Chesnut Hill; within one hundred and fifty yards from the Railroad Depot. Subject to a yearly ground rent of $330.

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 17 20 2t No. 508 WALNUT Street.

REAL ESTATE.
J. M. GUMMEY & SONS' SALE.

HANDSOME RESIDENCE, with 20 feet side yard, No. 1221 RACE Street.

On MONDAY, April 22, 1867, will be sold at Public Sale, at 12 o'clock, Noon, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that certain three-story brick messuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the north side of Race street, at the distance of 20 feet westward from Jacoby street, in the Tenth Ward of the City of Philadelphia. Containing in front or breadth on said Race street 40 feet, and extending in length or depth of that width 100 feet, through a 20 feet wide street called Winslow street. House is 20 feet front, built and finished throughout in a superior manner, with attics and three-story double back buildings, parlor 42 feet deep, dining-room, kitchen, and out-kitchen on the first floor, two chambers, sitting-room, library, conservatory, and bath-room on the second floor; 4 chambers on the third floor, and two attics; 2 heaters, 2 ranges, bath, water-closet, etc. etc.

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 13 20 No. 508 WALNUT Street.

REAL ESTATE.
J. M. GUMMEY & SONS' SALE.

Desirable LOT and BRICK BUILDINGS, Nos. 1707 and 1709 VINE Street.

On MONDAY, April 22, 1867, at 12 o'clock, Noon, will be sold at Public Sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that certain lot or piece of ground, together with the improvements thereon erected, situate on the north side of Vine street, at the distance of 60 feet westward from Seventeenth street, in the Fifteenth Ward of the city of Philadelphia. Containing in front or breadth on said Vine street 35 feet 8 inches, and extending in length or depth of that width 125 feet through to Pearl street. Improvements consist of a new, substantial brick building, 34 by 26 feet, two stories high, with slate roof, suitable for a factory or coach-house, and a brick office, 12 by 22 feet, fronting on Vine street.

Subject to a yearly ground-rent of $360.

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 13 20 No. 508 WALNUT Street.

REAL ESTATE.—
J. M. GUMMEY & SONS' SALE.

HANDSOME FOUR-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE, Brown-stone Dressings, No. 1331 N. Broad street.

On MONDAY, April 22, 1867, at 12 o'clock M., will be sold at Public Sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that handsome four-story brick residence and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging situate on the easterly side of Broad street, at the distance of 62 feet 9 inches southwardly from Master street, in the Twentieth Ward of the city of Philadelphia; containing in front or breadth on said Broad street 20 feet 9 inches, and extending in length or depth of that width eastwardly 160 feet to Ontario street. Has Mansard roof and three story double back buildings, saloon parlor, dining-room, kitchen, and out-kitchen on the first floor, large sitting-room and library, nine chambers, two bath-rooms, wainscoted with walnut, two heaters, 2 ranges, hot and cold water, stationary wash-basins, water-closets, etc. etc. Built and finished in a superior manner, and papered throughout in excellent style.

Clear of all incumbrance.

$10,500 may remain on mortgage.

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 13 20 No. 508 WALNUT Street.

REAL ESTATE.
J. M. GUMMEY & SONS' SALE.

THREE-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE, No. 513 Pine street.

On MONDAY, April 22, 1867, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold, at Public Sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that certain three-story brick Messuage or Tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the north side of Pine street, No. 513, between Fifth and Sixth streets, in the Fifth Ward of the city of Philadelphia; containing in front or breadth on said Pine street 18 feet, and extending in length or depth of that width 74 feet to a three feet wide alley leading into Fifth street. Has attics, two story double back buildings, bath, hot and cold water, range, etc.

Subject to a yearly ground rent of $72.

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 17 20 2t No. 508 WALNUT Street.

REAL ESTATE.—J. M. GUMMEY & SONS' SALE.—ELEGANT RESIDENCE, with STABLE and COACH HOUSE, No. 912 Walnut street.

On MONDAY May 6th, 1867, will be sold at public sale, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that certain brick messuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate at the southeast corner of Walnut and Raspberry streets, between Ninth and Tenth streets, in the Eighth Ward of the city of Philadelphia; containing in front or breadth on said Walnut street 26 feet, and extending in length or depth on Raspberry street 172 feet to a 25 feet wide street. Subject to the restriction, that there shall not be erected or built upon said lot of ground, between the aforesaid messuage or tenement and the coach house erected on the rear of the hereby granted lot, any building whatever, other than privies, milk and bathing houses, and walls or fences not exceeding 10 feet in height from the surface of the ground, excepting a piazza not to exceed the depth of 13 feet from the back wall of the aforesaid messuage; nor any building or part of a building, other than steps or cellar doors, within 5 feet of the line of said Walnut street. Has large hall, parlors 52 feet in depth, dining room, kitchen, library, 2 chambers, and sitting room on the second floor, 3 chambers on the third floor and attics; handsome marble mantels throughout, heater, low-down grates, range, bath, hot and cold water, water-closet, stationary wash basins, etc. Built and finished throughout in a superior manner, and in excellent repair. Large stable and carriage house, built in the most substantial manner, and with every convenience.

Clear of all incumbrance.

One-half of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, if desired.

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 20 s3t No. 508 WALNUT Street.

SAMUEL C. FORD & SONS, AUCTIONEERS, No. 127 S. FOURTH Street.

Sales of Real Estate, Stocks, Loans, etc., at Philadelphia Exchange, every Friday at 12 o'clock, noon.

Our sales are advertised in all the daily and several of the weekly newspapers, by separate handbills of each property, and by pamphlet catalogues, one thousand of which will be issued on Wednesday preceding each sale.

REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

REAL ESTATE.—SAMUEL C. FORD & SONS' SALE.—VERY VALUABLE BUSINESS STAND.—Five-story Brick OFFICE BUILDING, No. 19 South THIRD Street, below Market. On FRIDAY, April 26, 1867, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at Public Sale, at the PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, all that five-story brick Building and Lot of Ground, situate on the east side of Third street, south of Market street, No. 19, containing in front on Third street 18 feet, and extending in depth 54 feet, more or less.

Clear of all incumbrance.

Terms—$10,000 may remain on mortgage.

The above is situate in a very desirable business neighborhood, and in the most valuable square on Third street.

SAMUEL C. FORD & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 10 13 20 25 No. 127 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.
SAMUEL C. FORD & SONS' SALE.

NEAT MODERN THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING, No. 1016 S. ELEVENTH Street.

On FRIDAY, April 26, 1867, at 12 o'clock, Noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that certain three-story brick messuage with two-story back buildings and lot or piece of ground, situate No. 1016 S. Eleventh street, 16 feet, and in depth 74 feet, to a three feet wide alley. Has ten rooms, hot and cold water, bath and gas.

Terms—$2200 may remain on mortgage.

Immediate possession.

SAMUEL C. FORD & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 13 20 25 No. 127 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.
SAMUEL C. FORD & SONS' SALE.

VALUABLE TIMBER TRACT, Elk county, Pa.

On FRIDAY, April 26, 1867, at 12 o'clock, Noon, will be sold at Public Sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange,

All that certain tract of land, consisting of 112 acres, called "Adam Diller Tract, Warrant 2034, Subdivision Land No. 2," situate in Highland township, Elk county, Pa., 6 miles from Ridgeway, 8 from St. Mary's, 3½ from Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, near Olean road and Spring creek and Clarion river. Very heavily timbered with hemlock, pine, white oak, wild cherry and walnut.

Title perfect.

Clear of all incumbrance.

SAMUEL C. FORD & SONS, Auctioneers,
4 13 20 25 No. 127 S. FOURTH Street.

BY THOMAS BIRCH & SON, NO. 1110 CHESNUT Street, above Eleventh Street.

LARGE SALE OF SHEFFIELD SILVER-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, ETC.

We have just received a large consignment of Joseph Deakin & Son's Sheffield Plated Ware and Table Cutlery, which will be offered at public sales

On Monday and Tuesday Mornings,

At 10 o'clock, comprising a very fine assortment of silver-plated ware and table cutlery, tea and coffee sets, six pieces, with kettles and stands to match; salvers, cake and card baskets, dinner and breakfast castors, in new styles; syrup pitchers, teapot stands, entree dishes, with movable handles; dish covers, soup and oyster tureens, biscuit caddies, toast racks, flower vases, with various colored glass; egg stands, ice pitchers, wine and pickle sets, butter and preserve dishes, nut crackers, knife rests, napkin rings, etc.

Also cases of cutlery, containing full sets of dinner and desserts, fish carvers, in morocco cases; spoons and forks, in plain, rings and beaded patterns.

Also, a very large assortment of ivory-balanced table and tea knives, with game and guard carvers to match.

Full particulars in catalogues. [4 19 3t

SALE OF BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

On Monday Afternoon,

At 3 o'clock, at the auction store, No. 1110 Chesnut street, will be sold, by catalogue, an assortment of blank books, stationery, photograph albums, and miscellaneous books. They will be open for examination on Monday morning. [4 20 2t

SALE OF DIAMOND JEWELRY, FINE WATCHES, ETC.

On Wednesday Morning,

At 11 o'clock, at the Auction Store, will be sold a collection of elegant diamond jewelry, fine gold and silver watches, gold, pearl, coral, and other jewelry, being part of a stock of a jeweller retiring from business. [4 19 4t

PEREMPTORY SALE OF A COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS BY EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN ARTISTS.

On Wednesday Evening,

At 8 o'clock, at the Art Gallery, No. 1110 Chesnut street, will be sold a collection of over one hundred Oil Paintings, by American and European artists.

Catalogues will be ready on Monday, when the Paintings will be open for exhibition. [4 19 4t

B. SCOTT, JR., AUCTIONEER, No. 1020 CHESNUT Street.

AUCTION SALES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

B. SCOTT, Jr., will give his personal attention to sales of household furniture, at the residences of parties removing or breaking up housekeeping, on the most favorable terms.

HIGH-CLASS AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PAINTINGS,

Including the entire importation of
A. D'HUYVETTER, ESQ., OF ANTWERP.

B. SCOTT, Jr., is instructed to announce a sale of highest-class American and Foreign Paintings, including 350 of the best ever offered in this city, and imported recently by A. D'Huyvetter, Esq., of Antwerp. The paintings will be open for exhibition on Monday, the 29th instant.

In consequence of the magnitude of this sale, the Gallery will be closed for two days previous to the exhibition. The sale will be without reserve, and the last important one for the spring of 1867. 4 20tf

PEREMPTORY CLOSING SALE OF SHEFFIELD PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, ETC.

We would respectfully call attention to the peremptory closing sale of Sheffield Plated Goods, received direct from the manufacturers', Sheffield, England, to take place at Scott's Art Gallery, No. 1020 Chesnut street,

On Monday and Tuesday Mornings,

April 22 and 23, at 10 o'clock, embracing newest styles tea and coffee services, water kettles, cake baskets, fruit dishes, wine sets, breakfast and dinner castors, biscuit caddies, pickle stands, soup tureens, entree dishes, oval and round trays, etc. etc.

Also a magnificent assortment of ivory-balanced handle table and tea knives, plated dinner and tea forks, all varieties and patterns, cases cutlery, etc., the whole being the best stock ever imported and offered at public sale in this country. [4 20 2t

A. S. ROBINSON'S
FIRST LARGE SALE OF MANTEL, BIER, AND OVAL MIRRORS,

Of the finest quality of Thick White French Plate Glass, splendidly framed in variety of styles.

Will take place at the Gallery of B. SCOTT, Jr., No. 1020 CHESNUT Street,

On Thursday Morning,

April 25, at 10 o'clock.

The goods will be ready for examination on Monday, April 22, as above. [4 15 6t

GRAND SALE OF FRENCH BRONZE FIGURES, ELEGANT CLOCKS, ITALIAN MARBLE STATUARY, CLASSICAL VASES, ETC. ETC.

The importation of Messrs. Viti Bros. (late Vito Viti & Sons), to take place at Scott's Art Gallery, No. 1020 Chesnut street, on Wednesday, May 1, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and will be continued in the evening at 7½ o'clock. The collection will be ready for examination two days previous to sale. [4 20 9t

PANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUCTIONEERS, No. 240 MARKET STREET.

LARGE POSITIVE SALE OF 750 LOTS AMERICAN AND IMPORTED DRY GOODS, RIBBONS, MILLINERY GOODS, HOSIERY GOODS, NOTIONS, ETC., by Catalogue, on a credit,

On Wednesday Morning,

April 24, commencing at 10 o'clock, comprising a full line of new and desirable goods for present sales. [4 20 2t

C. C. MACKEY, AUCTIONEER, Office No. 421 COMMERCE Street. 2 21tf

BILLIARD ROOMS.

BIRD. BIRD. BIRD.

After several months' preparation, Mr. C. BIRD has opened his new and spacious establishment for the entertainment of his friends and the public in general, at Nos. 605 and 607 ARCH Street.

The first and second floors are fitted up as Billiard Rooms, and furnished with twelve first-class tables, while the appurtenances and adornments comprise everything which can conduce to the comfort and convenience of the players. In the basement are four new and splendid Bowling Alleys, for those who wish to develope their muscle in anticipation of the base-ball season. A Restaurant is attached, where everything in the edible line can be had of the best quality, and at the shortest notice. The following well-known gentlemen have been secured as Assistants, and will preside over the various departments:—

PRESS. O. WOODNUTT,
SAMUEL DOUGLASS,
JOHN HOOD,
WILLIAM E. GILLMORE,
HENRY W. DUNCAN.
PHILIP GRUMBRECHT, Restaurateur.

While Mr. BIRD will hold a careful supervision over all. He ventures to say that, taken all in all, there has nothing ever been started in Philadelphia approaching this establishment in completeness of arrangement and attention to the comfort of the public.

4 8 1m C. BIRD, Proprietor.

Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),
AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING,
NO. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

Price, Three Cents Per Copy (Double Sheet), or Eighteen Cents Per Week, payable to the Carrier, and mailed to Subscribers out of the city at Nine Dollars Per Annum; One Dollar and Fifty Cents for Two Months, invariably in advance for the period ordered.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1867.

The Organization of the Republican Party in the South.

It is no longer a matter of doubt that the Republican party is to be organized in all the Southern States. Indeed, in several of them it has already been organized, and in others steps towards that end are being taken. A great delegate convention, numbering over three hundred members, has been in session for the past two days at Richmond, Virginia, for the organization of the Republican party in that State.

We look upon all these movements with undisguised pleasure. It is better for the country that its political organizations should not be bounded by sectional lines, but should prevail all over the land. The Republican party would long ago have been organized in all the Southern States, had it not been for the fact that, until after the overthrow of slavery, freedom of speech and freedom of the press were not tolerated in that section of the country. The principles of the Republican party were always national: its organization was for a time sectional simply because its enemies compelled it to be so. We should have polled a large vote for Fremont in 1856 in the South had freedom of speech and of the press, instead of mob violence, prevailed there. We should have polled there a still larger vote for Lincoln in 1860, had we not been prevented by violence from doing so. In the old "Union as it was," the South was dominated by the slave oligarchy, and any organization in opposition to its designs was impossible. Now, however, the doors are opened, and the Southern people are at last to be permitted to organize themselves into parties the same as other citizens of the republic. They are not slow in embracing the opportunity, and we shall soon behold a well-organized Republican party in each of the Southern States. It may not be dominant in many of them for some time to come, but it will be of great public utility to have even a sound and intelligent political minority in those States. It will tend to break up Southern unity, and that bad habit which the secession politicians have educated their partisans into indulging, of looking upon "*the South*" as something separate and distinct from the rest of the republic. The Southern people will begin to feel themselves citizens of the Union, and not merely or primarily citizens of their own States. The old sectional feeling will gradually wear out of them and be forgotten.

Hence, if for nothing but for its incidental blessings, we hope that the organization of the Republican party will be triumphantly prosecuted in every Southern State. We look also for more pronounced results, for we believe that there are several of the late Rebel States that will become sound and reliable Republican States, as much so as Iowa or Michigan.

Suffrage in New Jersey.

We publish in full Hon. James M. Scovel's recent letter upon the question of suffrage. It has the right ring, and we trust that his labors in behalf of so wise and just a cause may be the means of accomplishing much good. The old Revolutionary patriots of New Jersey never thought of disfranchising a good, honest, tax-paying citizen on account of his color. They would have spurned such an idea with infinite contempt. From the days of the Revolution down to 1844 the Constitution of New Jersey knew nothing of disfranchisement on account of color. That monstrosity of injustice was the fruit of that later infamous pro-slavery sentiment which so foully disgraced our whole country down to the breaking out of the Rebellion. The remnants of that sentiment still linger, but are fast passing away like mist before the rising sun of equal rights.

The Peabody Educational Fund.

From the circular issued by Dr. Sears, General Agent of the Peabody Educational Fund, we infer that this new and great benefaction is likely to be administered with more than usual discretion. The principle upon which assistance is to be afforded is that of securing, as far as possible, *self-help* on the part of the people. It is intended to operate as a stimulus to their exertions. The direct aim of the Agent will be to encourage and aid common schools in the South, schools established, supported, and superintended by the Southern people themselves. Normal schools will also be regarded with particular favor.

This plan may not appear as imposing as would the erection of some one or more great universities, but it will be of infinitely more benefit to the Southern people. It seeks to reach the masses, and to do it through stimulating the efforts of the people themselves.

Senator Wilson's Southern Tour.—Senator Wilson is about to commence a stumping tour through the principal cities of the South. We anticipate great good from his efforts. The Southern people have heard so many foolish and malignant lies about the "radicals," that they will probably be astonished when they hear the real doctrines of Republicanism from the lips of so wise and dispassionate a speaker as Senator Wilson. They will find that the Republican party is the true friend of the South, seeking its highest political and social good, ready to forgive its past errors, and to welcome it to our new, purified, and regenerated Union.

Democracy in Kentucky.

We learn by telegraph that the Hon. R. T. Baker, Union candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, was prevented from speaking by a gang of returned Rebels at Germantown, Ky., a day or two since. He was warned that violence would be done him if he made the attempt. A part of the town was burned.

Kentucky is a standing example of partisan Democracy, such as now seeks to obtain control of the nation. Its true spirit is acted out there without restraint. It tramples down free speech, and overrides the Constitution and the laws with mob violence. Give the Democratic party power, and the whole South would soon be as badly off as Kentucky is. Suppose it had been a party of freedmen that had prevented some Democratic candidate from speaking, and had burned part of a town, what a howl of indignation would Democratic journals have raised all over the country! How would they have argued from it the unfitness of the black man to exercise the elective franchise! As the work of Kentucky Democrats, nothing will be said about it.

The New York "Herald" in its New Quarters.

The New York *Herald* gives notice to-day that it will be found to-morrow in its new building on Broadway. The change, it says, will be effected quietly between midnight to-night and daybreak to-morrow morning.

The *Herald* is, in many respects, the leading and most successful paper in this country; and with its growth and prosperity there seems to be on the part of its proprietor a higher appreciation of the duties it owes to the public. Some of the best and ablest articles on public topics, whether political, social, or artistic, are now to be found in the columns of the *Herald*.

The Antagonizing of Races.—We agree with our Democratic contemporary when it says that "*No organization that seeks to antagonize the races in the South can lay claim to be the friends of that section.*" And yet this is exactly the work which our contemporary and its party have for a long time been engaged in. No antagonism can be greater than that which necessarily exists between master and slave, and the Democratic party is the great pro-slavery party of this country. Our contemporary opposes the political equality of races at the South, and favors the oppression of one race by another. What is this but seeking to "antagonize the races?" Equal political rights are the great harmonizer of races, and these the Republican party supports.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

"THE WORLD OR YOUR SOUL." By request of the Young Men's Christian Association,
REV. J. W. SCHENCK
will preach on the above subject, in the
THIRD DUTCH REFORMED CHURCH,
ELEVENTH and FILBERT Streets,
on To-morrow (Sunday) Evening, at 7½ o'clock.
Seats free. A cordial invitation to all.

OLD PINE STREET CHURCH, Corner of FOURTH and PINE streets.—Preaching by the Pastor elect, Rev. R. H. ALLEN, To-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock. Installation of the Pastor at 8 o'clock P. M.
To preside—Rev. T. J. Shepherd, D. D.; Sermon by Rev. Frank L. Robbins; Charge to the Pastor, by Rev. Albert Barnes; Charge to the People by Rev. Robert Adair. Former members of the church specially invited.

PREACHING AT THE SPRING GARDEN M. E. CHURCH, To-morrow Morning, at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. JAMES NEILL. At the close of the services a collection will be taken up in aid of the new building of the Bethany Mission for Colored Children, on Brandywine street, above Fifteenth street.

THE THIRD OF THE SERIES OF monthly sermons being delivered before the "Young People's Association of the Tabernacle Baptist Church" of this city, will be delivered at the Church, CHESNUT Street, west of Eighteenth, To-morrow Evening, by Rev. P. S. HENSON. Subject—"The Short Bed." All are invited.

"THE RESURRECTION."—A SERmon on this subject, with appropriate and extra Choral Services, in the CLINTON STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, TENTH Street, below Spruce, To-morrow (Sunday) Evening, at 8 o'clock. "All seats free," and the public cordially invited.

THE WORLD OR YOUR SOUL.—By request of the Young Men's Christian Association, the Rev. J. W. SCHENCK will preach on this subject in the Church, TENTH and FILBERT Streets, To-morrow Evening, at 8 o'clock.

REV. GEORGE DANA BOARDMAN will preach in ATHLETIC HALL, THIRTEENTH Street, above Jefferson, To-morrow Afternoon, at 3½ o'clock. Subject—"Jehovah or Baal." Seats free. All are invited.

EASTER SERMON—"THE EMPTY TOMB."—Rev. H. S. HOFFMAN, pastor of SECOND MORAVIAN CHURCH. Service To-morrow at 10½ A. M. Hall, SIXTH Street and GIRARD avenue. All welcome.

ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH, TWENTIETH and CHERRY Streets.—To-morrow, Easter Day, there will be service at this Church in the Evening at ¼ before 8 o'clock.

ST. ANDREW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Hall, N. E. corner BROAD and ARCH Streets.—Services by Pastor, Dr. STORK, To-morrow, at 10½ A. M. and ¾ of 8 P. M.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, FOURTH Street, below Arch.—Rev. A. COOKMAN, 10½ A.M. and Rev. J. B. MADDOX at 8 P. M. Come, and welcome.

EASTER SERVICE OF THE SUNday School of the ZION P. E. CHURCH, corner of EIGHTH and COLUMBIA Avenue, on Sunday, 21st instant, at 3 P. M.

PREACHING BY REV. J. SPENCER KENNARD, at the TENTH BAPTIST CHURCH, EIGHTH Street, above Green, To-morrow, both Morning and Evening.

CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, LOCUST Street, above Fifteenth.—Preaching To-morrow by Rev. Dr. W. C. CATTELL, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

CHURCH OF THE INTERCESSOR, P. E., SPRING GARDEN Street, below Broad.—The Rector, Rev. J. W. BONHAM, will preach at 10·30 A. M. and 7·30 P. M. Strangers welcome.

CHILDREN'S CHURCH.—THE next sermon to the Young, on "Bible Jewels," at the CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY, To-morrow Afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

GERMANTOWN SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, TULPEHOCKEN and GREEN Streets.—Preaching To-morrow Morning and Evening at the usual hours. Rev. Mr. IJAMS, of Danville, in the Evening.

CHURCH OF THE NEW TESTAMENT, ELEVENTH and WOOD Streets.—Rev. H. S. HOFFMAN, To-morrow, at 3½ P. M.

PREACHING IN HALL, NORTHeast corner RIDGE Avenue and TWENTY-THIRD Street.—Rev. ALFRED NEVIN, D. D., on Sabbath, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

"FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING."—CHIMING BELLS,
BY
CHARLES H. JARVIS.
A new Juvenile Music Book, containing a beautiful arrangement of Parepa's favorite ballad, with a large collection of others equally beautiful, for schools and the social circle. Price, 50 cents, in paper, or 60 cents bound. For sale at the Music stores. Just published by SOWER, BARNES & POTTS,
No. 37 N. THIRD Street.
4 20 stuth6t

TO RENT—THE VERY DESIRABLE Furnished Residence situated No. 110 TULPEHOCKEN Street, Germantown, from June 1 until the 1st day of October or November.
Apply on the premises. 4 20 6t*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[*For additional Special Notices see the Second Page.*]

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.—JOY, COE & CO., Agents for the "TELEGRAPH" and Newspaper Press of the whole country, have REMOVED from FIFTH and CHESNUT Streets to No. 144 S. SIXTH Street second door above WALNUT.
Offices:—No. 144 S. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia. TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, New York. 7 30 4p

OFFICE OF THE
PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL WHARF AND RAILROAD COMPANY,
No. 334 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until June 8, 1867, for grading THREE THOUSAND FEET OF RAILROAD TRACK along the Delaware River front, east of Delaware avenue, in the First Ward.
Plans and specifications can be seen on and after the 22d inst.
11 tp T. S. EMERY, President.

BOOK KEEPING, PENMANSHIP, COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS, etc., taught thoroughly and practically at
CRITTENDEN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
No. 637 CHESNUT Street, corner of Seventh.
Students instructed at such hours as may best suit their convenience. No vacations.

NEARLY READY.—The CRITTENDEN COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC AND COUNTING-HOUSE MANUAL, containing the best and most rapid methods of calculation; forms of the various papers used in business, accompanied by explanations, useful commercial tables, and much valuable business information, indispensable to merchants, business men, book-keepers, clerks, and to teachers and students of book-keeping.
4 15 stuth6t4p S. H. CRITTENDEN & CO.

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, April 20, 1867.
The stated Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the BOARD OF TRADE ROOMS, north side of CHESNUT Street, above FIFTH, on TUESDAY MORNING, the 7th day of May next, at half-past 10 o'clock, after which an Election will be held at the same place for Officers of the Company for the ensuing year. The Election to close at 1 P. M. of the same day.
4 20 14t JAMES S. COX, President.

CAMBRIA IRON COMPANY.—AT A Meeting of the Directors of the Cambria Iron Company, held on April 19, 1867,
A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT.,
free of State tax, on the Capital Stock thereof, was declared, payable at the Office of the Company,
No. 400 CHESNUT STREET,
on and after the 1st of May proximo, to Stockholders of record at the close of this day, or their legal representatives.
JOHN T. KILLE, Secretary.
Philadelphia, April 19, 1867. 4 20 stu3t*

SONS OF ST. GEORGE'S AND ALBION SOCIETIES.—The officers and members of these Societies are requested to meet at the Wetherill House, SIXTH and SANSOM Streets, on MONDAY MORNING next, at 10 o'clock, to attend the funeral of RICHARD SMETHURST, Esq.
JAMES R. WEBB,
Secretary of St. George's Society,
WILLIAM G. BOULTON,
1t* Secretary of Albion Society.

NATURE FIGHTS DISEASE GALlantly; but don't fail to aid her when she is assailed. In all cases when there is a tendency to inflammation, the ally she most needs is TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT. Its effect is to prevent congestion and keep down fever.
4 16 tuths 3trp SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

STEINWAY & SONS'
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES.

STEINWAY & SONS direct special attention to their newly invented "Upright" Pianos, with their "*Patent Resonator*" and *double* Iron Frame, patented June 5, 1866, which, by their volume and exquisite quality of tone, have elicited the unqualified admiration of the musical profession and all who have heard them.

Every Piano is constructed with their Patent Agraffe Arrangement applied directly to the full Iron Frame.

For sale only by
BLASIUS BROTHERS,
3 2 4p No. 1006 CHESNUT Street, Philada.

THE PIANOS WHICH WE MANUfacture recommend themselves. We promise to our patrons clear, beautiful tones, elegant workmanship, durability, and reasonable prices, combined with a full guarantee. For sale only at No. 1017 WALNUT Street.
5 29 UNION PIANO MANUFACTURING CO.

CURTAIN GOODS.
We have on exhibition newly imported English, French, and German Goods, which we are selling at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
LACE CURTAINS,
Reps, Damasks, Plushes, Cornices, Gimps, Tassels, and everything pertaining to the Curtain Trade, together with Piano and Table Covers in great variety.
We also have our usual large stock of
WINDOW SHADES,
Comprising many new and beautiful designs, at prices to suit the most economical.
KELTY, CARRINGTON & CO.,
4 6smw4p No. 723 CHESNUT ST., Philada.

ITCH! TETTER!
AND ALL
SKIN DISEASES.
ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT
Entirely eradicates this loathsome disease, oftentimes
In from 12 to 48 Hours!
SWAYNE'S ALL-HEALING OINTMENT.
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SWAYNE'S ALL-HEALING OINTMENT.
Don't be alarmed if you have the
ITCH, TETTER, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, BARBER'S ITCH,
OR, IN FACT, ANY DISEASE OF THE SKIN.
It is warranted a speedy cure. Prepared by
DR. SWAYNE & SON,
NO. 330 NORTH SIXTH STREET,
Above Vine, Philadelphia.
Sold by all best Druggists 3 2 stuth14p

PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON, EVERY DAY (Sundays excepted).
Fare to Trenton, each way............ 40 cents
All intermediate places, each way............ 25 cents
All intermediate places. Excursion Tickets... 40 cents
APRIL 1867.

Monday,	April 22, 1 P. M.	Monday,	April 22, 5 P. M.
Tuesday,	" 23, 1 "	Tuesday	" 23, 5 "
Wednesday,	" 24, 1½ "	Wednesday,	" 24, 5¼ "
Thursday,	" 25, 1½ "	Thursday,	" 25, 5½ "
Friday,	" 26, 6 A.M.	Friday,	" 26, 9¾ A.M
Saturday,	" 27, 7 "	Saturday,	" 27, 10½ "

Sunday, April 28, to Burlington and Bristol only, leaves Arch street wharf at 8 A. M., and 2 P. M.; leaves Bristol at 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M.

Monday,	April 29, 8 P. M.	Monday,	April 29, 12 M.
Tuesday	" 30, 9 "	Tuesday,	" 30, 1 P. M.

JOSEPH M'MAKIN,
BENJAMIN M'MAKIN, } Proprietors.
Office in Trenton, No. 14 STATE Street. Philadelphia, aboard the Boat. 1t

REMOVAL.
A. & H. LEJAMBRE,
Late No. 1012 Chesnut street, have removed their
FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY WAREROOMS
To No. 1103 CHESNUT STREET,
UP STAIRS. 4 20 3m

GREAT UNIVERSAL EXPOSITION OF PARIS.—Just received, FRENCH MANUAL OF CONVERSATION, with the French pronunciation so clearly figured, that, without teacher or preliminary lessons, an American is able to understand and speak French. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of $2.
LEO DE COLANGE,
1t* No. 121 LEONARD Street, New York.

TIN PLATE, METALS, ETC.

HALL & CARPENTER,
No. 709 MARKET Street,
PHILADELPHIA,
Importers of and Dealers in
TIN PLATE, PIG TIN, PIG LEAD,
AND
ANTIMONY AND SPELTER;
Russia Imitation and American Sheet Iron and Sheet Zinc,
Iron, Steel, Tin, Galvanized Brass and Copper Wire,
SHEET, BOLT, AND INGOT COPPER,
COPPER, TIN AND METALLIC BOTTOMS,
HOOP AND SMALL ROUND IRON,
GALVANIZED HOOP IRON,
Stove Bolts, Brass Kettles,
FILES, CRUCIBLES, AND EMORY,
GALVANIZED SHEET IRON,
SHEET LEAD,
GERMAN BLACK LEAD,
REGISTERS,
Copper, Galvanized and Zinc Nails,
RIVETS OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES.
BRASS, IRON AND SILVER-PLATED CHAIN,
Sheet Brass and Brass Tubing,
BAKE PANS, HOLLOW-WARE,
Tinsmiths' Machines and Tools,
AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
STOVEMAKERS'
AND
TINSMITHS' SUPPLIES.

Sole Agents for Dixon's celebrated Black Lead Crucibles and Stove Polish.

Also, Sole Agents for Brown & Brothers' (unequalled in quality and finish) Brass Tubing, Brass and Copper Wire, Sheet Brass, Locomotive Tubes, Copper Rivets, German Silver, Sheet and Wire, etc. etc., all of which we are prepared to supply at lowest manufacturers' prices.

Sheet, Copper, Sheet Brass, Brass Tubing, and Locomotive Tubes of any size, shape, or thickness, made to order at short notice.

TO THE TRADE.

Having withdrawn from the firm of N. & G. Taylor Co. (in connection with whom I have been so long and favorably known), I have associated with me Mr. George W. Carpenter, Jr. (also for a long time employed in the same house), and taken the Store, No. 709 MARKET Street, where I have now opened, with a full assortment of Goods as set forth in the above advertisement.

To my old friends I need no recommendation, and to all who are disposed to favor me with a trial, I feel confident that my experience of twenty-two years in the business has taught me to know the wants of the trade, and the ability to supply them.

Respectfully yours,
AUGUSTUS R. HALL.

Mr. EDWARD C. HALL, for many years employed in the house of N. & Taylor Co., will also accompany me to my new place of business.

A. S. ROBINSON'S First Large Sale of MANTEL, PIER, and OVAL MIRRORS of finest quality of THICK WHITE FRENCH PLATE GLASS, Splendidly Framed, will take place at the Art Gallery of B. SCOTT, Jr., No. 1020 CHESNUT Street, on THURSDAY MORNING, April 25, at 10 o'clock.

The Goods will be open for examination on Monday Morning, April 22, as above. [4 18 7tr

A CHANCE IN SILVER MINING
SELDOM OFFERED.
A Safe and Sure Investment.
THE CORONA SILVER MINING CO.
OF
Lander Hill, Austen, Nevada.
OFFICE:
No. 243 South SIXTH Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

PRESIDENT.
CHARLES WELSH.
TREASURER.
WILLIAM F. ANDERSON.
DIRECTORS.
CHARLES WELSH,
WM. F. PATTERSON, M. D.,
ROBERT P. KING,
T. W. SMITH,
WM. F. ANDERSON,
CHARLES MATTHEWS, M. D.,
JOHN W. DE BARGER,
JAMES F. REED.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Corona Silver Mining Company, it was

Resolved, That in order to raise a further working capital, Two Thousand Five Hundred Shares of the Capital Stock be sold at the price or sum of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE.

Resolved, That the remainder of the WORKING CAPITAL SHALL NOT BE SOLD AT A LESS SUM THAN AT PAR, OR TEN DOLLARS PER SHARE.

Call or send for Circular.
WM. J. RAINNIE, SECRETARY,
4 13 swt14p* NO. 243 SOUTH SIXTH ST.

CHOICE WINES.

A large and fresh assortment of Champagne and other Wines, just received, consisting of

VEUVE CLICQUOT; CARTE D'OR; MOET & CHANDON'S GREEN SEAL; MUMM'S PRIVATE STOCK; IMPERIAL ROSE; CABINET AND DRY VERZENAY; BOUCHE FILL'S; HEIDSIECK & CO.; KUPFERBERG'S SPARKLING RHINE WINES; FINE GERMAN HOCKS; TABLE CLARETS; FINE CORDIALS, ETC.

All of which we offer at the agents' prices in New York, and liberal discounts to the trade.

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,
S. W. COR. BROAD AND WALNUT STS.,
9 14 tuths4p] PHILADELPHIA.

$20 REWARD.—LOST, ON WEDNESDAY afternoon, April 17th, a BLACK BAG containing lady's wearing apparel. Any person returning the same to C. M. Geoy, New York Hotel, Walnut street will receive the above reward. 4 19 3t*

THE OLD PATROON; OR, THE GREAT VAN BROEK PROPERTY.
BY JAMES A. MAITLAND.
AND RIDDELL'S MODEL ARCHITECT!
And other New Books Published This Day, by
T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

I.
THE OLD PATROON;
OR, THE GREAT
VAN BROEK PROPERTY.
BY JAMES A. MAITLAND,

Author of "The Watchman," "The Wanderer," "The Diary of an Old Doctor," "The Lawyer's Story," "Sartaroe," "The Two Cousins," etc.

Complete in one large Duodecimo Volume. Bound in Green and Wine Morocco Cloth. Price, $1·50 in paper, or $2·00 in cloth.

JAMES A. MAITLAND'S OTHER WORKS.

The Watchman	$1 50	Diary of an Old Doctor	1 50
The Wanderer	1 50	Sartaroe	1 50
The Lawyer's Story	1 50	The Three Cousins	1 50

Above are in paper cover, or in cloth at $2·00 each.

II.
ARCHITECTURAL DESIGNS
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Model Country Residences.

Illustrated by Twenty-two Colored Drawings of Elevations, and Forty-four Plates of Ground Plans, including First and Second Stories, accompanied by General Descriptions, Specifications, and Estimates, prepared expressly for persons who contemplate building, and for Artisans throughout the United States.

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Martin Chuzzlewit	75	American Notes	75
Barnaby Rudge	75	Pic Nic Papers	75
Dickens' New Stories	75	Somebody's Luggage	25
Bleak House	75	Tom Tiddler's Ground	25
Old Curiosity Shop	75	The Haunted House	25
Joseph Grimaldi	75		

Besides the above edition of the Works of Charles Dickens, T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS publish, and have for sale at the present time, *Twenty-one* other editions of the Complete Works of Charles Dickens, comprising everything ever written by him, and sold at prices varying from $15 to $125 a set, according to the edition, illustrations, and style of binding, to all of which editions we invite the attention of the public generally.

All Books sent postage paid on receipt of retail price.

All Books published are for sale by us the moment they are issued from the press, at publisher's prices. Call in person, or send for whatever books you want to

T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
1t4p] No. 306 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

READ! READ!
THE
WATER-PROOF SHIRT FRONT.
WHAT IS IT?
It is a neat White Shield for
the breast, prettier than linen,
intended to be worn over your
undershirt, and which, when soiled,
may be quickly restored to its original
purity by a wet towel or sponge.
It will save you time; will
save you trouble, save
money, vexation
and toil.

FOR SALE
AT THE
FURNISHING STORES.
WITH A
WATER-PROOF
SHIRT FRONT,
AND A FEW UNDERSHIRTS,
YOU MAY GO
To Paris and back without a White Shirt.

You will never have a rumpled bosom;
You will always preserve a clean appearance;
You may travel without annoyance;
Without your trunk full of dirty shirts;
You need not stop to wash up.
THUS, TOO,
You will save in hotel bills;
Save in cost of Shirts;
Save in washing;
Save in labor;
Save in soap;
Save in coal;
Save too
The vexation and confusion consequent in the weekly preparation of your linen and preserve the temper of your wife.

MANUFACTORY:
No. 44 South THIRD St.,
4 20 stuth12t SECOND STORY.

CEDAR CAMPHOR
Stifles all insects that breathe through their skins. Excellent defense against Clothes-Moths. Sold by Druggists everywhere. HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston. 1t

FOR SALE—AN EXPRESS WAGON, HAS run six months; made by Fulton. Address "Wagon," for three days, at this Office. 4 18 3t

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE THIRD PAGE.]

A BURGLARIOUS OPERATION.—Some time during last night some persons unknown effected an entrance into Landreth & Son's Seed and Plant Store, Nos. 21 and 23 S. Sixth street. They reached the second-story window of the rear part of the building by means of an iron railing. They forced the window open, passed down stairs into the store, and commenced operations on a fire-proof in the rear part of the establishment, taking the precaution, however, to remove some large desks, tables, boxes, etc., to the centre of the store, in order to shut off all possible ocular observation by parties on front without, as to the operations going on in the rear.

But to get at the fire proof they found a more difficult matter than they had imagined. They first attempted to make an entrance by taking away a portion of the thick brick wall which surrounded it, as did the burglars in the robbery of Cochran's establishment on Walnut street, in the early part of the year. These endeavors were futile, the wall was too thick, the mortar too hard, their tools not good enough. So they went to work at the door, and, with the aid of a drill, tripod-shaped, the middle tyne being a screw and the outer ones cutters, they succeeded in taking out a piece of the inner door two inches in diameter, and half an inch in thickness. This door was unbolted, but they were brought face to face with a more formidable one, and seeing no hope of getting through it, decamped without getting anything.

HALL & CARPENTER'S EXTENSIVE IRON AND HARDWARE ESTABLISHMENT.—We notice the advent into our business circles of a new firm, that of Messrs. Hall & Carpenter. The former has been long associated with the firm of N. & G. Taylor Co., with whom he has become favorably known to our citizens, and the latter is well known to the business community. They have taken the large store, No. 709 Market street, which has been fitted up to suit the business for which it is to be used, and having all the various departments required in an institution keeping a full and complete stock of metals and hardware. They have just opened, and their stock, for quality, quantity, and reasonable prices, cannot be surpassed. They are importers from the European provinces of tinplate, pig tin, pig lead, and antimony, and dealers in all the various qualities of imitation and American sheet-iron and zinc. Iron, cast and wrought, in whatever size desired, square and rolled; steel, of every grade; galvanized brass and copper, that will effectually resist the corrodings of time; and copper in sheets, and bolts, and ingots, are and will be kept constantly on hand. There will also be found the various etceteras required about the household department, every description of metallic bottoms, bolts of every size, and brass kettles and crucibles in almost endless array. In fact, they have everything in the department of hardware which can only be found in an establishment fully equipped, and it is with pleasure that we notice their new establishment, feeling assured from their success in the past that they will be fully able to meet all the wants of their patrons most satisfactorily.

A GENERAL RAMPAGE AND RUMPUS.—Last evening word was brought in to Lieutenant Connelly, of the Fifth District, that a party of persons were engaged in all kinds of misdemeanors in the vicinity of Seventh and South, and Eighth and Lombard streets. The Lieutenant started out with a posse of men, and arrested thirteen of the unruly persons, who were spreeing it, fighting, and defacing each other and the surrounding property in an unwarranted manner. The party was found to be a conglomeration of whites and blacks, of all ages, and each more or less drunk. Alderman Swift held them in $300 bail each to keep the peace hereafter, and fined each individual for imbibing too freely of the ardent. These spasmodical raids of well-known characters, who delight to defy all law, order, and peace, are every day becoming more rare under the vigilance of our police officers, who keep a strict watch upon all disorderlies and hard cases.

THE DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT OF EPSTEIN & HAINES.—It is with pleasure that we call the attention of the public to the well filled establishment of Messrs. Epstein & Haines, occupying the buildings Nos. 113 and 113½ N. Ninth street. Being the successors of the late firm of Owen Evans & Co., they have entirely reorganized and refitted their dry goods department, and placed within it an endless variety of substantial fabrics to clothe for warmth, and most suitable for ornamentation. The store of late has been jammed with patrons, who understand full well the great bargains they are making in purchasing durable goods at moderate prices. For the spring trade, all manner of spring goods have been received, colored and white, endless in quantity, and unsurpassed in quality, which invite a call from all desiring to purchase.

RECKLESS DRIVING is a very common occurrence in our streets, although the individuals so engaged soon have justice meted out to them. James Horton is the runner of a sprinkling cart, which bears the imposing label on one side, "Be temperate." But James considered that this applied to hard drinkers only, and that he could, without violating any rules, drive as he desired. This he did yesterday afternoon; the horse went it, the wagon rolled over the pavement in a manner unprecedented, and the water flew out of the sprinkler in a perfect shower, raising instead of allaying the dust. When near Twelfth and Market streets he struck a coal wagon, tilting it over, bearing the driver of that concern to the street, and severely injuring him. For this James was arrested, and held by Alderman Jones in $600 bail to answer.

A MERITORIOUS DISCOVERY. — Every judicious housekeeper justly holds in high estimation the great utility of a superior kitchen range. This large class of the community will be gratified to learn that Mr. J. S. Clark, the well-known inventor of the best and most celebrated improvements in stoves and ranges, has perfected and is now introducing his Gold Medal Range, which is pronounced by the most competent judges to be far superior to all others.

The merits of this highly improved range consist in its great economy of fuel, its simplicity and convenience of management, and the efficiency and quickness with which it performs the important processes of cooking and baking. It will heat water for a bath-room, and will heat three rooms comfortably. Send for a circular. J. S. Clark, 1008 Market street.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ORPHANS.—Governor Geary, we learn, has done a very handsome thing. It is this. The law recently enacted for the maintenance and education of Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans, in our Commonwealth, provides for the appointment of a lady assistant to the General Superintendent, and this appointment Governor Geary, without solicitation, has conferred on Mrs. E. W. Hutter, of this city, the appointment to take effect from the 1st of May. The services of Mrs. Hutter, as President of the Board of Managers of the Northern Home for Friendless Children, during a period of more than fifteen years, her many valuable offices of kindness rendered to the soldiers, her labors in all our causes of charity, eminently qualify her for this responsible post.

A NOVEL THEME.—"The Short Bed" is the title of the third of a series of monthly sermons, to be delivered before the Young People's Association of the Tabernacle Baptist Church, Chesnut street, west of Eighteenth, on to-morrow evening, 21st inst., at which time Rev. P. S. Henson, pastor of the Broad Street Baptist Church, will preach upon the above subject.

ARREST OF COUNTERFEITERS.—Robert Cooper, alias "Bob Bridley," and Henry Stewart, two alleged sellers of counterfeit currency, were arrested this morning by United States Deputy Marshal Sharkey. They will have a hearing before United States Commissioner Sergeant this afternoon.

PREPARING FOR EASTER.—This morning a youth named John Quin was arrested at Third and Read streets, for purloining a quantity of eggs from a barrel in front of a store in that vicinity, yesterday afternoon. Alderman Lutz held him in $500 bail to answer.

APPOINTMENT.—Captain Horace Binney, Jr., and First Lieutenant William F. Gardner, late of the 118th (Corn Exchange) Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, having creditably passed the Examining Board, have received their commissions in the Regular army.

LARCENY OF POTATOES.—George Spence, aged twenty-seven, was arrested at Dock street and Delaware avenue this morning about 7 o'clock, for stealing some potatoes, of not much value. Alderman Butler committed him in default of $300 bail.

THE CROQUET SEASON is just opening, and the game will be even more popular this summer than ever before. Our friends who are in need of a set of croquet implements cheap, are referred to the advertisement of Mr. J. Parker, the American manufacturer of these implements, at Germantown, which will be found elsewhere. Orders may be left with J. B. Lippincott & Co., No. 715 Market street, or with Mr. Albert Reach, No. 404 Chesnut street.

WE ARE SELLING

Cassimere Suits, all wool, as low as	$10 00
" " better, for	12 00
" " " "	15 00
Black Suits, all wool, as low as	18 00
" " better for	20 00
" " " "	25 00

Advancing from these, we have all grades and prices up to the finest and best of French and English fabrics, surpassed by none for style and fit, and manufactured with especial care by the best workmen in the city. Persons accustomed to having their goods made to order can save 25 to 33 per cent. by selecting from our ready-made stock, and secure garments equal in all respects.

HALF-WAY BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STS. } BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, No. 518 MARKET ST.

INTERESTING LETTER FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, April 12, 1867.

Sir:—In accordance with the provisions of an Act of Congress, a Board was appointed to consider the propriety of accepting such a valuable present from your city, in connection with the League Island gift.

The Board has directed me to say that they have determined to accept the suit offered by you for the officers who had charge of the League Island business, and at your price, which they consider low, comparatively a gift, with all the *rip*-arian privileges pertaining thereto.

After a very careful examination of all the questions involved, and prices, they have authorized me to say that the clothing may be sent on in separate packages, each one marked C. O. D., and the amount will be returned in legal-tenders of the United States.

All of the officers who were in your city expressed themselves highly delighted with the beauty and style of your goods, and say they will always order their clothing from you. Mrs. Welles is highly pleased with the new Spring Overcoat. Very Respectfully,

GIDEON WELLES,
Secretary of the Navy.

To CHARLES STOKES & CO.,
Clothiers, under the Continental Hotel,
Philadelphia.

ICE PITCHERS.—Among the specialties manufactured by the celebrated John O. Mead & Sons, and sold at the N. E. corner of Ninth and Chesnut streets, are Ice Pitchers, of new and elegant designs. This enterprising firm have paid great attention to the manufacture of these indispensable articles, which will be in universal demand during the coming summer months. Parties desiring to purchase, by calling at the establishment, can select from over one hundred different styles of Ice Pitchers, all of which are substantially made and beautifully ornamented. An advantage in dealing with this firm consists in the fact that they are gentlemen who have made their particular line of business a life-long study, and they are prompt in taking advantage of any improvements or inventions in everything connected with the manufacture of silver-plated ware of all descriptions. The well-earned reputation of the firm in question for fair dealing is a sufficient guarantee that all purchases made at their establishment will be exactly as represented. Hundreds of our best families can indorse the truth of the statements made above, and we advise all parties in quest of articles in their line of business to give this establishment a call before purchasing elsewhere. All the old members of the firm of John O. Mead & Sons can be found at the N. E. corner of Ninth and Chesnut streets.

☞ $8, $10, $12, $14, $16, $20.
☞ $8, $10, $12, $14, $16, $20.
☞ $8, $10, $12, $14, $16, $20.
☞ $8, $10, $12, $14, $16, $20.
SPRING OVERCOATS. ☜
SPRING OVERCOATS. ☜
SPRING OVERCOATS. ☜
SPRING OVERCOATS. ☜
☞ SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS.
☞ SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS.
☞ SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS.
☞ SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS.
SPECIAL CARD.

☞ THE REASON WE SELL AT SUCH LOW PRICES is the purchase of Large Lots of Goods DIRECT from Importers and Manufacturers, and the recent decline at the mills enables us to offer our Spring and Summer Clothing for Men and Boys at EXTREMELY LOW Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,
POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE,
THE CORNER OF SIXTH AND MARKET STS.

G. S. C. E.

An unusually large and choice stock of Clothing for spring wear is exhibited by the G. S. C. E. at the present time. We have taken much pains in selecting styles, and in the getting up of our garments this season, and are able to offer to our patrons and the public generally an assortment of Walking Coats, Morning and Evening Coats, Sacks, Spring Overcoats, Vests, and Pants of every grade, equal in style, make, and finish to the best customer work, and of course at *much lower prices*.

For those who prefer to have their clothing made to order, we have a custom department, in charge of cutters whose skill and taste are unexcelled, and supplied with an elegant variety of piece goods of all descriptions. We invite an early call. PERRY & Co.,
Star Clothing Emporium,
No. 609 Chesnut street, above Sixth.

PARASOLS! PARASOLS! NEW STYLES!—Parasols, in all colors and styles, plain and beaded. Also, the latest French satin goods, lined with richest colored silks, and a full line of sunshades, of excellent make, can now be had at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, at John M. Finn's, southeast corner Arch and Seventh streets.

Also the following
CHEAP AND DESIRABLE GOODS, in full lines:—
Plaid Nainsooks and Cambrics.
Plain do. do. do.
Swiss and Hamburg Edgings.
Nottingham Curtains, auction prices.
Hemstitched and Plain Handkerchiefs.
Stockings, good, at lowest prices.
Dunbar Linens, very low.
Dress Trimmings, Dress Trimmings, all the varieties.
Buttons, splendid assortment, at
JOHN M. FINN'S,
S. E. corner Arch and Seventh streets.

WHAT IS MORE COMMON OR DISTRESSING THAN A BILIOUS ATTACK? Who is not familiar with the well-known symptoms—Oppression across the Stomach and Chest, Low Spirits, Restlessness, Gloominess of Mind, Weariness, Dull Headache, Dirty, Greasy Appearance of the Skin, Yellow Tinge of the White of the Eyes, Loss of Appetite, and Costiveness? Few, indeed, of the more ordinary ills of life are more widely prevalent than these Bilious Disorders, and yet they may readily be got rid of by using Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills, by whose operation the Liver will be rapidly restored to healthy action, the vitiated secretions of the Stomach changed, all Costiveness removed, and the whole system assisted in recovering its normal condition. Sold by all Druggists. Prepared only at No. 242 Chesnut street.

HENRY'S PATENT CORDER AND STITCHER can be applied to the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines, and is not confined, as erroneously stated last week, to the Elliptic. The Elliptic Sewing Machine is manufactured by the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, and is constructed with all the improvements and attachments of the machines that bear their stamp, and for simplicity and durability cannot be excelled. Persons owning the old Sloat machines, and desirous of having them altered and improved to the present improved style, should apply at the office of the Elliptic Sewing Machine, No. 920 Arch street, where Henry's Corder and Stitcher can be seen in successful operation.

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.—From the reports of the dealers in this city, we think no proprietary medicine has had a larger sale. Its valuable properties as a speedy cure for pain cannot fail to be generally appreciated, and no family should be without it, in case of accident or sudden attack of dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera-morbus; and even Asiatic cholera yields to its magic power.—*Montreal Transcript.*

WE WELCOME to our columns again our old friend Dr. Humphreys and his Specific Homœopathic Remedies. We have known the Dr. for many years, and know him as a conscientious Christian gentleman and an accomplished physician. We have used his Specifics ourselves, and they are used extensively among our friends, and are free to say that they are all that they claim to be—invaluable Family Medicines. All who have the pleasure of Dr. H.'s acquaintance know that he would offer nothing to the public unless it was fully up to the standard of recommendation.—*Buffalo Christian Advocate.*

DEPOT, No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

OUR OBJECT in offering Oxygenated Air as a remedy to the sick and afflicted is not to make money, but to directly and immediately benefit those who place themselves under the system of treatment we know to be saving. Of course, money is needed to carry on our business, but pecuniary gain is not our object. We know we *can* cure Throat and Lung Diseases. Thousands who *have* been cured are willing to testify to the sure and radical benefits they have received. H. J. HARTWELL, M. D.,
No. 1210 Spruce street.

HOOP SKIRTS! HOOP SKIRTS!—
Hoop Skirts, of our own and Bradley's make, in all the latest styles, constantly on hand.
Notice.—All skirts of *our own* make we *warrant to keep in repair* for six months.
Orders promptly filled.
Also,
Corsets, Corsets, whalebone, good, at lowest prices, at JOHN M. FINN'S,
S. E. corner Arch and Seventh streets.

FURNITURE SLIPS OR COVERS.—A large assortment of linen and chintz of every shade and quality, for slips. Can be sold cheaper than at any house in town. Thoroughly competent hands to make, cut, and fit them, at W. Henry Patten's, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

"WELL, WELL, I'M BECOMING BALD, AND CAN'T HELP IT," is frequently expressed by those whose hair is leaving them. Now this is all a mistake. Jayne's Hair Tonic, faithfully applied, will preserve the hair from falling off, remove all dirt and dandruff, prevent premature greyness, cure eruptive diseases of the scalp, and by continued use reclothe the head with new and beautiful hair. Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne & Son, No. 242 Chesnut street.

SHADES,
Curtains,
Awnings,
Bedding,
Upholstery,
At PATTEN'S,
No. 1408 Chesnut street.

SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, ETC.—The special attention of the trade is called to the large and desirable sale of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Balmorals, etc.; also, a large assortment of Felt Hats, to be sold by catalogue, for cash, on Monday morning, April 22, commencing at 10 o'clock, by McClelland & Co., successors to Philip Ford & Co., auctioneers, No. 506 Market street.

AUCTION CURTAINS.—A large assortment of every kind of Curtain, from the heaviest *French* lace, cheap at sixty dollars, to the lowest price. Nottingham Curtain, one dollar.
W. HENRY PATTEN'S,
No. 1408 Chesnut street.

LATEST FROM SOUTH AMERICA.—
Pure Curled Hair Mattresses,
And every description of Bedding.
J. G. FULLER,
No. 932 Ridge Avenue,
Near Vine street.

MAY COUPONS,
GOLD, AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES
Wanted by
DREXEL & CO.,
No. 34 S. Third street.

CHARLES OAKFORD & SONS, Continental Hotel, have opened an assortment of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Fancy Hats and Caps—splendid goods. Also, all the novelties in Hats for Gentlemen and Youth.

SHADE AND CURTAIN STORE.—A very elegant assortment of new Shades, new designs, new tints, to be sold at the lowest prices, at W. Henry Patten's, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

TEAS—Choice, Pure, and Cheap, at
FAIRTHORNE'S,
No. 205 North Ninth street.

VERANDAH AWNINGS! VERANDAH AWNINGS!—Striped Awnings for windows, at Patten's, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

DEPOT FOR THE SALE of Lash's Five-dollar Washing Machines, Clothes-Wringers, and Step Ladders, No. 727 Market street, Philadelphia.
J. S. LASH & CO.

CONRAD BROTHERS, Dealers in Gents' Furnishing Goods, Toilet and Fancy Articles, No. 1107 Chesnut street, Girard Row, Philadelphia.

SEE the auction Lace Curtains, truly elegant and very cheap, at Patten's, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

A CURE FOR RHEUMATISM WORTH SEEING.—S. Kilpatrick, No. 1744 Olive street, cured by Dr. Fitler's Remedy. No cure, no pay.

WINDOW SHADES ONE DOLLAR, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

WHAT FEELS BETTER than a comfortable, easy, and good fitting shirt, such as the model Shoulder-Seam Shirt manufactured by McIntire & Brother, Variety, Zephyr, and Gents' Furnishing, No. 1035 Chesnut street?

SPRING CLOTHING
FOR
MEN AND BOYS
now ready.
LARGE ASSORTMENT
and
LOW PRICES.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE,
OAK HALL,
S. E. Cor. SIXTH and MARKET Streets.

MARRIED.

RULE—ARMSTRONG.—On the 17th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. M. R. Watkinson, Mr. CHARLES S. RULE, of South Brunswick, N. J., and Miss DEBBIE K., youngest daughter of Deacon Isaac Armstrong, of Camden, N. J.

SCOTT—PAINTER.—On the 15th instant, by the Rev. John Y. Mitchell, Mr. E. WALTER SCOTT to Miss NELLIE PAINTER, both of this city.

WATSON—MALLOCH.—On Wednesday evening, April 17, 1867, by the Rev. Mr. W. H. Furness, Mr. GEORGE W. WATSON to Miss SALLIE E. MALLOCH, both of this city. *

DIED.

SMETHURST.—On the morning of the 18th instant, RICHARD SMETHURST, in the 65th year of his age.

His relatives and the male friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of William Curry, No. 505 Pine street, on Monday, the 22d instant, at 10 o'clock A. M. Services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Third street, below Walnut, at 11 o'clock precisely. Interment at Laurel Hill. **

WILLIAMSON.—On the morning of the 17th instant, SARAH E., relict of the late Hon. Nicholas G. Williamson, of Wilmington, Del., in the 81st year of her age.

Her relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, William D. Baker, West Philadelphia, on Monday [illegible] instant, at 8½ o'clock A. M. To proce[illegible] ton, Del. The relatives and [illegible] meet at 1 o'clock [illegible] at Fourth and [illegible]

BRAN[illegible] NAMES [illegible] Letter and Name Punches for star[illegible] into metal, Stencil Plates for mark[illegible]xes, bags, or clothing, furnished to order by
TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

BRASS BOLTS OF A VARIETY OF SIZES: Brass, Silver-Plated and Iron Door Chains, and strong Wrought-Iron Bolts for outside doors, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

FINELY POLISHED LAUNDRY, BOSOM, Ruffle, Cap, and Sad Irons, Hatters' Irons and Tailors' Geese, for sale by
TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

INSURE YOUR LIFE
IN THE
AMERICAN
Life Insurance Company,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE, [4 18 5p
S. E. CORNER FOURTH AND WALNUT.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILated and Easy-fitting DRESS HATS (patented), in all the approved fashions of the season. CHESNUT Street, next door to the Post Office. 9 15§

JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,
FASHIONABLE HATTERS,
No. 25 S. NINTH Street,
First Store above Chestnut street. [4 9§

FOSTER,
FASHIONABLE HATTER,
4 11 6m5p] No. 7 S. SIXTH Street.

JOSEPH FUSSELL,
Manufacturer of
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,
No. 2 and 4 N. FOURTH Street,
4 17 2m5p Philadelphia.

HORSE-COVERS, LAP RUGS, WOOL MATS, } Spring and Summer Styles Very Cheap. Big Horse in the Door. KNEASS,
4 11 tuths5p] No. 631 MARKET Street.

RODGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET KNIVES, Pearl and Stag Handles, of beautiful finish. RODGERS' and WADE & BUTCHER'S RAZORS, and the celebrated LECOULTRE RAZOR SCISSORS of the finest quality.
Razors, Knives, Scissors, and Table Cutlery Ground and Polished at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 TENTH Street, below Chesnut 2 8 5p§

FINE CHOCOLATE.
FINE CHOCOLATE for Table Use, superior in quality to any in the market.
STEPHEN F. WHITMAN,
Manufacturer of Specialties in Fine Chocolate,
4 10 1m NO. 1210 MARKET STREET.

PATENT WIRE WORK
FOR RAILINGS, STORE FRONTS,
GUARDS, PARTITIONS, ETC.
COAL SCREENS, FOURDRINIER WIRES, ETC.
Manufactured by
M. WALKER & SONS,
2 27 rm No. 11 N. SIXTH Street.

NO. 600 ARCH STREET. 600
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS,
ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
JAPANNED WARE,
WOODEN-WARE.
GRIFFITH & PAGE
4 10§ NO. 600 ARCH STREET.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED! THE true remedy at last discovered! "Upham's Fresh Meat Cure," prepared from the formula of Prof. Trousseau, of Paris, cures Consumption, Lung Diseases, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Marasmus, General Debility, and all morbid conditions of the system dependent on deficiency of Vital Force. It is pleasant to the taste, and a single bottle will convince the most skeptical of its virtue as the great healing remedy of the age. $1 a bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold wholesale and retail by S. C. UPHAM, No. 25 South EIGHTH Street, and all principal Druggists. Sent by express. Circulars sent free. 1 31 thsm3m

HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
BEVERAGE OF HEALTH.
Letter from W. H. McCormack, Esq., No. 238 West Fifty-second street.
"NEW YORK, Feb. 28, 1867.
"To L. HOFF, Esq.:—I have found your Malt Extract the best antagonist against troubles of the stomach. Its great superiority over all tonics and appetizers that we have used is certain, and I cannot but wish that your wholesome beverage may come into universal use, as it merits the preference over all spirituous tonics of the day." [3 22 fsmw
Sold by all Druggists. Wholesale Agent, WARD J. CAFFEE, Drug Broker and Commission Merchant, Southeast Corner of CHESNUT and FRONT Streets

REMOVED.
JOHN THORNLEY,
INDIA RUBBER AND GUTTA PERCHA MANUFACTORY
No. 503 CHESNUT STREET,
Above Fifth, North Side,
Opposite the Mayor's Office (formerly at No. 311),
PHILADELPHIA.
MACHINE BELTING, STEAM PACKING, ENGINE HOSE.
And all other articles of Vulcanized India Rubber used for Mechanical and Manufacturing purposes. 4 1 lmrp*

BEDDING
AND
Feather Warehouse,
TENTH STREET, BELOW ARCH.
Feathers of all qualities, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Straw, Husk, Hair, and Spring Mattresses.
A large assortment of Blankets, Comfortables, and Bed Quilts, of all kinds. Marseilles Counterpanes, of very handsome patterns, from the lowest price to the finest quality.
Spring Beds and Spring Cots, Iron Bedsteads of all sizes.
CHURCH CUSHIONS made to order.
All goods sold at the very lowest market prices always.
AMOS HILLBORN,
No. 44 North TENTH Street,
Below Arch.
N. B.—A large stock of Window Shades, of every quality, from the cheapest to the handsomest made. 3 2stuth3m5p

CROQUET! CROQUET!
CROQUET.
CROQUET SETS, COMPLETE, $7·50.
CROQUET SETS, COMPLETE, 8·50.
CROQUET SETS, COMPLETE, 10·00.
CROQUET SETS, COMPLETE, 11·50.
CROQUET SETS, COMPLETE, 12·50.
Ladies and gentlemen in want of a good set of Croquet at a fair price should send direct to the Factory, No. 4960 GERMANTOWN Avenue, Germantown.
Samples may be seen and left with:—
Mr. A. REACH, No. 404 CHESNUT Street.
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., No. 715 MARKET Street.
GEORGE DOLL & CO., No. 14 N. SIXTH Street.
CRICKET, ARCHERY, BASE-BALL GOODS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Address
J. PARKER,
4 23t2 GERMANTOWN, Pa.

JAMES M'MULLAN,
SUCCESSOR TO
J. V COWELL & SON,
[illegible]ND RECEIVING DAILY, A
[illegible] DRY GOODS.
The facilities he has for supplying his customers with the BEST GOODS at the LOWEST RATE are unsurpassed.
He has now a full line of LINEN SHEETINGS, at reduced prices. Also,
PILLOW-CASE LINENS.
TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS.
TABLE DAMASK by the yard
TOWELS AND TOWELLING by the yard,
MARSEILLES, LANCASTER, HONEYCOMB and ALLENDALE QUILTS.
FLANNELS, greatly reduced in price.
SHEETING AND SHIRTING MUSLINS.
FURNITURE CHINTZES AND DIMITIES.
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS.
TAILANET by the yard.
WHITE GOODS SELLING OFF CHEAP.
RICHARDSON'S LINENS always a specialty.
All goods warranted to be what they are sold for, at the [4 20
S. W. COR. SEVENTH AND CHESNUT.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY,
Latest and Most Important Discoveries in the Treatment of Chronic Diseases.
DR. S. W. BECKWITH'S
ELECTRICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 1220 WALNUT Street.

During our investigations in the treatment of disease in its various forms by the agency of electricity, we have obtained very many valuable and startling facts, which, added to the previous though limited information possessed by other and less fortunate operators, place us beyond all previous knowledge of this mysterious agent. During the course of our practice we have treated and cured, through the knowledge thus gained, many thousands, and by means of our new discoveries have established ourselves as the most successful Medical Electricians in this country or Europe.

Electrical investigation has proved that the human body acts on the principle of the galvanic battery. The brain, mucous and serous membranes, the skin tissues, and fluids, constitute the negative and positive forces, and every action, whether mental or physical, is the result of these antagonistic forces. Digestion, respiration, circulation, secretion, and excretion are due solely to electrical influence. There is a polar action established throughout the nervous system which connects with every part of the body, establishing and preserving a proper balance of the electrical element which constitutes health, and a disturbance of which causes disease. There are strictly but two conditions of disease—one of inflammation or positive; the other, weak, debilitated, negative—and as electricity contains these two conditions in the action of the positive and negative currents, all we have to do is to neutralize the disease and restore proper healthy action.

Among the chronic diseases in which electricity has been and is daily being, by our agency, of the greatest utility, a cure being rapidly effected after the failure of all other means, are:—

1. Epilepsy, Chorea, or St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis (Hemiplegia), Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lockjaw, etc.
2. Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3. Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma when not caused by organic diseases of the heart), Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Pleurodynia, or Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4. Gravel, Diabetes, and Kidney Complaints.
5. Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, [illegible]nal Curvature, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors (those last named always cured without pain, or plasters in any form).
6. Uterus Complaints, involving a mal-position, a Prolapsus, Antroversion, Retroversion, Inflammation, Ulceration, and various other affections.

For information desired upon other diseases, application may be made at the office, or by letter.

Mrs. BECKWITH has entire charge of the Ladies' Department, and all delicacy will be used towards those who entrust themselves to her care. In female diseases, it is universally successful in her hands.

For the convenience of those desiring information, we give (by permission) a few names of persons, among the best business men and others of this city and elsewhere, whom we have treated and cured:—

A. R. Stewart, Mill Creek, Huntingdon county, Pa., cured of rheumatism of fifteen years' standing; Mrs. J. Y. Cumming, Kishicoquidas, Mifflin county, Pa., cancer of the stomach; John Kirkpatrick, New Castle county, Del., cured of a cancer in the breast in three weeks; Francis Gottwalls, No. 1846 Hamilton street, absorption of a tumor weighing eleven pounds; Jacob Vandegrift, Odessa, Del., severe case of diabetes; G. T. Boulden, firm of Boulden & Co., No. 36 S. Water street, paralysis on the left side, cured in three weeks; E. McClain, No. 329 Juniper street, dyspepsia and nervous debility; Lieutenant Robert G. Wilson, V. R. C., dyspepsia cured in seven days; R. J. Robertson, Fox Lake, Wisconsin, bronchitis, catarrh; John C. Carter, Commander United States Navy, Brooklyn; bleeding piles and fistula of forty-six years' standing; Charles H. Hammond, Western National Bank, Baltimore, dyspepsia and sick headache, of twenty-five years' standing, cured in three weeks; William Rowbotham, No. 1327 Front street, obstinate piles, cured in three applications; C. A. Byran, lumbago and dyspepsia, of ten years; N. B. Baldwin, late pastor of the Olivet Baptist Church, Philadelphia, nervous prostration, after three applications; C. D. Cooper, Port Jervis, N. Y., severe case of catarrh; William Holtzworth; No. 257 Market street, ulcerated bowels, dyspepsia, orchites, etc., of seven years' standing; Hon. J. M. Butler, No. 736 S. Tenth street; J. W. Bradley, No. 66 N. Fourth street; Colonel T. W. Sweeney, Walnut street, below Eighth; George O. Evans, No. 1632 N. Fifteenth street; Mr. Pelouze, Chesnut and Third streets; Brigadier-General A. J. Pleasonton, No. 918 Spruce street; George Douglass, Fifth street, above Chesnut; M. C. Sadler, No. 63 Arch street; C. S. Emack, No. 433 Chesnut street; A. L. Whiteman, corner of Third and Market streets; J. H. Andrews, No. 912 Pine street; M. Errickson, No. 1322 Pine street; Thomas Simpson, No. 1814 Front street; W. R. Smith, No. 1029 Hanover street; George L. Buzby, Nos. 931 and 933 Market street; Thomas Drake, Germantown, William Stevenson, Sixth and Market streets; C. Marshall, No. 519 S. Ninth street; Mr. Harris, No. 1406 Master street; Thomas Gregg, Vineland, N. J.; Brigadier-General A. Pleasonton, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. ——, Camden, N. J.

Physicians or students desiring to have instructions in the correct application of Electricity for the cure of diseases, can apply at the office.

Consultation free. Descriptive pamphlet of cures effected, with numerous references, and including a treatise on the subject, can be had by application at the office. All letters addressed to

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NO. 1220 WALNUT STREET,
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Gentlemen:—Having one of your Safes in use for the past ELEVEN YEARS, it was taken out of the ruins of our store after the great fire occurring at this place on the 9th instant. The Books, Papers, Money, and all its contents were in PERFECT PRESERVATION, NOT IN THE LEAST DEGREE INJURED. We cheerfully recommend your "Inside Door" Safes to all desiring their valuables perfectly preserved from fire. Respectfully yours,
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DR. HUNTER, NO. 44 NORTH SEVENTH STREET, ABOVE FILBERT, PHILADELPHIA. Acknowledged *by all parties interested* as by far the MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN in the treatment of *Diseases* in *his specialty*. QUICK, THOROUGH, and *permanent cures guaranteed* in every case. Remember DR. HUNTER'S Celebrated Remedies can only be had genuine at his old established Office, 44 N. SEVENTH, above Filbert. 4 19 3t*

DR. WISHART.

WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA?

DYSPEPSIA HAS THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:

1st. *A constant pain or uneasiness in the pit of the Stomach*—Which is caused by a permanent contraction of the stomach upon the undigested food. It generally begins immediately or a short time after eating; is often very severe and obstinate.

2d. *Flatulence and Acidity.*—These symptoms arise from the indigestion of food, which ferments instead of digesting.

3d. *Costiveness and Loss of Appetite.*—These symptoms are the effects of the unnatural condition of food in the stomach, and the want of a pure bile and gastric juice. The stomach is often painfully distended by wind; the appetite is sometimes voracious.

4th. *Gloom and Depression of Spirits.*—This state unfits many for the enjoyment of life, and is caused by the impure blood furnished by imperfect digestion. In this stage of the disease many persons commit suicide. There is a constant foreboding of evil, and an indifference and positive inability to perform the offices of life.

5th. *Diarrhœa.*—After being at first costive, the sufferer is afflicted with diarrhœa, which is owing to a diseased condition of the bowels, produced by the undigested food, which is evacuated in the same condition as when eaten, and of course gives no strength to the system.

6th. *Pains in all Parts of the System*—Arise from the action of impure blood upon the nerves. They are felt chiefly in the head, sides, and breast, and in the extremities. In many cases there is an uneasiness in the throat, with a sense of choking or suffocation; the mouth is often clammy, with a bad taste and a furred tongue.

7th. *Consumptive Symptoms and Palpitation of the Heart.*—Many persons pronounced as having these diseases have, in fact, nothing but Dyspepsia, the lung and heart disease being only symptoms.

8th. *Cough.*—This is a very frequent symptom of Dyspepsia, and leads very often into confirmed consumption.

9th. *Want of Sleep.*—A very distressing symptom, resulting from mental derangements.

10th. *Symptoms of External Relation.*—The patient is affected painfully by cold and heat, which is owing to unnatural dryness of skin, and the skin is often affected by eruptions and tetters. The gloomy dyspeptic avoids society as much as possible.

11th. *Vomiting.*—A frequent and distressing symptom. It relieves the pain, but emaciates and wears out the patient.

12th. *Dizziness, dimness of vision, headache, and staggering in walking.*—These are very alarming symptoms, which are speedily removed by our medicines; but if neglected are quickly followed by numbness and sudden death.

13th. It is impossible for us to give all the symptoms of Dyspepsia in so small a space, but the above are considered sufficient, if we add that the patient loses his memory and regard to surrounding objects, and frequently becomes morose and sour in disposition. We should say, however, that pains in the joints and stiffness of the limbs, which go by the name of rheumatism and neuralgia, are produced by Dyspepsia. Also, a hardness of the muscles of the abdomen, which becomes contracted and hard; and in some cases the belly sinks, instead of being gently prominent.

N. B.—Perhaps we have not said enough of that strongest symptom of Dyspepsia, melancholy. We have examined hundreds of cases of Dyspepsia, who were so much affected in their minds that they constantly forbode loss of their reason, which unfitted them for business of any kind, and many of them have been patients of the Insane Asylum, who are now permanently cured by our medicine.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars are spent yearly, and hundreds of thousands of the best men and women of America linger in pain and die, and fill a premature grave, with that awful disease, Dyspepsia. They try this physician and that physician, but alas! alas! no relief, no cure; and the next we hear of them they have gone "to that bourne from whence no traveller returns."

Out of the thousands of cases of Dyspepsia that have used Dr. Wishart's Great American Dyspepsia Pills and Pine Tree Tar Cordial, not one of them has failed of a perfect cure. We warrant a perfect cure in every case, no matter if it be twenty years' standing. Sold by all druggists everywhere, and at Dr. Wishart's Office, No. 10 N. Second street, Philadelphia, Pa. All examinations and consultations free of charge. Send for a circular. Price of Pills, One Dollar per box. Sent by mail, free of charge, on receipt of money.

L. Q. C. WISHART, M. D.
Office and Store No. 10 N. Second street,
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If you are not sick, send this circular to your friend that is sick, and God will bless you.

DR. L. Q. C. WISHART'S
PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL.
A GREAT REMEDY FOR THE CURE OF THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.

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It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medical properties are retained.

It is the only safe and reliable remedy which has ever been prepared from the juice of the Pine Tree.

It invigorates the digestive organs and restores the appetite.

It strengthens the debilitated system.

It purifies and enriches the blood, and expels from the system the corruption which scrofula breeds on the lungs.

It dissolves the mucus or phlegm which stops the air passages of the lungs.

Its healing principle acts upon the irritated surface of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain and subduing inflammation.

It is the result of years of study and experiment, and it is offered to the afflicted with the positive assurance of its power to cure, if the patient has not too long delayed a resort to the means of cure.

CAUTION.

Whereas, Base and designing men, regardless of the lives of the sick, and with a view solely to their own pockets, are making and vending a spurious article worse than useless—representing it as my Pine Tree Cordial, copying, in some cases, my labels and bottles, with slight variation to protect them from the law, the subscriber has been induced as a protection to the public, to punish a fac-simile of his bottles as last patented by the United States Government; and hereby cautions all persons who value their health and life against purchasing any of the many preparations offered for sale as Tar Cordial, unless my name and a Pine Tree is blown on the bottle; all others being a wicked imposition to deceive the suffering and fleece them of their money, regardless of consequences.

The genuine Pine Tree Tar Cordial is made by a process and of ingredients known only to myself, which secret has never been divulged; and any and all persons claiming to make my Pine Tree Tar Cordial are but vile impostors.

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OUR SATURDAY NIGHT SUPPER TABLE SERIES

NUMBER CXVI.

A DIET FOR MENTAL DYSPEPTICS, AND A CURE FOR HY-POCHONDRIA, HY-POCRISY, OR ANY COMPLAINT OF A HY ORDER.

BY OUR SERIES EDITOR.

ALMANAC AND DIARY.

SHORT METRE-ILLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR THE WEAK.

April.

Monday, 15.—Boston School Commissioners visit the city, are taken in charge by Colonel Lyle and the Fire Department. We suppose they were mistaken by the Colonel for "squirts."

Tuesday, 16.—League Island accepted by the Government for a Navy Yard. The only action of the Government that has been acceptable to all of the citizens of Philadelphia.

Wednesday, 17.—The Great Eastern sails from New York with passengers for the Great Exposition. The steward got out of eggs soon after they left the wharf, and the ship had to "lay two" in the lower bay.

Thursday, 18.—Oak coopers on a strike. They go *staveing* through the streets wearing *hoops*, making themselves a *butt* for all punsters.

Friday, 19.—The Japanese acrobats visit Andy at the White House. Andy brings out his "tumblers," and exhibits to them his great "bottle feat."

Saturday, 20—SERIES COLUMN DAY. Being the day before Easter, the Editor is going to dye himself, as a "good egg."

Latest from the Spirits.

The leading iron stores have been ordered to close, on account of their keeping Bars that are readily accessible to purchasers.

The stock of the principal opticians has been confiscated, as it is proved that the people have been in the habit of getting their Glasses there.

The horizontal Bar and Tumblers will not be permitted at the Circus.

A shipmaster who takes "any Port in a storm," will be compelled to tell where he gets it.

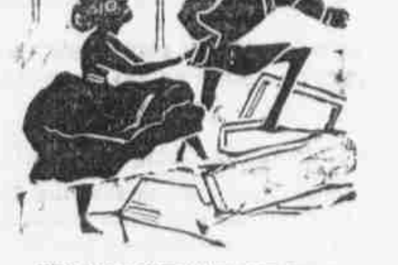
Arrests have also been made of the man who was *intoxicated* with success, and the individual who was *staggered* by the result.

From Our Paris Correspondent.

PARIS, April 2, 1867.

Mr. Series Editor:—Yesterday I attended the Spring Opening of the Great Exhibition, and from the way things are thrown around you would think it had been opened with an oyster-knife. Everything was in pieces, and the Emperor very properly called it the Great Piece Exhibition. The jabbering and broken French around the American department has a counterpart in the broken China in the French Courts. In vain I looked for some of our Ministers in their new Court Uniforms, which I supposed they wore on occasions of this kind, but it seems the recent action in Congress has frightened them, and they now appear in their native dress of short striped pants with straps, red-spotted necktie, and bell-crowned hat, and are easily distinguished from the natives of Dacotah, and the other Indian Territories. One of my countrymen approached the Emperor, as he was slowly climbing through the aisles of the building, and asked him "How much it stood him as she now stands?" The Emperor gave him a nod and a smile, as I suppose he didn't properly comprehend the question, but my countryman interpreted it to mean, as he expressed it, that "the Emperor had a soft thing of it."

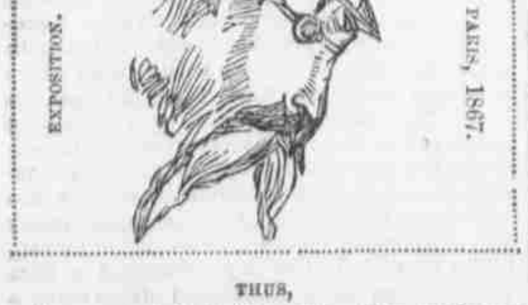
The Emperor and Empress merely walked around



THE MOST PRESENTABLE PARTS

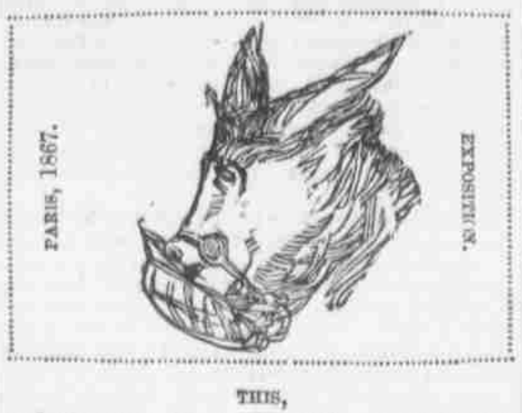
of the building, speaking a few words of encouragement to the various foreign commissioners, who wore their Sunday clothes in honor of the occasion. It was little more than a mere formal visit, and the horses did not set down heads or tails in any particular direction, as is usual on visits of the Emperor to public places.

It was with great difficulty I got into the "Opening." None but season tickets were allowed, and we have to have ourselves photographed on our tickets. I had my likeness put upon my ticket, and it looked very well, for I am a little proud of my contour, so I had it in profile,



THUS,

and presented it at the gate. The gendarme took it, looked at it, merely smiled, and handed it back to me, at the same time waving me out of the crowd. I was forced to stand back, but did not know what for. After while I again joined the line to the gate, and again presented my illustrated season ticket. This time there was no smile on the gatekeeper's countenance, but beckoning a soldier with a hat entirely too big for him, handed me into his custody. My French being imperfect, I had some difficulty in attracting attention, but by adding muscular gymnastics to my vocal ones, I brought a few around me, when I showed an Englishman my ticket, who soon saw through the whole difficulty. It appeared the gatekeeper took my ticket as I handed it to him, and without turning it around saw

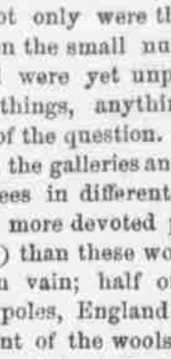


THIS,

and of course conceived that I was playing a joke on him. After I had gone the third time, and firmly held my ticket with the right side towards him, I got in without any difficulty. I merely mention this so that any of your readers getting a season ticket had better examine it from all points of view, else your *carte* may have a donkey in it, and a Frenchman is the last man to take a joke.

As I said, not only were the Courts unfinished, but even the small number of goods that had arrived were yet unpacked. With such a state of things, anything like a ceremonial was out of the question. All day Sunday men were in the galleries and in the aisles, and on their knees in different parts of the building, and a more devoted people I never saw (to business) than these workmen. All, however, was in vain; half of Russia was blocked up with poles, England was not fit to be seen on account of the woolsacks, and the United States was obstructed with scaffolds.

The procession of the Emperor and Empress around the building occupied but two hours, while the ascent of Mont Blanc takes that many days under the most favorable circumstances. They made but few stops at the different Courts: they stayed longest at the United States department, which was but partially in order. The Empress was greatly pleased with the "Freedman's Bureau," which had just been unpacked, and the colored "knobs" that stuck out of the drawers greatly interested her. The Empress also examined a model of



ONE OF THE N. Y. "SEVENTH,"

and expressed herself highly pleased with the cut of his moustache and the curl of his hair. The Emperor asked if any of them were yet in existence, as he supposed they had all perished on the altar of their country. He was no less surprised than pleased to hear that none of them were missing, and they all were in situations and getting good salaries.

After a cursory glance at Mr. Beckwith and the other specimens, their Majesties left the building for the Refreshment Room, accompanied by your correspondent, by command, Mr. Abbott being out of town. Seated there, the Emperor called for three plates of ice-cream, he taking "vanilla" and Eugénie and I choosing "strawberry." While we were waiting for the cream to cool, the Emperor asked me a great many questions about America, and first he asked me if I knew Mr. Maxmilian, who had emigrated there over three years ago. I told him that I had not the pleasure of an acquaintance. He writes, continued the Emperor, that the climate does not agree with him, and thinks he will have to return to Europe. We conversed a long time about the prominent men in America, and Eugénie asked me if I thought President Johnson and Mr. Morrissey would be to the Exhibition, and that, if she thought they would come, she would send them both "free passes." I replied that I thought Mr. Morrissey might come, but that the President was not allowed to receive presents from Empresses. After we had finished our cream the Empress withdrew, when the Emperor ordered some Eau-de-vie, when soon the confusion that marked the Exhibition was the normal condition of everything, and I could not help wishing the President was there (as it was the best I ever tasted), instead of staying in Washington nominating officers, and fighting it out with the Senate on that line all summer.

The Emperor soon got asleep, when I left, and went down to the bridge to see them take up the last night's suicides. When the Exhibition gets further advanced I will write you again.

YOUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE GOOD-WILL AND Fixtures of the old-established Hotel Restaurant, and Dining Saloons, situate at the southwest corner of CARTER Street and EXCHA GE Place lately of Frederick Lakemeyer, deceased and favorably known as "Lakemeyer's" to all br nches of the business community. For terms, app on the premises, to MARY LA EMEYER, Administratrix.
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ELEGANT ARCH STRE ET RESIDENCE for sale, in perfect order, with every modern convenience.
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TO RENT.

TO LET—D SIRABLE DWELLING ON West GREEN Street, with furniture complete.
B. F. GLENN,
4 18 3t* No. 121 S. SEVENTH Street.

LETTER FROM VALLEY FORGE.

We have been favored with the following letter from Miss Mary E. Thropp, which breathes the very spirit of spring:—

VALLEY FORGE, April 15.

To the Editor of The Evening Telegraph:—

A single holiday snatched from school duties, and the beauty around my childhood's home, have induced me to pen a few lines to you this pleasant Saturday morning.

Winter and spring have met again; winter—grim, austere; spring—mild, benignant: was there ever so unsuitable a couple? So they seemed to think, for they struggled for mastery. Spring, like kindness, conquered; and winter, for the present, has departed. A fortnight ago, and the stern old Jotun, with his train of storms, reigned over the ice-bound earth in triumph. Now, as if by magic, spring is smiling over the land. The vast snow-mantle, stretching white and far, has been folded silently away, as by invisible hands. The sun, almost a summer sun, is shining in the broad blue heavens, revivifying the central earth from orient to occident, beaming alike on "the just and unjust" of every land. Even our little valley, sleeping quietly up among the hills, "unknowing and unknown," is basking in the genial warmth of his beam. How impartially he shines on its glad, blue, glittering stream, its awakening woods and fields, and its limpid river, gliding tranquilly on through the open, peaceful country to your great Babel, a score of miles below, whence one may see the blue, lordly Delaware

> Move on majestically slow, receive
> And bear rejoicing Schuylkill onward
> To the sea.

Last evening the mild air and dried roads invited to a walk. How pleasant it seemed, after the long imprisonment of winter! The silver crescent of an unclouded moon gleamed in the western sky, accompanied by a single star. Below, "the last red glow of even" deepened into dusk—earth, air, evening, all delightful.

This morning, the perfect fineness of the day, the purity of the air, breezy and sunny, make the house seem close as a cage. The temptation to stroll forth is irresistible. Blue-birds are darting hither and thither about the grape bower. The sober little wren is pecking at the old quince tree, near the garden wall. Hens are cackling, and roosters crow, occasionally, in the barnyard. The boys are burning brush in the garden. It don't signify; I must go, pencil and paper in hand, to the verandah outside the hall-door, at least. Ah, it is lovely! How like light, invisible bolls of cotton the wind blows against your cheek, lifts your hair, and flutters in your garmants! Oh, that it might refresh every pining invalid, as it refreshes me at this moment! These warm, soft winds, how useful they are, blowing the small tender leaves of the young buds into bloom, those of the willows, poplars, and early fruit trees more especially, at this season!

There is so much of the beautiful around that one scarcely knows, in attempting to describe, where to begin. Looking westward, I see the snow-white ducks and handsome drakes, splendid with the green, purple, and gold of their glossy feathers, sailing in a miniature fleet over the pond basined in the wheat-field—the early wheat-field, which is brightening to emerald green in its far stretch even to the edge of the woods. Eastward, the neat white houses of Valley Forge, with one large factory (white also), look like a fleet of larger proportions on the borders of the lake-like stream, the glad, freed ripples of which are leaping and flashing in the sunlight for very joy at their deliverance.

Nearer, and round the house, stretches the garden. It does not take long to find out that lilacs, flowering-almonds, and May roses, in the sunny spots, are budding; to say nothing of the currant and raspberry bushes lining the garden wall, which looked so recently like upright bundles of dried sticks, now giving earnest, in the buds of their smooth, maroon-colored stems, of the pink and white delicacies in perspective.

Hark! how the birds are singing—a real outpouring of melody, untaught, spontaneous. Give me this in preference to every other; so glad is it, so heartsome. I never knew a lovelier time in spring. Even the veteran ivy at the east end of the house is freshening, looking well pleased with himself and consort for having borne "the adversity of winter" so well.

But look, there is life now in our oftentimes solitary road. Some school children are coming; three little girls in pink, green, and purple frocks, all pretty much of a size, not one of whom can be seven years of age, their arms interlaced about each other, and talking all three as fast as their little tongues can chatter. Hark! the middle speaker has the attention of her audience now. Listen:—

> "Inty, minty, cuty corn,
> Brier seed and apple thorn."

"Inty, minty, cuty corn," and now probably a breakdown; for there is a sudden laugh in chorus—such a laugh! clear and sweet as the trilling of birds in unison. They are gone now; hidden from sight by the garden wall. Blessings on the little happy hearts! God be with them, wherever they go. How I wish I could open every school-house door in your city, and give the pale, pent-up little ones a holiday here; transport them all to the green meadows and sunny uplands of the beautiful country, about our valley, this warm, sunshiny day! Ay, and I would open every door that caged human beings within four brick walls, and set them all free to go whither they would in the country, confident that, after a day spent with God's hand-maiden, Nature, they would go back to business again better in mind and body.

Ah! here comes old Mr. Pompus, fatter and more dignified than ever, to meet his man John, who has constituted himself the horse, in bringing home his master's new sulky. Mr. Pompus makes a stately bow, lifts his hat high above his head, and rolls out a round "good-morning to you," in passing. John stops on perceiving Mr. Pompus, holds the shafts with one hand, and removes his hat with the other. Mr. Pompus never permits his man to approach him with his hat on. This done satisfactorily, John advances again; Mr. Pompus condescends to smile as he surveys the sulky, a smile betokening great inward satisfaction. It *is* pretty, certainly, notwithstanding its unsocial size, span new, its two large wheels glittering in the sun—but very small, I should think, for so large a man. So Mr. Pompus thinks, too, I imagine, for he stops John; and now John takes it up to the fence opposite, and rests its shafts on the topmost rail. What is the old gentleman going to do now, I wonder? Ah, I see, he is going to try it. He climbs up, gets in, seats himself. Gracious! what a summersault! Over backwards, clear over sulky and all, in the twinkling of an eye! I never saw anything fly out so fast in my life. Poor old gentleman! he must be hurt, I fear, for he lies there flat on his back, in the middle of the road. Hark, listen! dear me! how he's swearing! There, he's getting up. I must go in now; if Mr Pompus thought I had seen him perform at such a disadvantage, I should be out of his books forever.

Very respectfully,

M. E. T.

FURNISHING GOODS, SHIRTS, &C.

JUST OPENED,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT

OF

NOVELTIES

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

ALSO,

SPRING UNDERWEAR,

GLOVES, HOSIERY,

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AT

JOHN C. ARRISON'S,

NOS. 1 AND 2 NORTH SIXTH STREET

J. WM. HOFMANN,

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HOSIERY GOODS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF HOSIERY OF ENGLISH AND GERMAN MANUFACTURES, For Ladies', Gents', and Children's Wear,

LADIES' MERINO AND MERINO GAUZE VESTS.

MISSES' MERINO AND MERINO GAUZE VESTS.

GENTS' MERINO, MERINO GAUZE, COTTON, AND HEAVY ALL-WOOL SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

YOUTHS' MERINO COTTON, AND MERINO GAUZE SHIRTS 3 5 tuths

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PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice.

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PURE RHINE AND MOSELLE WINES,

Especially imported for Private Use, and

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Is prepared to furnish Families removing to the country tor the Summer season, with the choicest articles of FRESH MARKETING, including Prime Beef, Mutton, Jersey Poultry, Spring Chicken, and Lamb in season, etc. Orders promptly sent, free of charge, to all depots.

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Pates of Grouse and Quail, Pheasant, English Hare, and Venison.

Gelatines of Grouse, Pheasant, Quail, and Turkey.] Roast Pheasant, Quail, Grouse, and Sweet Breads. Equal to the imported in style and quality,

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FAMILY FLOUR.

EVERY BARREL WARRANTED.

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"PRUNELLES" FOR STEWING OR PIES

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Dun Fish; Yarmouth Bloaters.

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AND SCOTCH ALE,

In stone and glass, by the cask or dozen.

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BUT IF YOU WANT GOOD TEA, GO TO WILSON'S Old Established Tea Warehouse, No. 236 CHESNUT Street.

WILSON'S DOLLAR TEA—PURE Oolong.

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SUMMER BOARDING.—THAT SPLENDID, healthy, and popular place known as CHESNUT GROVE, at Media (on the West Chester Railroad), Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is now open for the reception of guests. 4 19 1m*

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MAD'LLE. KEOGH

No. 904 WALNUT St.,

Begs leave respectfully to apprise her patrons and friends, that in consequence of her

Constantly Increasing Business,

She has again been compelled to purchase additional adjoining properties with the view of rendering her

ELEGANT MILLINERY EMPORIUM

STILL MORE

ATTRACTIVE AND COMMODIOUS.

To this end, and

AT GREAT COST,

She has entirely

REBUILT, REMODELLED, AND REFITTED HER FASHIONABLE AND SPACIOUS ESTABLISHMENT,

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In every part.

A SUPERB AND ATTRACTIVE

SHOW-ROOM

OF

MAMMOTH DIMENSIONS,

And altogether

UNEQUALLED BY ANY IN THE CITY.

Has been fitted up in a style

REGARDLESS OF COST,

To ensure

THE COMFORT OF CUSTOMERS,

And enable her to display advantageously

THE RECHERCHE STYLES OF GOODS

Which she begs to state, will this season

SURPASS ALL FORMER EFFORTS.

She having added such

PECULIAR FACILITIES

To those already possessed, as to enable her to personally select only

SUCH CHARMING STYLES OF BONNETS, HATS, ETC.,

As she feels satisfied will insure the gratification of all who have so generously heretofore confided to her

ACKNOWLEDGED JUDGMENT

AND

GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOOD TASTE.

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ARE

RICH, RARE, AND RECHERCHE,

Comprising all the choicest and most acceptable features of

THE BEST PARISIAN AND ENGLISH MODES.

ANOTHER NEW AND USEFUL FEATURE

of the establishment will be the addition of a

MOURNING DEPARTMENT.

Especially set apart for the sale of

SILKS, COLLARS, JET JEWELRY,
GLOVES, VEILS, SCARFS,
HANDK'FS, CREPES, ETC. ETC. ETC.

This Deparment will be under the especial superintendence and direction of

MR. H. MYERS,

(Late of the New Mourning Store, No. 920 Chesnut street), whose long experience in this branch of business, enables him to guarantee to all who visit

MLLE. KEOGH'S EMPORIUM,

Mourning Goods of the richest quality, at

MORE MODERATE RATES

than they can be had elsewhere in the city.

THE MOURNING DEPOT,

heretofore a feature of great and gratifying success with Mlle. Keogh, will also this season be

GREATLY ENLARGED AND UNSURPASSED

by any similar establishment in the Union.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES

will be received and offered on the arrival of

EVERY STEAMER,

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RIBBON STORE,

FOUR DOORS ABOVE ARCH STREET.

JULIUS SICHEL

Has just opened a fine assortment of MILLINERY GOODS for the ensuing Season, consisting of STRAW BONNETS AND HATS, the latest shapes and styles.

RIBBONS in all colors, widths, and qualities; the best assortment in the city.

Bonnet Silks, Satins, Velvets, and Crapes, all qualities and shades.

French Flowers, a superb assortment in the lates novelties.

Velvet Ribbons, black and colored, in all widths and qualities.

The best French and New York Bonnet Frames always on hand.

Bonnet Ornaments, Bugle Fringes, the handsomest styles; in fact, every article used in making or trimming a bonnet or hat.

The above goods are all selected with the best care, and will be sold at the lowest market rates to suit the times.

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FOUR DOORS ABOVE ARCH.

P. S. No trouble to show goods. 4 2 1m

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CRYSTAL AND JET TRIMMINGS.

ZEPHYR WORSTED, SOLD FULL WEIGHT, AT

RAPSON'S

4 9 1m5p] TRIMMINGS AND ZEPHYR STORE.

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We open to-day a full and splendidly assorted stock of

FRENCH AND NEW YORK BONNET FRAMES

STRAW HATS,
STRAW BONNETS,
BONNET RIBBONS,
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VELVET RIBBONS,
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All of the latest and most approved styles, and at the lowest prices.

Please give us a call.

Country orders promptly and accurately attended to.

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MOURNING MILLINERY.

ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

MOURNING BONNETS,

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MRS. R. DILLON,

NOS. 323 AND 331 SOUTH STREET,

Has a handsome assortment of SPRING MILLINERY.

Ladies', Misses', and Children's Straw and Fancy Bonnets and Hats of the latest styles.

Also, Silks, Velvets, Ribbons, Crapes, Feathers, Flowers, Frames, etc. 7 18§

M. E. MASON & CO., AT THEIR NEW STORE, No. 1316 CHESNUT Street, Will open, April 10 and 11, latest styles of SPRING AND SUMMER BONNETS, HATS, AND DRESS CAPS. Would call special attention to their ENGLISH HATS. 4 9 12t

AMUSEMENTS.

ARTISTS' FUND SOCIETY.

SPRING EXHIBITION NOW OPEN,

AT THEIR NEW GALLERIES,

NO. 1334 CHESNUT STREET,

From 9 A. M to 6 P. M. [4 13 tf

Admission, 25 cents. Season Tickets, 50 cents.

FOYER OF ACADEMY

THEODORE HABELMAN'S

Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert,

TUESDAY EVENING, April 23,

when he will be assisted by

MISS HENRIETTE BEEBE,

Soprano, from New York,

L. P. WHEAT,

Pianist, from the Conservatoires of Leipsic and Paris

J. B. POZNANSKI,

Violinist, from New York.

Tickets $1 each, to be had at Music Stores and door. Doors open at 7. Concert commences at 8.

During Mr. Habelman's sojourn in the city, he will give instructions in Vocal Music to a few private pupils.

Further particulars to be had at LOUIS MEYER'S Music Store, No. 1230 CHESNUT Street 4 18 5t

NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.

CHESNUT Street, above Twelfth.

THIS (Saturday) NIGHT,
THIS (Saturday) NIGHT,
A GREAT BILL.
A GREAT BILL.
TWO PIECES.
TWO PIECES.
TWO PIECES.

To commence with

THE STRANGER.
THE STRANGER.
THE STRANGER.
THE STRANGER.
THE STRANGER.

The Stranger	Mr. J. E. MURDOCH

To conclude with

TOM CRINGLE'S LOG.

MONDAY—MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

FOURTH WEEK OF MR. MURDOCH.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE, N. E. corner of NINTH and WALNUT Streets. Commencing at 7½ o'clock,

THIS (Saturday) NIGHT,

POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT

AND FAREWELL BENEFIT OF

the beautiful young actress,

LUCILLE WESTERN.

when will be enacted for the first time this season thrilling sensational Drama of

THE CHILD-STEALER.

LUCILLE WESTERN as { Madge the Cadger, Margaret Rookley, Number Three.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STREET THEATRE. Begins at ¼ to 8 o'clock.

LAST NIGHT OF EDWIN ADAMS.

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, April 20,

the thrilling Play entitled

THE DEAD HEART.

Robert Landry	EDWIN ADAMS
Abbe Latour	Mr. Marlowe
Toupet	Mr. Craig
Catherine	Miss E. Price
Cerisette	Miss A. Ward

MONDAY EVENING, April 22,

FIRST NIGHT OF LADY DON,

in two of her best impersonations.

Seats secured six days in advance.

FOX'S AMERICAN VARIETY THEATRE.—

IMMENSE ATTRACTION,

FOX'S COMBINATION TROUPE

EVERY EVENING,

GRAND CORPS DE BALLET, COMIC PANTOMIME

ETHIOPIAN BURLESQUE, COMIC PANTOMIME

CONCERT HALL.— The sublime Paintings by Murillo of "Christ Raising Lazarus from the Dead," and the "Death of Virginia," will be exhibited on TUESDAY, April 16, and every Evening, when the audience will be presented with splendid

GIFTS,

of the value of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

On WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 3 o'clock Matinees will be given. Tickets, 25 cents for parents and children, when the children will be presented with elegant toys. Tickets, 25 cents. Reserved seats, 50 cents. For sale at Trumpler's, Seventh and Chesnut streets, and at the Hall. 4 16 tf

NEW ELEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE ELEVENTH Street, above CHESNUT.

"THE FAMILY RESORT"

OPEN FOR THE SEASON.

CARNCROSS & DIXEY'S MINSTRELS,

the Great Star Troupe of the World, in their GRAND ETHIOPIAN SOIREES, SONGS, DANCES, NEW BURLESQUES, and PLANTATION SCENES.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commencing at 8 o'clock

8 30 J. L. CARNCROSS, Manager.

GERMANIA ORCHESTRA.—PUBLIC REhearsals every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at MUSICAL FUND HALL, 3½ o'clock. Engagements made by addressing GEORGE BASTERT, Agent, No. 1231 MONTEREY St., between Race and Vine. [2 6 3m

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BOYS' CLOTHING.

We have now the best assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

FOR BOYS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

A large assortment of

Fancy Coatings and Cassimeres

FOR GENTLEMEN TO ORDER FROM

F. A. HOYT & BRO.,

TENTH AND CHESNUT STREETS,

3 30 smw1mrp ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS.

SPRING AND SUMMER

OPENING,

ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1867,

AT

MRS. E. KEYSER'S

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

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AWNINGS, ETC.

AWNINGS! AWNINGS!

MILDEW-PROOF AWNINGS.

W. F. SHEIBLE,

No. 49 South THIRD Street.

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No. 31 South SIXTH Street

Manufacturer of MILDEW-PROOF AWNINGS, VERANDAHS, FLAGS, BAGS, TENTS, and WAGON COVERS.

Stencil Cutting and Canvas Printing. [273mrp

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WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE,

NO. 233 NORTH SECOND STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Will color more water than four times the same amount of ordinary indigo.

IT IS WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

It is retailed at the same price as the imitation and inferior articles. 3 19 3m

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AND

Preserver of Natural Flowers,

A. H. POWELL,

No. 725 ARCH Street, Below Eighth

Bouquets, Wreaths, Baskets, Pyramids of Cut Flowers furnished to order at all seasons. 1 23 tf

THE NEW YORK PRESS.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS OF THE LEADING JOURNALS UPON CURRENT TOPICS—COMPILED EVERY DAY FOR THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

The Probabilities of War in Europe.

From the Nation.

It will make a good deal of difference to the commercial world, at least, in this country whether a great war breaks out in Europe during the coming summer or not. A struggle between France and Germany would raise the price of our produce, lower the price of our bonds, and raise the premium on gold, send home the great mass of our tourists, and produce divers other consequences, social, financial, and even political, too numerous to mention. The chances of the speedy outbreak of such a conflict are, therefore, a very interesting subject of discussion. But when it rests largely with either of two reticent men, both of dark and tortuous counsel, and each wielding the forces of a great empire with but very feeble control or supervision from public opinion, to say when the fight shall begin, or whether it shall begin at all, all efforts to calculate probabilities are, of course, attended with great difficulty, and, what is of more consequence, a boundless field of mischief is opened up to stock-jobbers and sensational reporters and correspondents. We indicated very briefly last week our reasons for thinking that there is, at present, no danger of an outbreak of hostilities between France and Prussia, and that the present tendency to panic on this subject is due to an unscrupulous or reckless use of the cable by speculators, and "enterprising" and imaginative news collectors. Nothing has since occurred to induce us to modify our opinion, and there can be no harm in stating the grounds of it fully, as we are satisfied they will be found sufficient to justify us, even if we should prove hereafter to be mistaken.

It is stated on very good authority that the idea of taking Luxembourg as a counterpoise to possible Prussian expansion in Germany, was first suggested to Napoleon by Bismark himself at that early interview at Biarritz before the late war, when Bismark was to the Emperor little better than a troublesome visionary. The probabilities are that the hint made at the time very little impression on the imperial mind, and that, judging from the calm manner in which the refusal of the Rhine provinces has since been received, we should not now witness the revival of the idea if Napoleon were not goaded into action of some kind by the late assaults of the opposition in the Corps Législatif. There is feeling enough in France about Prussian aggrandizement to make it necessary that the Government should do something, or appear to be doing something; and the opposition to the new scheme of army organization is so strong that hardly anything but the prospect of a great war at no distant period will carry it through. For the left bank of the Rhine there is no use in asking. It has been refused decidedly and peremptorily; and there is no Frenchman who does not know that an attempt to seize it would be met by the whole of Germany in arms, and resisted to the last man and the last thaler. Of protracted negotiation about *that* there is no chance. Bismark would not talk about it, and dare not if he would. But about the cession of the Duchy of Luxembourg there is use in talking. This is a small bit of territory, valuable only for its fortress. It has belonged to the house of Nassau since 1815; and although it is thoroughly German, and has furnished more than one wearer of the old imperial crown, and was a member of the Germanic Confederation, the dissolution of the Confederation by the battle of Sadowa has left it more under the control of Holland, *stricti juris*, than ever it has been before. Moreover, Holland is just now in mortal terror of Prussia. Bismark is the bugbear of both the Dutch king and ministers, who, whatever the material advantages of absorption into the North German Confederation might be, naturally shrink from what would unquestionably be the virtual termination of the Dutch national existence, proud and illustrious as it is. Therefore, it is not at all unreasonable for France to hope that Holland may be induced to purchase, by the cession of a patch of land which has for her no earthly value, the protection and alliance of Prussia's great enemy. True, the Duchy is already occupied by Prussian troops; the population is almost exclusively German, and it is only amongst the upper classes that French leanings are found; and amongst the mass of German Liberals there would be strong opposition to its transfer to France. The speech of Herr Benningsen, an able and sensible man, in the North German Parliament, of which we received the report last week, reveals this clearly enough. On the other hand, the reply of Count Bismark showed plainly that the Prussian Government does not deny the sovereign rights of the King of Holland over the duchy, does not deny the unwillingness of the inhabitants to enter the German Confederation, and admits that if Prussia interferes at all with the discretion of the Dutch Government in the matter, it should only be after taking counsel of the four other great powers which concurred in the treaty of 1839, by which the duchy was, at the partition of Holland and Belgium, annexed to the former. In short, it is abundantly clear that, however much German sentiment may be opposed to the cession, Prussia does not claim the right of peremptory prohibition; and the whole question is, for the present at least, a debatable one. It affords plenty of ground for any quantity of negotiation; and this we make bold to say is the very thing which at the present moment France needs.

It must be remembered that France has no material advantage to hope for through war with Germany. Jena and Austerlitz cannot be repeated; no Frenchman dreams of it. What France would fight for would be the retention of the leadership in European politics which she has lost by the events of the past year. To fight for this, without having made the victory as sure as organization, arms, numbers, and leaders can make it, would be a piece of folly Frenchmen, with all their impetuosity, are not likely to commit. A defeat in the field now would fix France irretrievably in a second or third-rate position. Whenever, therefore, she challenges Prussia to a struggle for the ascendancy, we believe it will be when she is able to put all her resources into the hands of her generals. That hot-headed counsels do not prevail at the Tuileries is, we think, clearly proved both by M. Rouher's reply to M. Thiers and by the recent article in the *Moniteur*. In fact, it would be very hard to discover the "wild thirst for instant war" anywhere but in the London telegraph offices.

Of course, the expectation of a speedy beginning of the contest is partly based on the supposition that Prussia, knowing it had to come sooner or later, would not wait French convenience, but would at once avail herself of her present superiority of strength to put France *hors de combat* before she got her army reorganized or rearmed. Those who hold this theory are generally possessed with the idea that Prussia is a military monarchy like Austria, and that Bismark has been so elated with his late success in the field that he now stands ready to engage all comers. The fact is, however, that there is no country in Europe to which war, and, above all, a war of even moderate length, such as a war with France would be sure to be, would prove so burdensome as to Prussia, because in none would so little of the fighting be done by professional soldiers, and so much by men drawn suddenly from all the trades and professions. Other nations hire men to fight; in Prussia the whole community may be said to lay down its tools and go to the field; and no statesman who has to arrest the social machine whenever he mobilizes the army, would ever think of doing so with the recklessness or alacrity with which the Emperor Napoleon or the Austrian Kaiser pours his forces into foreign territory to fight for a province or an idea. Prussia, though one of the most warlike of the great European States, has had a more peaceful history than any of them. In fact, from the foundation of the monarchy to the present day, a period of one hundred and fifty years, including the reign of the great Frederick and the wars of the French Revolution, she has enjoyed one hundred and twenty-five years of peace. Of which other of the great powers could this story be told? The last great war, too, cannot in any sense of the phrase be called a war of ambition or of aggression. It was but the expression in action of the desire of the German people for unity; and yet, tempting as the prospect seemed which it opened up to them, the hardships and sacrifices which the struggle seemed likely to entail were such that the popular opposition to it up to the moment when the army took the field was exceedingly fierce and bitter. And as to the prospect of a war of aggression, a war of pride or suspicion or of ambition, or, in fact, a war of any kind except a defensive and a strictly defensive war, we cannot do better than quote the words of a distinguished Prussian Liberal, Professor Sybel, now a member of the German Parliament, addressed last September to M. Forçade, and to which subsequent events have lent every month fresh force:—

> "With such an army (the Prussian) incredible things may at any given moment be accomplished; but what cannot be reached through it at any price is a state of prolonged war, such as a dynastic passion for conquest might create. With us the mobilization of the army is a calamity which strikes every farm, every counting-house, every fireside; there is not a single branch of the public service or of industry which the calling out of the landwehr does not touch. The country, you may be well assured, cannot impose such sacrifices upon itself except in supreme crises; our military organization is incomparable for strong defense or for energetic offense of short duration, but it is utterly incapable of serving the purposes of a policy of war and durable conquest. You recommend to the French Government the adoption of our military system. I can assure you that such a measure would be received by all Germany with the greatest joy, as a pledge of peace and security."

A Beam to be Plucked from Our Own Eyes.

From the Independent.

Do you own a copy of the census? If not, gentle reader, have the kindness to borrow ours to-day. True, statistics are rather formidable reading in languid spring weather. But do not be deterred from reading this article by any apprehension of dryness in our figures. We mean to be very interesting on a dull subject.

The census of 1860 gave us what we shall never get again—totals of population marked free and slave. Thank God, the slave population of the United States is blotted out forever! The Southern slaves are now not only freemen, but citizens and voters. Nevertheless, the Northern negroes still are kept in a secondary slavery—marked by the law with a stigma on account of their complexion—denied their political rights—excluded from the ballot-box. The Northern people, in their ancient and long-continued subserviency to slavery, framed constitutions which (with five exceptions in New England) were, and are, hostile to the negro's enfranchisement. These old Constitutions must now give place to new.

We make this demand, first because it is right, and next because the chief argument against negro suffrage for the South is, that negro suffrage is denied in the North.

This reasoning carries great weight; but its weight is not against giving the negro his ballot in the South; it is simply against refusing the negro his ballot in the North.

In round numbers, the South has four million blacks, the North half a million.

Now shall the North, by opposing the political rights of her meagre half a million, give a pretext to the South for opposing the political rights of her populous four millions?

Let us exhibit the exact proportion of whites and blacks in all the States except the unreconstructed ten and the New England five:—

1860.	*Whites.*	*Blacks.*	
Connecticut	451,504	8,627,	or 43 to 1.
New York	3,831,590	49,005,	77 to 1.
New Jersey	646,699	25,318,	25 to 1.
Ohio	2,302,808	36,673,	63 to 1.
Maryland	518,918	171,131,	3 to 1.
Delaware	90,589	21,627,	4 to 1.
Pennsylvania	2,849,150	56,949,	50 to 1.
Indiana	1,327,710	11,428,	116 to 1.
Illinois	1,704,290	7,628,	233 to 1.
Kentucky	919,484	236,167,	4 to 1.
Tennessee	826,722	7,300,	115 to 1.
Michigan	736,142	6,799,	108 to 1.
Minnesota	169,395	259,	732 to 1.
Wisconsin	773,693	1,721,	445 to 1.
Iowa	673,799	1,062,	634 to 1.
Kansas	106,390	625,	152 to 1.
Missouri	1,063,489	118,503,	688 to 1.
Oregon	52,160	428,	47 to 1.
Nebraska	28,696	82,	349 to 1.
Nevada	6,812	45,	151 to 1.
California	358,110	4,086,	43 to 1.

Now, we desire thoughtful men in the North to ponder this evidence of the almost incredible majority of whites over blacks in the loyal States; and, after scanning the table well, we desire them to ask themselves the question, If black men can now be allowed to vote in South Carolina and other Southern States, where they actually outnumber the whites, why, then, cannot black men be allowed to vote also in the Northern States, where they constitute only one-fiftieth part of the population? If it is right and safe to give the negro the franchise in South Carolina, is it anything but wrong and mean to deny him the same privilege in Connecticut?

The States that now need reconstruction are the Northern.

There are two methods of doing this needful work: one is, by asking each State, in turn, to amend its own Constitution; the other is, by amending the Federal Constitution itself, which thereby amends all the State Constitutions at once. We prefer the swifter process and safer result of changing by one beneficent touch the supreme law of the whole land to the alternative of making a beggar's pilgrimage from State to State asking for justice by piecemeal.

The Constitutional amendment proposed by Congress, and already adopted by a large proportion of the States, is a half-way measure, inadequate to the situation, unjust to the negro, and unworthy of the Republic.

We respectfully move, in its stead, a new amendment, which, with even-handed justice, shall establish the negro's political rights throughout the North as well as throughout the South.

Fellow-countrymen, it ought to bring a blush to every white cheek in the loyal North to reflect that the political equality of American citizens is likely to be sooner achieved in Mississippi than in Illinois—sooner on the plantation of Jefferson Davis than around the grave of Abraham Lincoln.

Conservative Organization in the South.

From the Times.

The views we have expressed in regard to the future of parties at the South, and the probable formation of an organization independent of existing parties, and embracing offshoots from all, receive timely confimation in the following remarks of the *Times* of New Orleans:—

> "We fervently hope that in the various movements for the organization of a conservative, anti-radical party in this State, care will be taken to exclude extremists and politicians who have figured conspicuously in the past and recent contests, and to unite and combine all good and honest citizens in one powerful organization, regardless of old party grounds of division. The great mass of the Union party proper desire to join in this combination, and all of the recent Confederate or Secession party are bound to the same organization. Neither must repel or discourage the other by any attempt to revive old issues and distinctions. There must be a full and frank oblivion of old disputes and controversies. The votes and efforts of all are needed, and are due to the cause. But those who are put forward prominently, to lead and direct such organization, whose names are published as officers and committeemen, should as far as possible be chosen indiscriminately from all the various parties, Union, secession, conservative, or radical, who are willing to work for the common object of all, to wit, the rescue of our State and city from political harpies who have descended upon us to plunder our substance and conspire against our freedom and rights. Above all, those who compose the majority of this great conservative party should be careful not to give prominent positions in this contest to those who have heretofore been conspicuous in their opposition to the Union cause. Let the champions of that cause take the front ranks in a contest against their bitter enemies, and the enemies of the peace, order, and welfare of the country! Let their lead and direction be followed and supported by all others of all the various parties who, however divided on other subjects and occasions, are at least united on the common desire and effort to save our State and country."

As we understand the movement proposed, it is not intended to be partisan in any sense, or to compete with the advocates of another policy on mere party grounds. The private letter we published the other day from Galveston correctly indicated, we think, both what is probable and what is prudent. In their present position the Southern people cannot benefit themselves, while they might complicate their embarrassments, by entering upon the old style of party warfare. For all immediate political purposes they are powerless, and they are most likely to promote their material interests, and hasten the restoration of national harmony, by limiting their efforts to a full and faithful compliance with the letter and spirit of the law. More than this could not be expected at their hands; and beyond this, we presume, the words of our New Orleans namesake are not designed to apply. They indicate simply an alliance for the purpose of giving effect to the law in a manner most conducive to the future welfare and happiness of the Southern people.

It is eminently proper that rational, moderate men, whatever their past party affiliations, should combine to prevent the success of the demagogues and firebrands who would alienate class from class, and, under the pretense of extreme loyalty, would lay the foundations of future trouble. What men have been is of infinitely less moment than what they are. That point which concerns the country relates to the present purposes of the people of the South. To heap upon the masses disabilities because of the Rebellion, were to render certain future discontent and difficulty. To make sure that they are for the Union *now*—that they recognize the supreme authority of the Federal Government *now*—that they accept the conditions dictated by Congress *now*—and that they are prepared in good faith to do all that the law enjoins, is the one essential thing. And this is precisely what the proposed organization in Louisiana will accomplish. If carried out in the spirit of the article we have cited, it will insure the development of a healthy loyal sentiment, will frustrate the plans of partisan incendiaries, and will inspire confidence in the mind of the North.

What is talked of in Louisiana will, we trust, be acted upon in other States. In every one of them, and especially in Mississippi, Georgia, South Carolina, and Virginia, influences are at work which prove the existence of an element that is constantly acquiring compactness and strength. It is impossible to note the accessions daily made to the friends of the law, as opposed to the malcontents who centre their expectations in the Supreme Court, without feeling that the better portion of the South is on the side of those who counsel immediate and friendly action. Among these may be found persons who are best qualified to extend the movement for the common benefit of the South. From party combinations they would naturally stand aloof. That which needs their help is a movement superior to parties. It is a movement towards local union as well as the return of reconstructed States to the Union; and its progress will be watched anxiously yet hopefully.

New Phase of Reconstruction in the South—Fun, Fire, and Fury.

From the Herald.

When a barrel of new beer is exposed to the sun there must be ventages for the escape of the gas, or the hoops must be very strong, or there will be an explosion, scattering beer, froth, hoops, and staves in every direction. So when a great revolution has turned the old political institutions and ideas of a great community topsy-turvy and its social system inside out, there must be a fermentation among the elements of the body politic, more or less alarming, before we can have a settled condition of things. This fermentation is now going on throughout the five military districts into which the ten outside Rebel Southern States are divided. Here and there, too, we have frequent and increasing explosions of gas, with occasional damages to life and limb, although not often of a serious character. Bellicose editors and politicians, known in the South as "bomb-proofs" during the war, have been of late getting up some gunpowder excitements in Memphis, Vicksburg, and elsewhere, and generally they are furious and fiery, as noisy fellows are apt to be when fighting is over. A South Carolina correspondent, for example, informs us that among the combustibles of that thoroughly subjugated State there are some half dozen duels on the carpet on points of honor and ancient chivalry. This, too, while the real fighting leaders of the Rebellion, such as Lee, Longstreet, Hampton, Beauregard, and all others, are all for peace, submission, and reconstruction.

Under this state of things we are not surprised that Mr. John Minor Botts, of Virginia, should turn up in a somewhat belligerent attitude. The record of Mr. Botts during the war, though not that of a fighting man, is the record of a Southern Unionist who could not be shaken from his faith, even in Castle Thunder. It is natural, perhaps, that from his treatment under the Government of Jeff Davis he should come out of the war a flaming radical; but for all that he should not permit his zeal to outrun his discretion. He complains to us of a certain letter from a Richmond correspondent, which, through an oversight, was admitted into our columns. Mr. Botts, touching this objectionable letter, opens a correspondence with General Schofield which settles the case completely in favor of the complainant. Thus amply vindicated, the submission of General Schofield's testimony to this journal, in behalf of the complainant, would have been enough. But Mr. Botts goes out of his way to inform General Schofield that "as the systematic effort at defamation and detraction seems about to be resumed by the *Herald*, whose editor I had the misfortune, some twelve or fifteen years ago, unwittingly to offend, I have determined to try conclusions" with him "by a resort to legal remedies."

Having resolved upon this mode of redress, Mr. Botts should have stopped just there; but he spoils his case as complainant and lawyer, not in saying, "Now, Mr. Bennett, there is no necessity for any words between us," for we agree in that, but in adding these words of bad temper and bad taste, to wit:—"Your paper has been at the service of every blackguard, of high or low degree, who, from motives of personal or political malignity, desired to defame me for the last eighteen years," and then, in a towering passion, he talks of "the licentiousness of the press," "defamation and detraction," "shameless mendacity," and "mendacity and malignity"—terms unworthy a schoolboy in such a case, but wholly inexcusable and incomprehensible in a man of the age and experience of Mr. Botts.

Let him be assured that we have no recollection of any offense committed by him against us, except his offense of making war upon John Tyler and resolving to "head him or die," after having been his travelling companion on the same journey, after having shared with him the same supper of corn bread and bacon, and after having, like a brother, slept with him under the same blanket. There has been no wicked design in any of our subsequent collisions with Mr. Botts from time to time. They have been only the accidents of the whirligig of politics. Under the rule of John Randolph, of Roanoke, to "pay as we go," we have no outstanding balance against Mr. Botts, nothing against him of "mendacity, malignity," or any such nonsense. Cheerfully placing him right upon the record in regard to his conference with General Schofield, we leave it to Mr. Botts himself to determine whether the tone and temper of his letter in the premises are entitled to or unworthy the consideration we have given it.

France and Prussia.

From the Tribune.

A week ago we received a cable despatch stating that Count Bismark had sent an energetic note to France demanding of the Emperor Napoleon his reasons for arming, and asking the immediate cessation of warlike preparations. Such a note, one would think, must have produced throughout Europe the most profound excitement, and it has therefore been a cause of general surprise that, during the week since elapsed, so little has been heard of the effects of the Prussian note. It has since been stated that the people of Luxembourg generally were opposed to being sold to France; that a proposition was under consideration to declare Luxembourg neutral territory; that, in case of war, Bavaria and Baden would aid Prussia; but not a word of what the official and unofficial press of Paris, Berlin, St. Petersburg, and Vienna had to say of a note of so extraordinary a character. This strange silence of the cable could not fail to make the impression that either the report of Count Bismark's note was a gross exaggeration, or that the information sent to us concerning one of the most important events of the present year has been most glaringly deficient.

Yesterday morning we had another alarming despatch. The negotiations between France and Prussia are said to have been broken off. The prominence which the entire press of Europe has for several weeks been giving to the Luxembourg question, ought certainly to have furnished material enough for a fuller and more intelligible despatch. We have thus far had no intelligence of any direct negotiations between France and Prussia. By the Scotia we received the news that the Government of Holland has informed Prussia that Luxembourg would never be sold without the previous consent of Prussia. Bismark had taken the ground that, although Germany could not claim the entrance of Luxembourg into the Confederation, she had a right to oppose the sale to France of a fortress which has been completed by the money of the old Federal Diet, and which, in the hands of France, would constitute a permanent danger to Germany. He had also insisted that the consent of all the powers which had guaranteed the Treaty of 1839 was requisite for such a sale. It was further stated that Russia had protested against the sale, and that the English Ministry had officially declared that the sale could not take place, because the consent of Prussia would never be given.

This is all the authentic information we have thus far received about the relations of France and Prussia to the Luxembourg question. Supposing the intelligence given in the cable despatch yesterday morning to be correct, its meaning seems to be that the efforts of Prussia to prevail upon France to abandon the claimed right of purchasing Luxembourg have failed. But intelligence fuller and more distinct than the despatches thus far received, is needed to explain the present situation. The latest articles in the semi-official papers of Prussia indicate, however, that the relations between France and Prussia were not of a friendly nature.

—After writing the above, we received a despatch from Berlin stating that Napoleon is reported to be strengthening his forces and military posts on the frontier, putting his artillery on a war footing, purchasing ambulances, and that the reserves of 1868 would be called out on the first of May. Rrussia is also reported to be making active military preparytions.

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Free from all State, County, and Municipal Taxation,

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GEORGE W. HILL, PRESIDENT,

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OFFERS EVERY ADVANTAGE TO DEPOSITORS

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"THE NOVELTY."

THIS SPLENDID CLOTHES-WRINGER

HAS FOUR COG-WHEELS, two on each end, and is in reality the ONLY RELIABLE ONE ever made.

Don't buy before seeing this. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

S. MACFERRAN,

SOLE AGENT,

NO. 721 CHESNUT STREET.
4 31mrp]

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA, of June Term, 1866, No. 84. In Divorce. AMALIA VOELKER vs. PHILIPP VOELKER.

To Philipp Voelker, the above-named respondent—Sir—The depositions of witnesses for libellant in the above case will be taken before E. K. NICHOLS, Esq., the Examiner, appointed by the Court to take testimony in the above case, at the office of the subscriber, No. 512 N. THIRD Street, Philadelphia, on the 22d day of April, A. D. 1867, at 4 o'clock P. M.

FRED. DITTMANN,
Attorney for Libellant.
4 4 15t*

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA: ANNA I. HARSHAW by her next friend, etc., vs. SAMUEL HARSHAW.

December Term, 1866. No. 84. In Divorce.

To Samuel Harshaw, Respondent. Take notice of a Rule in the above case returnable SATURDAY, April 27, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why a divorce *a vinculo matrimonii* should not be decreed.

RICHARD LUDLOW,
Attorney for Libellant.
4 19 4t*

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF WARREN F. FERGUSON.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the account of THOMAS GREENBANK, Assignee of the Estate of WARREN F. FERGUSON, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the Accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on MONDAY, April 29, 1867, at half-past 3 o'clock P. M., at his office, No. 32 South THIRD Street, in the city of Philadelphia.

E. H. THARP,
Auditor.
4 8 thstu5t*

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA

ESTATE OF JAMES C. WORRELL, deceased.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle and adjust the account of EMILY S. WORRELL, Administratrix, c. t. a. of the Estate of JAMES C. WORRELL, deceased, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on THURSDAY, the 2d day of May, 1867, at 4 o'clock P. M., at No. 123 S. FIFTH street, in the city of Philadelphia.

AMOS BRIGGS,
Auditor.
4 17 thstu5t*

SHIPPING.

THE PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTHERN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S REGULAR LINE FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

TONAWANDA, 850 tons, Captain Wm. Jennings.
WYOMING, 850 tons, Captain Jacob Teal.

The steamship WYOMING, will leave for the above port on Saturday, April 20, at 8 o'clock A. M., from the second wharf below Spruce street.

Through passage tickets sold and freight taken for all points in connection with the Georgia Central Railroad.

WILLIAM L. JAMES, General Agent,
No. 314 S. Delaware avenue.
Agents at Savannah, Hunter & Gammell. [4 1]

THE PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTHERN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S REGULAR SEMI-MONTHLY LINE, FOR NEW ORLEANS, LA., VIA HAVANA.

STAR OF THE UNION, 1202 tons, Capt. T. N. Cooksey.
JUNIATA 1215 tons, Captain P. L. Hoxie.

Will leave this port every two weeks alternately, touching at Havana for passengers going and returning.

THE STAR OF THE UNION will leave for New Orleans April 27, at 8 o'clock A. M., from the second wharf below Spruce street.

The JUNIATA will leave New Orleans for this port April 27.

Through bills of lading signed for freight to Mobile, Galveston, Natchez, Vicksburg, Memphis, Nashville, Cairo, St. Louis, Louisville, and Cincinnati.

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THE PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTHERN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S REGULAR SEMI-MONTHLY LINE FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

The steamship PIONEER, 812 tons, Captain J. Bennett, will leave for the above port on Saturday, April 27, at 8 o'clock A. M., from the second wharf below Spruce street.

Bills of lading signed at through and reduced rates to all principal points in North Carolina.

Agents at Wilmington, Worth & Daniel.

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STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING at Queenstown.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

RETURN TICKETS TO PARIS AND BACK, FIRST CLASS, $250 GOLD.

CITY OF BOSTON.....Saturday, April 20
EDINBURGH.....Wednesday, April 24
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....Saturday, April 27
CITY OF CORK.....Wednesday, May 1
CITY OF WASHINGTON.....Saturday, May 4

and each succeeding Saturday and Wednesday, at noon, from Pier No. 45, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday—

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
First Cabin	$110	Steerage	$3[illegible]
To London	115	To London	3[illegible]
To Paris	125	To Paris	[illegible]

Passage by the Wednesday steamers:—First Cabin, $110; Steerage, $30. Payable in United States currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, etc., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $[illegible] currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 111 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia.
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PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.

DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND, AND WALES.

For particulars apply to

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FOR NEW YORK.—SWIFTSURE Transportation Company Despatch and Swiftsure Lines, via Delaware and Raritan Canal, on and after the 15th of March, leaving daily at 12 M. and 5 P. M., connecting with all Northern and Eastern lines.

For freight, which will be taken upon accommodating terms, apply to

WILLIAM M. BAIRD & CO.,
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Consisting of the Group of Quails, Little Chickens, Duckling's, Victory, Winter Crowned Wren, Ruby Wren, Piper and Nut-Crackers, the Awakening, the Sisters, American Gem Landscapes, 15 kinds; Scripture Texts, Mottoes, etc.; Album and Sunday School Cards, Sea and Wood Mosses, Butterflies, Autumn Leaves, Roses, etc. etc. A splendid assortment for sale by

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All the New Books on hand as soon as issued.

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From the Vineyards of Sonoma, Los Angelos, and Wapa Counties, California, consisting of the following:

WINE BITTERS,
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These WINES are warranted to be the pure juice of the grape, unsurpassed by any in the market, and are highly recommended for Medicinal and Family purposes. For sale by

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Oysters and Meals at all hours.
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SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!

$1·00 PLAID SILKS.
CHEAP PLAID SILKS.
CHEAP PLAIN SILKS.
CHEAP FANCY SILKS.
CHECKED SILKS, $1·00 AND $1·12.
BARGAINS IN MOIRE ANTIQUE SILKS.
PLAIN SILKS, $1·25.
WIDE AND HEAVY BLACK SILKS FOR COATS, $2·50 PER YARD.

WHITE GOODS!

Fine White Brilliants, 25 cents.
Splendid Quality Brilliants, 28 and 31 cents.
Bargains in Nainsook Muslins.
Bargains in Piques.
Bargains in French Chintzes.
New Style Plaid Muslins.

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GRANITE POPLINS FOR SUITS.
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5000 Yards---100 Different Styles.

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All New Materials for Sackings constantly in Stock.

Cassimeres for Business Suits.
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Plain Linens for Boys.
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NEW GOODS,
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IN FACT,

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Is a good place to buy DRY GOODS, because you are sure to get the worth of your money, and always a large Stock to select from.

"ONE PRICE CASH STORE."
THE FIVE STORY WHITE BUILDING.
Established in 1853. [3 16 3msp

JOHN W. THOMAS,

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NOW OPEN, A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF

BEST BLACK SILKS,
CHENE SILKS,
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FIGURED GRENADINE, HERNANI,
FRENCH ORGANDIES AND LAWNS,
LARGE VARIETY OF GREY GOODS.

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GEORGE FRYER,

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Invites attention to his Elegant Stock of

REAL INDIA CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS,

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This Season's Importation. At moderate prices. Together with a choice selected stock of Silks, Shawls, and Dress Goods, which will be sold CHEAP. [4 18 3m

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POPULAR PRICES IN SILKS,
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CHECK SILKS

AT $1·00.

EDWIN HALL & CO.,

No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

OPENED THIS MORNING

A CASE OF

CHECK SILKS,

Measuring Full Twenty Inches Wide,

AT $1·00 PER YARD. [4 15 ths2t4p

FASHIONS FOR LADIES.

NOW OPEN

New Paris Cloaks and Mantillas,

WALKING SUITS

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COSTUMES DE VOYAGE,

For Ladies and Misses.

BLACK DRESS SILKS

FROM $2 TO $10

Lace Points and Rotondes.

OUR DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT,

Under the superintendence of accomplished modistes is NOW OPEN for the prompt execution of all orders entrusted to us.

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BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

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Opened This Morning, from Auction,

SEVERAL LOTS OF VERY CHEAP

DRESS GOODS,

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AT 25 AND 31 CENTS PER YARD.

NOVELTIES IN BLACK SILKS,

NOVELTIES IN CLOAKINGS,

NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS,

NOVELTIES IN WHITE GOODS,

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Nos. 4 and 6 North EIGHTH St.,

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TO THE LADIES.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING OUR SPRING SUPPLY OF

WHITE GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE:

NEW STYLE FRINGED LACE TIDIES,
NEW STYLE FRINGED APPLIQUE TIDIES,
NEW STYLE FRINGED CROCHET TIDIES,
ALLENCIENNES,
LACE MUSLINS,
TUCKED MUSLINS,
BRILLIANTE,
FRENCH MULL,
SOFT CAMBRICS,
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ORGANDIES,
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WHITE AND COLORED PIQUETS,
FRENCH PERCALES, MADAPOLAMS,

Together with a choice assortment of

COLLARS, CUFFS, SETS, WORKED EDGINGS, INSERTINGS, BANDS, LACES, CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.

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ALL AT THE PRESENT REDUCED PRICES.

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113 EPSTEIN & HAINES, 113½

NOS. 113 AND 113½ NORTH NINTH ST.,
ABOVE ARCH,
OF THE LATE FIRM OF

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Under our old motto never to be undersold, continue to offer the greatest Bargains since the panic of 1857.

SMALL STORE, SMALL RENT, SMALL PROFITS.

Will open on Monday, from the cash auction and Sheriff's sales of the past week—
3000 yards Fast Color Chintz, 12½c.
3000 " best Bleached Muslin, 12½c.
300 " " " " yard-wide, 12½@14c.
10 pieces best 5-4 Muslin, 23c.
10 " " 10-4 " 50c.
125 dozen all linen Towels, 12½c.
300 " " " Hdkfs., 12½c.
200 " " " Hdkfs., 12½c.
300 " yard-long all linen Towels, 18c.

WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS!

50 pieces soft finish Cambric, 20 to 50c.
50 pieces plain and plaid Nainsook, 25 to 65c.
20 pieces fine brilliant, 15 to 75c.
100 pieces white Pique, 45c. to $1.
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Also 1000 yards Jaconets, Cambrics, and Striped Muslins at Great Bargains.
10 pieces all-wool Flannel, 31 to 62c.

DRESS GOODS AT BARGAINS!!

50 pieces Dress Goods from 12½ to 37c.
50 pieces Lupin's all-wool Delaines, all colors, 37½c.
100 pieces Plaid Poplins, 37½c.; worth 62½c.
All colors of Plain Mohairs and Black Alpacas; also, double-width Wool Delaines, 31c. to $1·10.

HOSIERY CHEAP!! GLOVES LOW!!

5000 pair Best Kid Gloves $1·15, better than the Paysten Jouvin, selling on Eighth street at $1·25.
Gents' Half Hose, 12½, full regular made, 31c.
Ladies' Hose, 12½, full regular made, 45c.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES LOW.

Double width Cloths from 95c. to $2·00.
50 pieces all-wool Cassimeres, 65c. to $1·25.
100 dozen Shirt Fronts, all linen, 18 to 75c.
10 pieces Table Linen, 47c to $1·10.
10 pieces fine Melton Cloth, 65c.

ALL THE LEADING MAKES OF MUSLINS, AT THE LOWEST COMPETITION PRICES.

Williamsville, Wamsutta, Forestdale, and Whitney; 10-4 Utica, 85c.
Warranted genuine Williamsville, 28c.
50 pieces Shirting Linen, 37½ to $1.
Also, a general assortment of Dry Goods 10 per cent. cheaper than the cheapest. All we ask is a call. One price only. All goods marked in plain figures.

EPSTEIN & HAINES,

Nos. 113, 113½ N. NINTH Street,
Above Arch.
1t Price & Wood's Old Stand.

OPENING SPRING SILKS.

HANDSOME PLAID SILKS, AT 75 CENTS PER YARD.

PLAID SILK, AT $1·00.

PLAID SILK, $1·25 AND $1·50.

BLACK SILK FOR SACQUES, YARD WIDE, $2·25.

BLACK SILK FOR WALKING SUITS, AT $2 75 AND $3·00.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT BLACK SILK FROM AUCTION.

DRESS GOODS IN EVERY VARIETY, ALL THE NEW STYLES.

MARSEILLES COUNTERPANES, FINE QUALITY, AT $3·00.

BALMORALS, FROM $1·15 TO $3·00.

HOOP SKIRTS, MADE EXPRESSLY FOR OUR TRADE, VERY LOW.

BEST 10-4 SHEETING, AT 50 CENTS.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, FULL STOCK, AT PRICES BELOW COMPETITION.

M'CURDY & DUNKLE,

1t NO. 140 NORTH EIGHTH STREET.

EVANS & PHIPPS,

N. W. CORNER TENTH AND ARCH STS.,

Will open on Monday morning, a large invoice of the most desirable Goods yet offered.

LADIES' CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

New and beautiful Spring styles, Plain and Fancy at reduced prices.

CHEAP AND BEAUTIFUL DRESS GOODS.

Some splendid styles at extensively low prices, ranging from 12½ cents to $2 per yard.
1 case all-wool Delaines, choice colors, 37½c.
1 case all-wool, double width, fine quality, 75 cents, worth $1.
Mohairs of rich shades, from 48 cents up.
Chenes for travelling Dresses, 37½ cents up.
Piques, Plain and Figured, very cheap.
Plain and Striped Nainsooks, Swiss Muslins, Cambrics, and large assortment of White Goods, at prices we know will please you.

LINEN GOODS THAT SELL FAST.

Figured and Striped Linens, very cheap.
100 dozen fine Damask, only 37½ cents.
1 case Towels, rare chance, 12½ cents.
Marseilles and Honey Comb Quilts, Flannels, and all the leading makes of Muslins at the very lowest cash prices.

EVANS & PHIPPS,

N. W. CORNER TENTH AND ARCH STS.

P. S.—Another lot of those fine quality Kid Gloves, elegant colors. Come soon, and get your favorite colors. 3 9 st

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GRANITE POPLINS! GRANITE POPLINS!

Attractive and Scarce Goods!

WE OFFER THIS MORNING,

2000 YARDS GRANITE POPLINS, FOR SUITS.
1500 YARDS MELANGE POPLINS, CHOICE SHADES.
800 YARDS DOUBLE AND SINGLE WIDTH PONGEE.
375 YARDS SULTANA CLOTHS, SCARCE AND DESIRABLE.
450 YARDS CRAPE POPLINS, CHEAP, 75 CENTS.

STOKES & WOOD'S,

3 9st] NO. 702 ARCH STREET.

PLAID ORGANDIE SWISS.—Will open to-day, a small lot at 25 cents a yard.

ELEGANT STRIPED MUSLINS, FOR DRESSES.

Will open to-day, a large lot of beautiful showy Stripes, with figure, 38 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard; have been wholesaled at 80 cents a yard.

EMBROIDERED BANDS.

Will open to-day, a large job lot of narrow Embroidered Bands, to match the recent lot of wider Bands, the two yards for the usual price of one yard, having been purchased at a discount of 50 per cent. off

EXTRA TWIST NET.

Just received a superior lot of superfine Extra Twist Brussels Net, a yard wide, at a reduced price.

GRENADINE VEILS.

Best quality imported, great variety of colors, at 25 cents a Veil. Please notice that this Veil is Grenadine, not Gauze, and the best quality imported. At

WORNE'S
LACE AND EMBROIDERY STORE,
1t No. 38 North EIGHTH Street.

CHEAP DRY GOODS, CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, AND WINDOW SHADES.

V. E. ARCHAMBAULT,

N. E. Corner ELEVENTH and MARKET Streets, opened this morning, from auction—Ingrain Carpets, all wool, at 75c., 87c., $1, $1·25, $1·37 and $1·60. Ingrain Carpets, wool filling, 40c., 50c., and 62c. English Tapestry Brussels Carpets, only $1·75. Entry and Stair Carpets, 25c. to 75c. Rag Carpets, 45c. to 75c. Hemp Carpets, 35c. to 62c. Floor Oil Cloths, 60c. Window Shades, $1 to $3. Plain Window Holland, 50c. White Matting, 37c. to 50c. Red Matting, 40c. to 50c. Woollen Druggets, $1 to $1·90. Stair Oil Cloths, 25c. Spring Chintzes, 12c. to 20c. De Laines, 25c. Muslins, 11c. to 25c.

CHEAP STORE, [2 19 6m
N. E. Corner ELEVENTH and MARKET Streets.

W.H. GROVE. DESKS. OFFICE TABLES. 111 NTH 4TH ST.

WRITTEN AND VERBAL DESCRIPTIONS of Character, with Advice on Business, Health, Education, etc. given daily, by
2 14tuthsBmrp] J. L. CAPEN,
at No. 722 CHESNUT Street.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

JUST OPENED

AN INVOICE OF

FINE ENGLISH

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

CLARK & BIDDLE,

No. 712 CHESNUT Street,

4 13 smw2mrp PHILADELPHIA.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!

GOLD WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
DIAMOND RINGS,
SOLID SILVER-WARE AND FINE CLOCKS,
Of all styles and patterns, and all to be
SOLD AT

FIVE CENTS EACH.

As the undersigned is giving up the retail business, after being twenty years in the trade, and as thousands of my customers know that I have one of the largest and best stocks of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY IN THE CITY.

SALE TO COMMENCE THIS MORNING,

April 8, 1867, and be continued EVERY DAY and EVENING until all is sold out, at FIVE CENTS EACH. The public in general are invited to come and see for themselves the Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Silver-Ware, Diamonds, and all the different styles of goods going at FIVE CENTS each.

H. MULLIGAN,
NO. 552 NORTH SECOND STREET,
4 17 6t*rp PHILADELPHIA.

MEAD & CO.,

No. 910 CHESNUT STREET,

SECOND FLOOR.

Have just finished several NEW STYLES OF TEA SETS, and are now offering them at lowest prices.

TEA SETS, 6 PIECES, PLAIN......$24 TO $30
TEA SETS, 6 PIECES, CHASED..........$25
TEA SETS, 6 PIECES, CHASED..........$27
TEA SETS, 6 PIECES, CHASED..........$30
TEA SETS, 6 PIECES, VERY RICH........$33
TEA SETS, 6 PIECES, VERY RICH........$35

MEAD & CO.
ARE NOW AT
NO. 910 CHESNUT ST., SECOND FLOOR.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR WARE.
MEAD & CO., Manufacturers,
4 4 3mrp] NO. 910 CHESNUT STREET.

HATS AND CAPS.

PARK H. CASSADY,

HAT AND CAP

EMPORIUM,

No. 253 North EIGHTH St.

HATS sold at this establishment, are manufactured under the superintendence of

1t ALVIN F. THAYER.

LARGE SALE

OF

VALUABLE COTTON AND WOOLLEN MACHINERY,

NEW STEAM ENGINE, ETC.

ON TUESDAY MORNING APRIL 30,
AT 10 O'CLOCK

At the Mill recently occupied by the late James Wilde, situated in Upper Darby, near Kelleyville, on the Media Railroad, 6 miles from Philadelphia,

WILL BE SOLD

All the VALUABLE COTTON AND WOOLLEN MACHINERY, including a new 60-horse Corliss Steam Engine, Tubular Boilers, with Shafting, Steam Pipes, Belting, Bobbins, Reeds, Heddles, Dye Tubs Fixtures, etc. etc.

The Machinery will be sold in lots.

Catalogues will be ready for delivery on and after the 16th inst., at the Auction Store.

THOMAS BIRCH & SON,
AUCTIONEERS,
NO. 1110 CHESNUT STREET.
4 13,16,18,20,23,25,27,29

BLANK BOOKS,

OF THE BEST QUALITY,

ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER.

COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERY.

R. HOSKINS & CO.,

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,

STATIONERS AND PRINTERS,

2 1 tuths6mrp NO. 913 ARCH STREET

BAUGH'S RAW BONE

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

The great Fertilizer for all crops. Quick in its action, and permanent in its effects. Established over twelve years.

Dealers supplied by the cargo, direct from the wharf of the manufactory, on liberal terms.

Manufactured only by BAUGH & SONS,
Office No. 20 South DELAWARE Avenue,
3 6mw]rp Philadelphia.

CARPETINGS.

1867. SPRING. 1867.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

904

CHESNUT STREET

PHILADELPHIA.

OPENING

OF

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

NEW CARPETINGS.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE.

100 PIECES

YARD AND A HALF WIDE

VELVETS.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE.

1000 PIECES

JOHN CROSSLEY & SONS'

ENGLISH TAPESTRY CARPETS

AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE.

500 PIECES

BEST MAKES

ENGLISH BRUSSELS.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS

FOR

HALLS AND STAIRS, WITH EXTRA BORDERS.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE.

CHOICE DESIGNS

FRENCH CHENILLE CARPETS.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE.

250 PIECES

English Royal Wilton Carpets.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE.

50 SHEETS

EXTRA QUALITY

ENGLISH OIL CLOTHS

J. F. & E. B. ORNE

904

CHESNUT STREET

100 PIECES

NEW CANTON MATTINGS,

WHITE,
RED,
CHECKED, and
FANCY,
3 16 stuth3m4p]
ALL WIDTHS.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

DISTRICT COURT—Judge Sharswood.—This Court sat to-day to resume the trial of the case of Ezra K. Conklin vs. Theodore Adams. It will be remembered that this is an action to recover damages for deceit alleged to have been practised by defendant upon plaintiff. The defendant was one of the firm of Adams & Levis, brokers, in Chesnut street, above Third. He also was a Government contracter, and he obtained a contract for building 400 miles of telegraph. He told Mr. Conklin of this, and, saying he could not attend to this and his interest in the firm of Adams & Levis, he offered to sell that interest to Mr. Conklin. He held out to that gentleman that the firm was worth $200,000, and his interest well worth $100,000, in securities and outstanding debts against many of the best moneyed men in the city. Mr. Conklin bought this interest, paying $65,000 in whisky, $15,000 in cash, and $20,000 in stocks. But when he attempted to recover his money by settling these claims against "the best men in the city," he discovered that some of them did not know the firm of Adams & Levis, some had had no dealings with it, and to others this firm was indebted—so that altogether he recovered only about $25,000. And it is alleged that defendant knew these statements to be false when he made them.

The defense alleged that when Mr. Adams went into the firm of Adams & Levis, he placed in the concern $100,000 in cash. Mr. Levis attended to all the business of the firm, and Mr. Adams knew nothing whatever of the standing of the books, except what he heard from Mr. Levis. Mr. Adams had intended to leave the city and take up the contract of building telegraph lines, and he wished to close up his interest in this firm. Mr. Conklin had frequently done business for Mr. Levis, and he really knew more about the business of a broker, particularly that of Adams Levis, than Mr. Adams did. Mr. Levis and a gentleman named Haines talked to Mr. Conklin about the matter, and the latter concluded to buy. Mr. Adams knew that he had put $100,000 in cash in the firm; he thought it was still there, and was astonished to hear that Mr. Conklin had failed to see it. He made no other statement than that he had placed $100,000 in the firm, and still had that interest. Mr. Conklin bought, paying $15,000 in cash that was taken from the firm, and which Mr. Adams had put there, $20,000 in stocks, also taken from the firm, and the balance of $65,000 in liquor. Mr. Conklin knew how the matter stood when he bought, and Mr. Adams did not know. On trial, John C. Bullitt and George Junkin, Esqs., for plaintiff; Thomas Elcock and George Earl, Esqs., for defendant.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Brewster.—Miscellaneous business was before the Court to-day.

The Court of Oyer and Terminer will meet to try homicide cases on Monday, April 29, 1867, and the following cases will be called:—Commonwealth vs. Oscar Crozier; Commonwealth vs. Kerr and McCormick; Commonwealth vs. Ellenger; Commonwealth vs. Baker; Commonwealth vs. Leis; Commonwealth vs. Toohill.

Lewis Smith, who pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny, was sentenced to six months in County Prison.

Edward W. Masson, convicted of a charge of carrying concealed deadly weapons, was sentenced to pay a fine of $100, to undergo an imprisonment of one year in County Prison, and to enter security in $5000 to keep the peace, especially towards Edward B. Edwards.

In the case of the young sailor, Montgomery, who pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny, upon application of his counsel, Leonard Fletcher, Esq., his sentence was suspended, and he was given another opportunity to reform.

Joseph H. Hartley, convicted of a charge of bigamy, was sentenced to the County Prison for one year.

William R. Warner, convicted of a charge of embezzlement, was sentenced to the County Prison for one year.

This defendant was convicted at the February term of the Court, and was then allowed to enter $3000 bail for his appearance at Court for sentence. When the day for sentence arrived Wagner could not be found. Officer William R. Thomas, of this Court, was sent to Richmond, Ind., where he had gone, and, without any difficulty, brought him back on the 14th of this month.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Judge Cadwalader—In this Court this morning a case of peculiar interest to the public was before the Court. The facts were as follows:—A few days ago a revenue officer seized upon the store of the firm of Mack & Beatty, commission merchants, and stated that his reason for so doing was to make an investigation of their stock. It seems that this seizure was not immediately communicated to the United States authorities in this city; and this morning the firm of Mack & Beatty, through their counsel, made application to the Court for leave to have their stock libeled and released. Judge Cadwalader granted the application, saying that it was the duty of the acting officer to communicate such a seizure to the judicial authorities immediately after the fact, and recommending the course of conduct pursued by the applicants to all citizens similarly circumstanced.

GLEN ECHO MILLS,

GERMANTOWN, PHILADELPHIA.

McCALLUMS, CREASE & SLOAN,

No. 509 CHESNUT STREET.

MANUFACTURERS OF

THREE-PLY CARPETINGS,
EXTRA SUPER INGRAIN
SUPERFINE INGRAIN,
FINE INGRAIN,
TWILLED AND PLAIN VENETIAN,
RUGS, MATS, ETC.

CANTON MATTINGS,

FRESH IMPORTATIONS,

All Widths and Styles.

M'CALLUMS, CREASE & SLOAN,

No. 509 CHESNUT STREET.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

No. 519 CHESNUT STREET.

McCALLUMS, CREASE & SLOAN.

STEAM CARPET CLEANING ESTABLISHMENT,

NO. 611 S. SEVENTEENTH STREET.

The best CARPET CLEANER in use.
All orders promptly attended to.
4 8 1m*4p JOSEPH WILSON, Proprietor.

WOOD & CARY,

No. 725 CHESNUT Street,

OPEN DAILY

NEW STYLES FANCY BONNETS,
LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS.
NOVELTIES IN
FRENCH FLOWERS,
MARIBEAU FLOWERS,
BRONZE FLOWERS.
BONNET FRAMES,
SILKS, RIBBONS, CRAPES,
ORNAMENTS, FRINGES, ETC.
STRAW BONNETS,
ENGLISH HATS,
MOURNING BONNETS.

WOOD & CARY,
3 26 2m] NO. 725 CHESNUT STREET.

GARFIELD'S

SUPERIOR CIDER VINEGAR

Warranted free from all POISONOUS ACIDS.
For sale by all Grocers, and by the Sole Agents,

PAUL & FERGUSON,
4 19 3m8p] NO. 18 NORTH WATER ST.